

MORE LIGHTS ARE WANTED

Petitions From Residents in Different Parts of City, Referred to Committee—Other Council Doings.

The November meeting of the common council was held last evening, with all members present except Ash and Neseman. A petition signed by Frank Stockley and other South Side residents, asking that an electric light be placed at the intersection of Elk and Park streets, was presented and referred to the lighting committee, as was also a petition from Rev. Wilson Mallory and other residents of the Third ward asking for lights at the corner of Ellis and Fremont streets and at the corner of Clark and Illinois avenue, and another from Mrs. A. B. Dwinell and 24 other residents of the Sixth ward, asking for a light on Church street, at the intersection of Rice street. E. W. Sellers petitioned to have the Clark street sewer, which is laid as far as Fremont street, extended across the latter thoroughfare so that he can connect his three tenement houses therewith. The petition was granted and the work ordered done at once.

An ordinance amending section 135 of the ordinances of the city, by inserting the words "The Arcade Theatre," so that the said theatre will pay an annual license of \$1 per annum, the same as now paid by the Grand Opera House and the Ideal theatre management, was read and adopted. City Attorney Owen presented an opinion to the effect that Mercy Hospital is entitled to receive the amount of its claim, \$92, for the care of Peter Majurus, a young man who was taken ill while attending the Normal school one year ago and was cared for at that institution for several weeks. This bill, Mr. Owen stated, after payment, should be collected from Portage county and in turn the county must look for payment to the town or county where the young man came from. Majurus came here from the western part of the state to attend the Normal, and worked at the Badger Drug Co. store and other places when not in school to secure money with which to meet his expenses. After becoming ill, he was taken to the hospital, where an operation was performed and he was treated for several weeks.

As to the extension of Fifth avenue, as asked for by residents of the Fourth ward, the board of public works reported that in order to make the said extension it would be necessary to cross property owned by two parties, a distance of 375 feet. One party owns 202 feet in length by 50 feet in width and asks \$300 for the same, while the other property owner is out of the city. They would, therefore, recommend that the prayer of the petitioners be denied. The report was accepted and placed on file for future reference.

Municipal Judge Murat presented his report for the quarter ending Sept. 30th, showing that fines to the amount of \$75 had been collected by him and that sum turned over to the city treasurer.

The public school budget, reported to the council by F. J. Blood, clerk of the board of education, amounting to \$40,000, was accepted and ordered placed on the tax roll.

Gus Spindler made an application to rent the poor farm for the coming year at \$25 per annum, and Robt. Sparks offered \$30. Both were referred to a committee consisting of Ald. Schenk, Pagel and Gee and the clerk, with power to act.

Dr. von Neupert, city health officer, presented a communication saying that on account of the change in law as to registration of births, marriages and deaths, of which he is obliged to keep a complete record, it will be necessary to have a proper filing cabinet for that purpose, and the matter was referred to the committee on city affairs to report. The doctor also stated that the sanitary condition at engine house No. 1 is very bad and the water closet on the outside is a menace to the neighborhood. He would recommend that connection be made with the sewer and that other proper improvements be made at once. This was referred to the committee on city buildings, with power to act, all voting in favor except Ald. Eddy and Langosky.

Casper Weisbrod, who has made Stevens Point his home for the past 30 or 40 years, a part of which time he had been a city charge, is now desirous of returning to Germany, where he had a life lease of an estate owned by his ancestors, but in order to do so it will be necessary for the city or someone to pay his traveling expenses. Casper is now 70 years of age and is a character who is known to nearly everyone in the city. His petition was referred to the city attorney and clerk to investigate and report at the next meeting.

Ald. Polebitski stated that some of the residents on Washington street in the Fourth ward are of the opinion that that street is not properly surveyed and asked that steps be taken to investigate and make proper corrections if such are necessary. This matter was referred to the street commissioner. Ald. Langosky asked the clerk if he had notified the Water Co. relative to laying the water main on Fifth avenue, as ordered by the council some time ago. To this the clerk replied that before he could make the necessary notification for the Water Co. to act, the council would be obliged to pass an ordinance ordering the extension, and this had not been done. The council then adjourned.

Made Quick Time.

John R. Arpin, W. A. Drumb, Geo. N. and Guy R. Wood and Joseph Zawaba, of Grand Rapids, spent a short time here last Saturday, coming over in the first named gentleman's 40 horsepower touring car. The 22 miles were covered in 50 minutes, but where the roads were the best, the machine was run from 35 to 40 miles per hour.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Schantz, of Fond du Lac, have been in the city for the past few days, called here by the serious illness of his father, Jos. Schantz, who received a stroke of paralysis at about 9 o'clock last Friday evening, affecting his right side. Mr. Schantz is the well known flagman at the foot of Clark street, and is about 60 years of age. He retired early on Friday evening, as is his custom, and shortly thereafter was stricken as above stated. The Drs. von Neupert were hastily summoned, and have since been attending Mr. Schantz, who is slowly improving, although his speech is affected, as well as the entire right side, and it will be some time before he will be able to resume his duties.

TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS

Stevens Point Postoffice Receipts for October Are Largest in Its History—Total of \$1,976.63.

The prosperity of a city can usually be gauged by the receipts of its local postoffice. In this connection we are pleased to announce that the cash receipts of the Stevens Point office for the month of October, 1907, broke all previous records by a sum exceeding \$250. During the thirty-one days of last month there was paid for stamps, postal cards and stamped envelopes the sum of \$1,875.78; for newspapers forwarded at pound rates, \$40.95, and for postoffice box rent, \$59.90, making a grand total of \$1,976.63. Adding this latter sum by twelve, the years' receipts would amount to \$23,719.56.

When free delivery was established here a few years ago, it was only by the utmost efforts of the postmaster and a number of other business men that the annual receipts were boosted to the required minimum of \$10,000.

Everything in Proportion.

Many of our city readers and readers elsewhere will remember C. D. Morgan, whose wife and daughter spent a part of the summer, visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. C. Heil, corner of Ellis and Pine streets. They are now residing at Sacramento, Cal., where Mr. Morgan is interested with a real estate firm. A pleasant letter was received from him a few days ago, and among other things he says: "Business of all kinds has been exceptionally good here and we hope to avert the slump that is now threatening the east. Wages are very high and labor in good demand. But the cost of living has proportionately increased. I quote a few items in the commissary department: Eggs, 50 cents per dozen; meat 18 to 35 cents per lb.; potatoes, \$1.75 to \$3 per sack; onions, 5 cents per pound, and everything else in proportion. Hod carriers get \$4 per day, carpenters from \$5 to \$6, and masons from \$7 to \$8."

THE SEASON'S LUMBER CUT.

Low Condition of Streams During Summer, Effects Cut of Saw Mills Here and Elsewhere.

The last of the three saw mills in the city to close down, was that of the Week Lumber Co., which sawed up all the logs it had on hand last Monday afternoon. There are, however, a large quantity of logs hung up in the streams tributary to the Wisconsin, belonging to the mill owners of the city, that could not be brought down this season owing to the low condition of the waters. The Clifford Lumber Co. mill finished its season's cut and shut down about ten days ago, while the W. W. Mitchell mill has not been running for some weeks, and is being rebuilt throughout, the old structure having been torn down and the work of driving spiles preparatory to putting in a substantial and safe foundation, will be commenced this week. The mill will contain the machinery heretofore used, but the structure itself will be what is known as a two story saw mill, elevated several feet above the ground, modern, commodious and up-to-date. The class of lumber sawed by the mills of the city this season is the same as in the past, consisting of pine, hemlock and hardwood, and the total cut of the three mills, which would have been much larger had not the mills been shut down for some time during the summer because of the impossibility to get logs to the mills on account of the low water, is approximately placed as follows:

Week Lumber Co.	7,000,000
Clifford Lumber Co.	5,000,000
W. W. Mitchell	1,000,000

Second Victim of Explosion.

Mary, the two year old baby daughter of John Kitowski, of Carson, died at Mercy hospital last Monday evening and was buried from St. Peter's church at 8 o'clock this morning, followed by interment in the parish cemetery. Rev. T. Luzowski, of Mill Creek, officiating at the church and grave. Little Mary was the youngest of the four children injured in the dynamite explosion at the Kitowski home near Junction City, last week Tuesday, when the mother was instantly killed. Besides a number of minor injuries, the baby was struck near the temple by a fragment of the kitchen stove, which latter was blown to atoms. It is very likely that her skull was fractured. Under all the circumstances, her death may be looked upon as a blessing.

Helen and Regina Kitowski, aged 14 and 1 years, respectively, will undoubtedly lose the sight of their left eyes as the result of the terrible explosion. For a few days Dr. Alcorn had strong hopes of saving the sight, but at present the chances seem very remote. The girls' right eyes are not affected. One of the sons of Mr. Kitowski was brought to the hospital a few days ago, suffering from stomach trouble, but is now recovering.

SUICIDE WHILE INSANE

Mrs. Carrie Nahlen, a Former Well Known Resident of This City, Ends Her Life in Chicago.

Last Thursday morning's Chicago papers brought the sad announcement of the death of Mrs. Carrie Nahlen, a former Stevens Point lady, which occurred at 828 West 64th street in that city. Mrs. Nahlen was found dead in a gas filled room at her home when her son, Arthur, returned from his work Tuesday evening, she having taken her own life by opening a gas jet after locking all the doors and closing the windows while insane. Beside the body of Mrs. Nahlen was found her black and tan pet dog, which also had been overcome by the fumes. A letter received by Wm. P. Gray, a cousin of Mrs. Nahlen, from the latter's sister, Mrs. Belle O'Meara, of Chicago, and which was written last Friday, brings additional details of the sad event. The doctors and others who investigated the case were firmly convinced that Mrs. Nahlen was not in her right mind when she committed the deed and everything went to show that it was done on the impulse of the moment. Mrs. O'Meara says she was expecting her sister to visit her that day and waited all the afternoon for her appearance. Her neighbors saw her about the house in the forenoon and at the noon hour she was engaged in sewing some doll clothes for the children who live on the upper floor of the flat. She evidently started to get ready to go to her sister's house, having combed her hair and made other preparations, but apparently immediately thereafter went into her son's room, turned on the gas, got into bed, pulled the covers up and lay on her right side with her hand under her chin, in which position she was found by her son when he came home from work at about 7 o'clock. Mrs. Nahlen had been dead for two or three hours when her son reached home. He smelled the gas as soon as he opened the front door, and went directly to his room, where he found the body of his mother. Quickly turning off the gas, he started up stairs to notify the neighbors, but fell on the stairs in a faint.

The verdict of the jury was that Mrs. Nahlen came to her death by suicide while mentally unbalanced. The body was taken to Davenport, Iowa, the old home, where it was buried by the side of her father, mother and baby, who died years ago. Mrs. Nahlen had suffered for years with terrible headaches, in fact at intervals throughout her entire life, and she often remarked that she was afraid that her mind would leave her and had a mortal fear of insane asylums and other like institutions.

Mrs. Nahlen came to Stevens Point to live with her aunt, Mrs. Thos. Gray, some 16 or 17 years ago, having previously been deserted by her husband, who was a worthless individual. He came here about 12 years ago and remained about one year, when he left again and has not been heard from since, although it is thought that he was in Stevens Point for a few days some three or four years ago. After the death of Mrs. Gray, in the early summer, Mrs. Nahlen, accompanied by her son, Arthur, went to Chicago to reside, the son securing a good position with the Armour Packing Co. Her sister writes that she often expressed a wish to come back to Stevens Point, and then when her son would tell her she should do so, she would change her mind. He frequently asked her to come here on a visit, but without avail. During the last month of her life she had been very gloomy and cried a great deal. She told her sister she couldn't stop crying and that there was a dark cloud hanging over her and everything was dark before her. She could not explain it and was afraid to be alone. It was decided, therefore, to store her household goods and to have Mrs. Nahlen and her son live at the home of Mrs. O'Meara during the winter, with which she seemed pleased. Her sister was at her home until 10:30 o'clock the night before and they walked part way between the two houses together, parting with the promise that Mrs. Nahlen would visit Mrs. O'Meara the next day.

The late Mrs. Gray had been a mother to Mrs. Nahlen for many years and the death of the former was a hard blow to her. Her physician says that if she had lived she would have been permanently insane.

Funeral services were held at the Catholic church at Englewood on Friday and the remains taken to Davenport, where the interment took place on Saturday. Mrs. Nahlen was about 44 years of age, and was a very worthy, kind and true-hearted lady, much admired by all who knew her. Her son will continue to make Chicago his home.

Two Double Weddings.

Rev. J. L. Pescinski, pastor of St. Peter's church, officiated at two double weddings this week. At 8 o'clock Monday morning he united in marriage Joseph Pliszka of Hull to Miss Katherine Kwiatkowski of this city, and Clemence Zelewski to Miss Genevieve Kotecki, both of Hull township. Yesterday morning at the same hour occurred the marriage of Leo Gola to Miss Josephine Przybylski, both of Hull, and Casimir Kobaczynski to Miss Julia Sikorska, the latter couple being residents of this city.

Received Invitations.

Some of our local Democrats have received invitations from H. H. Manson, of Wausau, chairman of the Democratic state central committee, to attend the banquet that will be tendered to Hon. W. J. Bryan, in that city, next Wednesday evening. It will be held at the Elks Hall, Wausau, at 5 o'clock. Hon. John A. Aylward, Democratic candidate for governor last fall, will be among the honored guests.

PROTECT HOME DEALERS

An Association for Mutual Interests Being Organized Among Our Business Men and Farmers.

W. Broker, of Milwaukee, who has been in the city for several days securing a list of members for a Home Protective Association, has enrolled a number of our active business and professional men, and will later make a canvass of the farming districts. The object of this organization is primarily to combat the influence of the so-called mail order houses, many of which sell an inferior quality of goods at prices that appear to be cheap. It is proposed to hold a number of public meetings in this city within the next few months, when addresses will be made by local speakers and others from different parts of the state. Congressman Davidson, who is heartily in sympathy with the aims of the association, may be able to come here the latter part of this month.

In this connection an editorial published in the October issue of the *Jobber and Retailer*, a Milwaukee publication, will prove interesting reading:

Birds of a feather flock together is an old saying that appears to have a modern application. Associations are the order of the day in the business world. There are associations of hardware men, furniture men, retail grocers and general merchants, lumbermen and jewelers. All have been formed primarily to abolish abuses and promote the welfare of one particular branch of trade. But there are certain lines of competition which affect them all, especially the catalog house and the premium giving concerns, the latter better known as soap clubs and clubs of ten. When a person joins a soap club his choice of premiums includes groceries, clothing, furs, boots and shoes, hardware, furniture, jewelry, musical instruments, and many other necessities or luxuries, and it must be admitted by every person who has looked over the catalog of such a concern that there is not a single branch of the retail business that is not affected in greater or less degree. We pick up a paper and read an account of what the retail furniture men are doing to stop this competition; perhaps in another column we learn that the grocers or hardware men have found a remedy; or the jewelers are getting ready to do something. But if these evils are to be done away with, why don't all these associations co-operate? They are fighting a common enemy; the interests of all are at stake, but they are making ground slowly because they have no concentrated plan of campaign. The advantage is all on their side; they have the most money, the most men, the best position. Working together under intelligent leadership, they could terminate in a comparatively short time a fight which, if present methods are followed, will take years to terminate. If it is considered best that various branches of trade shall be represented in district organizations, then these bodies in every community should work together. They should do their best to convert the consumer; get him into their meetings instead of ignoring him, for he is interested as well as they. The fight centers around the consumer. It is his patronage that both sides in this contest are after, and the one that shows him the greater consideration and respect in a business way is the more likely to secure his trade. This fight between good and bad business is one in which the consumer holds the balance of power.

Given a Farewell Surprise.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Riley, of Lanark, who moved to the city last Saturday, were given a most cordial farewell surprise by between thirty and forty of their old friends and neighbors before their departure, the night before. The company assembled at a stated place and arrived at the Riley homestead at about 9 o'clock, just as the family were preparing to retire, and in fact after some of the members had already done so. They came loaded with refreshments, ready for a good time, and this was had until after the midnight hour, when the company dispersed, with well wishes for Mr. and Mrs. Riley and family in their new home in the county metropolis. Chas. Heaney, a brother of Mrs. Riley, has leased the farm, having already taken possession. The Riley family occupy the Mrs. Wallace residence on Normal avenue.

Pedagogs Bound for Milwaukee.

The Wisconsin State Teachers' Association opens in Milwaukee tomorrow for a three days' session. The local public and Normal schools will be well represented, a list of nine from the latter institution being mentioned in our Normal notes, and among the city teachers who expect to attend are Supt. Davis, all the High school faculty, Misses Lillian and Grace Arnott, Miss Seibert, Mr. McComb, Misses Robertson, Merle Raymond, Carrie and Grace Skinner.

The High school will be closed Thursday and Friday, as will also those rooms or grades in the ward buildings from which the instructors will be absent.

Will be Married in Tennessee.

Mrs. Louise M. Clark announces the engagement of her daughter, Edith Louise, and Mr. J. M. Towler, the wedding to be solemnized on the evening of Tuesday, November 19th, at 9 o'clock, at St. Peter's church. No cards.

The above paragraph is taken from Maury Democrat, published at Columbia, Tenn. Mrs. Clark will be well remembered here as Miss Louise McCulloch, elder daughter of the late H. D. McCulloch. She now fills an important position in a seminary at Columbia. That Edith Louise's married life may be a happy one, her mother's many friends at the old northern home sincerely hope and trust.

Knights Will Entertain.

The local council, Knights of Columbus, will entertain and be entertained several times during the next few months. On Monday evening, the 25th inst., a banquet will be given to the members and candidates for initiation, together with their ladies at Rothman's hall, when toasts will be responded to by Rev. J. E. Meagher, of Lanark, Rev. Father Mortell, of Waupaca, Dr. Edward Rice, of Kewaunee, Rev. W. J. Rice, D. I. Sicklesteel, C. H. Cashin and other local talent. It is also expected that Judge W. J. Conway, of Grand Rapids, D. H. Grady, of Portage, and Dist. Atty. Regner, of Wausau, will be among the speakers. The banquet will be followed by a social hour, in which those who wish may join.

Sometime in December, Rev. F. X. Barth, of Stephenson, Mich., an eloquent speaker, will deliver an address before the members of the local council, and on the 21st of January, Prof. Monaghan, of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., will speak here, both gentlemen coming under the auspices of the State Council.

OLD COUPLE INJURED.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Harvey, of Lanark, Struck by Passenger Train at Sheridan Tuesday Forenoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Harvey, who reside on Madison street, were called to Sheridan yesterday noon by a telegram announcing the fact that his aged parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chris Harvey, of the town of Lanark, had been struck by east bound train No. 6, at about 11 o'clock that forenoon, when both were badly injured. Just how the accident happened has not been definitely learned, but it is supposed that they were crossing the track in their wagon, and as both are very old, Mr. Harvey being upwards of 80 years of age, they did not hear the approaching train, which caught them before they could pass over. Mr. Harvey was so seriously injured that he was placed aboard the train and taken to Oshkosh and placed in the hospital there for treatment. Mrs. Harvey, however, seems to have escaped more fortunately, although she is said to be in quite a serious condition, and is being cared for at Sheridan.

Deer Hunters Depart.

A party of hunters consisting of F. A. Wood, Fred Young and Dr. M. Casey, of Almond, and W. T. Eger, of Hancock, spent last night in the city while on their way to Park Falls, where they will commence slaying deer as soon as the season opens, on the 11th inst. They were accompanied here by Gerd Clark, of Almond, who was on his way to northern Minnesota to visit his nephews, and may remain there for several months. The gentlemen above mentioned are all experienced hunters, and when a deer comes within forty rods or more of their deadly aim, there will be something doing. The purpose is to get on the ground early, secure good quarters and then give the fleet-footed deer a lively reception. Mr. Young is known in the southern part of the county as the "cyclone dodger," having successfully dodged or ran out of the path that struck the northern part of the town of Almond, four years ago last month, and if his party should accidentally run short on powder and shells, he would give a deer something to think about in a sprinting match through the northern woods.

DIES SUDDENLY AT DENVER

W. J. Olds, Son-in-Law of Mrs. George W. Bailey, Expires in Colorado City—Left Here 12 Years Ago.

Mrs. Geo. W. Bailey left here this morning for Denver, Col., in response to a message announcing the death of her son-in-law, W. J. Olds, who passed away in that city last Monday morning at five o'clock. He was taken with pneumonia the Tuesday before and letters received since that time stated that his condition was very favorable, and therefore the announcement of his death was a great shock to the relatives here. Mr. Olds was 47 years of age. Seventeen years ago last May he was married in this city to Miss Florette Bailey, the oldest daughter of the late Geo. W. and Mrs. Bailey, and they continued to make Stevens Point their home until 12 years ago last fall. The marriage was performed by Rev. R. H. (now Bishop) Weller. During most of the time that Mr. Olds lived in Stevens Point he filled the position of foreman at R. A. Cook's machine shops and at the time of his death he was assistant superintendent in a big shop at Denver. Mr. Cook speaks of him as an extraordinary good mechanic and an excellent gentleman in every respect. Mr. Olds is survived by his wife, they having no children.

Were Out in Large Numbers.

The boys and girls of Stevens Point were out in large numbers last Thursday evening, it being Halloween, and the weather was also very pleasant. The younger generation could be seen scurrying about the streets in all parts of the city, and while most of them were bent on innocent amusement, others were less particular and several fences were torn down, walks torn up, outhouses overturned and other unnecessary and mischievous acts committed. In some instances these acts will be a source of considerable expense to the property owners, and no doubt if this had been taken into consideration by the thoughtless youngsters, they would at least have hesitated before acting. Boys will be boys as long as the world rolls on, but some of them are inclined to be more destructive than others. However, it may not be right to charge everything to the boys, as the girls also were noticeably conspicuous last Thursday evening.

JOS. HARRER'S BODY FOUND

Former Stevens Pointer Meets Death in Washington—Believed That He Was Murdered.

Letters and papers from Bellingham, Wash., bring the information that Jos. Harrer, a former resident of this city, disappeared from Bremerton, Wash., on the 13th of last month, where he was employed in the navy yards, and no trace of him had then been found.

John Harrer, who now lives at Fond du Lac, came to Stevens Point from Hungary between 25 and 30 years ago, and among the members of his family was Joseph, an industrious young man and who was employed by the Central until the shops were moved to Fond du Lac, when he moved to that city, having a family of his own. His mother died in Stevens Point a number of years ago, and since her death, the father had lived with his son. Last spring Joseph went west on a tour of inspection, leaving his family at Fond du Lac, and secured work in the navy yards at Bremerton, where he commanded good wages, and being of a saving disposition, it is supposed had accumulated quite a little money, which it is probable he carried on his person. After his disappearance, the fact was not reported for about two weeks, although he roomed with a fellow workman. The latter left Bremerton, it is said, about the time Mr. Harrer disappeared, and was later arrested at Portland, Ore., and is held upon suspicion of being implicated in Mr. Harrer's disappearance. He was a member of Stevens Point Branch, No. 123, Catholic Knights of Wisconsin, in which he carried an insurance of \$2,000, and while a resident of this city was an active member of St. Joseph's church. One of his sisters, Mrs. F. J. Pickel, resides at Bellingham, and another, Mrs. S. D. Neuberger, at St. Paul.

Monday evening Mrs. Mary Adams, of this city, who is an intimate friend of the Harrer family, received a telegram stating that Mr. Harrer's body had been found, but no further particulars were given. A special to the Sentinel from Seattle, published this morning, however, contained the following facts: "The body of Joseph Harrer, who disappeared from his boarding house at Bremerton three weeks ago, came floating into wharf at Puget sound navy yards yesterday and Joseph Kopf, with whom he had boarded, has been arrested on suspicion. Harrer came west from Fond du Lac, Wis., several months ago, where he leaves a widow and seven children. The day was dragged for weeks following his disappearance without revealing any traces. Ugly rumors originated at the post mortem examination shows that the man came to his death by violence, but the coroner's jury has withheld a verdict until Friday, pending further investigation. Harrer was employed in the navy yard as a millman, and is believed to have had some money. Kopf always had a good reputation locally. His wife maintains he could not have committed the crime."

That the investigation will prove that Mr. Harrer was murdered, and the deed was committed for the purpose of robbery, there seems no doubt. The announcement of his untimely death, and the foul manner in which he came to it, brings sadness to the hearts of all who knew him. He was about 45 years of age, a quiet, intelligent and inoffensive man. He always endeavored to do right, succeeding to a remarkable degree, and thus gained and retained the esteem of all respectable people with whom he came in contact. That the guilty may be found and punished to the fullest extent of the law, is hoped for, but this penalty, no matter how severe, will not bring back the good and noble life that has been taken.

Are Popular Entertainers.

Rogers & Griley opened the Normal Lecture Course for the season at the Opera House, last evening, and pleased their audience with a light and happy program. The two gentlemen named furnish the entire entertainment, Mr. Rogers being a harpist of some ability and Mr. Griley a reader with a considerable repertoire. Each of the members appeared on the program several times, with two or three selections at each appearance, and then responded to encores, which were heartily given. Mr. Rogers played classical and popular airs with equal grace and ease and acted as accompanist to Mr. Griley during several of his selections. Three or four of the numbers given by Mr. Griley were original, having been composed jointly by him and Mr. Rogers. Mr. Griley made quite a hit with his audience by singing catchy parodies. The burden of the entertainment falls to Mr. Griley and he thoroughly satisfies his audience. The house was well filled, although there are a number of season tickets that remain unsold. It is not yet too late to buy, and purchasers will certainly get their money's worth before the course is finished.

Barnsdale's Show.

Barnsdale's new collection of high class moving pictures will be presented at the Grand, Friday evening. The new program includes a new picture of the "Infernal Regions," beautifully colored throughout, and is one of the finest subjects ever made. "A Trip Through London" is both instructive and amusing. "A Naval Battle" with submarines, battleship destroyers and torpedo boats, and torpedo boats in action, is a revelation in modern warfare. Also a large collection of new comedy subjects that are "screams" from start to finish. Barnsdale is doing everything possible to attain the highest perfection in his line, and is making a big hit everywhere.

ONLY NECESSARY TO TREAT THE STOMACH

Claim of Central Figure in Recent Controversy Is Novel.

The new theory advanced by L. T. Cooper relative to the human stomach has attracted such widespread attention that the public in cities visited by the young man has been joined by many physicians in a discussion of his beliefs and medicines.

Mr. Cooper says that human health is dependent almost entirely upon the stomach. He says that no disease can be conquered without first alleviating all stomach disorders. He further says that most men and women of this generation are half-sick, owing to degenerate stomachs. And lastly, he claims that his New Discovery medicine will rejuvenate the human stomach in 90 days.

Cooper has been traveling from one city to another, conducting in each what he calls a campaign of education. For the past year he has met the public in the larger cities of the country, and his success has been phenomenal. Thousands of people have flocked to his headquarters wherever he has gone, and the sale of his medicine has been beyond anything of the kind ever before witnessed.

Possibly the most interesting feature of the attention this young man has attracted is what his army of followers, whom he has converted to his beliefs through his medicines, have to say on the subject. The following statements are from two well known residents of Chicago and Boston, respectively, and the enthusiasm of these is characteristic of Cooper's admirers generally.

Mrs. H. B. Mack, of 3201 State street, Chicago, says: "I have been suffering for 12 years from a combination of stomach troubles, catarrh and constipation. I had a gnawing pain in the pit of my stomach, a sort

of a dull pain that I could not quite understand. Then there was a dull headache, and my mind seemed to be wandering continually. I could not eat, and what little solid food I did eat I could not retain on my stomach. I tried every remedy I could think of, and also tried out a number of patent medicines, but without any apparent result. It was through one of my friends that I heard of Cooper's preparation, and I immediately decided to try some of it. It is two weeks since I took my first dose of it, and I feel like a new woman. The headache seems to have disappeared, and the pain in my stomach along with it. The medicine is worth its weight in gold, and I want to thank Mr. Cooper for what he has done for me."

Mr. Edwin F. Morse, of 20 Oakley street, Dorchester, a suburb of Boston, says: "For three years I had not a well day. My stomach was in frightful shape; the mere thought of food would nauseate me, and I really had a horror of anything to eat. All solid food would cause me extreme indigestion, bloating and gas on my stomach, and nothing tasted right. Some time ago I got some of this Cooper's medicines, about which there is so much talk. I actually feel as well and strong as a boy ever since the first bottle. Every sign of stomach trouble has disappeared, and I have a hearty appetite and eat three square meals; every thing seems to taste good. Anyone who knows what chronic indigestion is can appreciate what this means to me. I consider this the most remarkable medicine I ever heard of."

We sell Mr. Cooper's medicines, and find them to be all he claims. —H. D. McCulloch & Co.

INCENDIARISM AND ARSON

Some Details of the Fire Marshal's Work in Wisconsin—Experience in Other States.

One result of work under the fire marshal law will be a large reduction in the state's loss from fire. This is not prophesy from an over-confident fire marshal, but a statement based upon the experience of other states.

In Ohio a law almost identical with that recently passed here has reduced the insurance rate to \$1.16, while in the five states surrounding Ohio, which necessarily have approximately the same populations and industries, the average rate is \$1.38. The explanation of this important fact is easy. A high burning rate makes necessary a high premium rate. If the fire is reduced in any state, competition among insurance companies for the good business, soon reduces the cost of insurance. The fire marshal will reduce the state's fire loss by lessening the number of incendiary fires, but much greater reductions will be made by the dozen assistant fire marshals looking after the grosser fire dangers, and by teaching the people how to remove or protect against conditions likely to cause loss by fire.

Incendiaries are grouped by motive into four classes: The mischievous, the mentally defective, the malicious and the greedy. Mischievous boys sometimes put a match to rubbish or to leaked gasoline just to see it burn. The cost of fires from this cause is not large. Those mentally defective are the idiot and the pyromaniac. Pyromania is an occasional propensity of the insane, often found among imbeciles, melancholics, demented and paranoiacs. It occasionally occurs in epileptics. Just as the kleptomaniac has an irresistible desire to steal, without reference to profit, so, the pyromaniac burns from an uncontrollable impulse. He is often apparently normal mentally and in such cases conviction is difficult because of the absence of motive for the crime.

The fire marshal cannot lessen the number of pyromaniacs because they have no fear, but the number of fires started by them may be limited by his conviction and confinement in an asylum. There never comes a time when it is safe to give liberty to one who has shown evidence of pyromania. Those who burn "to get even" will decrease in number when it is known that there is an assistant fire marshal in each district who will thoroughly investigate any suspicious fires.

The meanest man in the world is the one who burns his property to collect insurance. His crafty greed leads him to secretly set a fire which destroys the products of human toil. The robber only changes the possessor of wealth; he destroys nothing. The largest number of incendiaries are of this class, but this number has been reduced 50 per cent. in states having fire marshal departments.

The statistical facts which this department must gather will be tabulated so that at the end of the year can be shown the value of the property jeopardized and the amount of value added to the ash heap as the result of ignorance, or carelessness, or crime. These facts will be shown in the aggregate and by counties.

Wisconsin has several cities with about thirty thousand population; several others have about fifteen thousand, which are of the same general character as to buildings and streets. Valuable lessons may be learned by comparing the fire loss in those towns and showing what proportion of the value of a building in each is lost if a fire starts.

The majority of insurance men estimate the amount of insurance at 75 per cent. of the actual value. That may be true of the selected risks carried by them, but fire marshals who get all the facts from all fires occurring in a state know that there is but 52 cents of insurance for a dollar of loss. Whether property burned is insured or not just so much of wealth is lost to the country. The insurance companies make good no loss; they only distribute the loss among their premium payers. There are other important duties not

expressly stated but still within the intent of the law makers. The state fire marshal, Thos. M. Purtell, at Madison, may call attention of municipal officers to the importance of having proper ordinances against fire dangers, and he will have for distribution forms of ordinances which have proved effective in cities in which they have been enforced.

Will Not Speak Here.

It is now definitely decided that Wm. Jennings Bryan will not appear in Stevens Point this fall. H. H. Manson, of Wausau, chairman of the Democratic State committee, under whose auspices Mr. Bryan comes to Wisconsin, writes that Mr. Bryan was secured for six addresses, all of which were arranged for some time ago, and it would be impossible to get him to remain longer or change the program in any way.

Mr. Bryan will spend all of next week in Wisconsin, and his itinerary is as follows:

Monday, Nov. 11—Milwaukee, guest of honor of the Jefferson club.

Tuesday, Nov. 12—Lecture at Fond du Lac.

Wednesday, Nov. 13—Lecture at Wausau.

Thursday, Nov. 14—Lecture at Sheboygan.

Friday, Nov. 15—Lecture at Green Bay.

Saturday, Nov. 16—Lecture at Oshkosh.

Appropriate Floral Offerings.

The following beautiful floral offerings were made by relatives and friends of the late Ellsworth C. Ellis, whose funeral took place last week: Pillow, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Shidel, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Shidel; anchor, Mr. and Mrs. L. Lindauer and Mr. and Mrs. Ervin Ellis; star and crescent, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Haase, Mr. and Mrs. E. Weber and Mr. and Mrs. Carl Haase; chrysanthemums, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Pett, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Dwinell, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Dwinell, Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Dwinell, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Young, Mr. and Mrs. A. Myers, Epworth League, Frank Gano, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Voigt, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Thoms, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Bloye, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Vetter, Ray Buchan, Howard Dumbleton and John Steve; carnations, Edward Shauerte, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Krembs, Mrs. Anne Wallace; roses, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Manchester; carnations and chrysanthemums, Otto Mohr; roses and carnations, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Henning; roses and chrysanthemums, James Lamb; chrysanthemums and lilies, Martha, Fred and Walter Haase; carnations and chrysanthemums, Albert Pfeifer.

Twenty-four Hour Limit.

Postmaster Frost has received an order from the postal department instructing him to enforce the postal law that requires parties receiving mail for others to return it to the postoffice if not called for in 24 hours. Violators of this law are subject to punishment by fine of \$300. All the local mail carriers have in turn been ordered to notify all parties on their routes, of the notice received. This order from headquarters is general, going to all postmasters in the country.

This law, it is said, has been a dead letter law practically ever since in force. It is aimed at hotels and boarding houses mainly. At those places guests receive all mail addressed in care of the place they make their temporary headquarters. Sometimes they leave for other points without leaving their "forward" addresses and if mail for them is received after they are gone, it remains there for weeks before it is returned to the postoffice. In many cases this delayed mail has finally reached the addressee and because of the late delivery of this mail, there have been many violent complaints to the postal department, consequently this order.

For Sale.

Mrs. Sparr's home, a ten room house, with three lots, corner Jefferson street and Michigan avenue, for \$1,500. No better bargain in the city. Apply to F. L. Lulle, 507 Main street.

More News.

Attend the Wausau Business College, Wausau, Wis.

Fred Schneider, of Wausau, was an over-Sunday visitor in this city.

Square dealing is Jos. Glinski's motto. Give him a call before ordering your suit or overcoat.

John Gibson, one of Amberst's best known business men, transacted business in this city, last Saturday.

Five room house at 317 Water street, for rent. Supplied with city water. Enquire of I. Shotton, Fair store.

John Wendorf, Jr., who resides in the town of Alban, near Kosholt, spent Saturday in the city on business.

S. J. Kryger, one of the North Side grocers, left for a business trip of several days in Milwaukee and Chicago, last Thursday.

During the absence of Miss Nellie McMullin on account of illness, Miss Eva Cowles has taken her place as teacher in the First ward school.

Miss Katharine Rood has returned from an extended visit at Mansfield, Ohio, where she was the guest of Mrs. H. H. Sturgis, a former Stevens Point lady.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ariens, of Junction City, spent Saturday night in the city, guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Teichert, coming down to see "A Texas Steer."

Salesman wanted to look after our interests in Portage and adjacent counties. Salary or commission. Address The Victor Oil Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Stemper, of Milwaukee, visited among relatives and friends in this city, the last of the week, going from here to St. Paul to remain for a brief period.

Ray Clark and Lenore Eaton spent Saturday at Minneapolis, where they witnessed the Chicago-Minneapolis football game, in which the former were victorious by a score of 18 to 0.

Wm. Atkinson and Anthony Riley, of Lanark, spent a few hours in the city last Saturday, coming up with a couple of loads of household goods for Thos. Riley, who has just moved to the city.

The Plainfield Sun, a wide-awake, prosperous paper, entered upon the 25th year of its existence last week, and under its new management, that of Johnson & Fields, has lost none of its popularity and progressive spirit.

Doctor Secrist, the Chicago specialist, comes to Stevens Point, Jacobs House, once a month. This is the Doctor's 10th year in the county. You need not pay until after cured. Consultation absolutely free. See advertisement.

In circuit court at Waupaca, last week, L. P. Moen was appointed receiver of the personal property of M. Wolf, of the town of Hull, and is held by virtue of a vendor's lien on the same. It includes horses, wagons, farm machinery, etc.

Dr. Fred C. Campbell, of Racine, spent the latter part of the week in this city, coming up to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Campbell. Mr. Campbell, who has been an invalid for the past several months is being cared for at Mercy Hospital.

An exchange hits the nail squarely on the head when it says: If you are anxious to know something about the condition of the money market throughout the United States, go and ask some good business man, who does business with banks, and he will tell you the true situation of affairs and what he tells you, can be depended upon as right. Do not rely upon what some hair-brained street orator or cheap politician will say. How do they know? They never had a dollar in a bank in their lives and never will.

John J. Garvey, who came here in 1898, from Wilmington, Del., to visit at the homes of his uncles, Nicholas Burns and Michael O'Connor, in the town of Almond, and a couple of days later joined Co. I, then organizing for service in the Spanish-American war, visited among comrades in Stevens Point on Thursday and Friday. He has been in northwest Canada for the past few years, working at his trade as a boilermaker, which organization is out on a strike through the west, and John concluded to visit the scenes of his boyhood in the east.

Went Away to Get Married.

At Menominee, Mich., on Tuesday, Oct. 29th, occurred the marriage of Russell D. Seidmore and Mrs. Minnie Johnson Marx, both of Stevens Point, the ceremony being performed by Rev. D. C. Blannette, pastor of the M. E. church. The newly married couple returned here the following evening, and are now keeping house at 419 Brawley street.

Attended Funeral of Brother-in-Law.

E. M. Copps spent Saturday and Sunday at Menominee, Mich., where he attended the funeral of his brother-in-law, Capt. Gas Chandler, who died Thursday afternoon at the home of his son in St. Louis, Mo., where he had been spending some time. The deceased was a brother of Mrs. E. M. Copps and Mrs. W. C. Huff, of this city, but the ladies were unable to attend the funeral, the former being quite ill. Capt. Chandler was a veteran of the civil war, but for years had been a captain on the lakes. The funeral took place on Saturday, the remains being laid to rest with Masonic rites.

Reports Small Potato Crop.

In a report on the potato experiments carried on at the various experimental stations of the college of agriculture, J. G. Milward, instructor in horticulture, says: "The yield of potatoes in Wisconsin for the past season is estimated at about a two-thirds crop. Harvest was earlier than usual, partly because of the uneasiness caused by the heavy freeze in the fall of 1906. Those who marketed their crop early in the season realized about 40 cents a bushel. Prices gradually rose during the harvest season until good white stock brought as much as 52 cents a bushel. Regardless of the existing good prices, however, many growers are storing potatoes, believing that the price will reach 75 cents before Christmas. Notwithstanding this probable increase, it is generally considered safest to dispose of potatoes right off the field when the market offers 50 cents, as the price must go considerably higher to pay for the extra labor in handling the crop from cellars and pits."

Circuit Court Jurors.

List of Those Selected to Serve at November Term, Commencing on 18th Inst., in This City.

The jury commission met at the court house Friday afternoon, at which time the following jurors were drawn for the coming term of circuit court, which convenes Monday, 18th inst.:

Alban Rasmus Jorgenson, Henry Anderson, Almond—Robt. Knude, Byron True, Amberst—Thos. Howen, S. T. Foxen, Belmont—Erving Smith, Buena Vista—Joseph Brychel, Carson—Jacob Stener, George McGregor, Thos. Roidt, Jos. Jadack, Peter Rhoda, John Hartjes, Eau Claire—C. G. Swanson, Hull—John Klarkowski, Lanark—J. J. Stadtmiller, John Leahy, Linwood—D. B. Wood, Plover—Walter Barnsdale, Jas. Coulthurst, Pine Grove—T. H. Brown, Sharon—John Campbell, John Dewonkowski, Stockton—John O'Keefe, Fred Ingerson.

City of Stevens Point—Jos. A. Worzella, Anton Krembs, L. C. Bronstad, Walter Eddy, Edward Rothman, H. J. Calkins, H. A. Vetter, John R. Means, P. C. Koehl, Chas. Curtis.

Married Sixty-Two Years.

Last Wednesday was the 62d anniversary of the marriage of Rev. and Mrs. Jacob Patch, and the remarkable event was observed in a quiet way by the aged couple, members of the family and a number of friends who called during the day. Mr. Patch is a pioneer Presbyterian clergyman, was pastor here for years, but although he long since retired from active work, he still enjoys to officiate and preach occasionally. He will be 93 years of age on the 9th of January, and Mrs. Patch is about seven years younger. Both enjoy remarkably good health, and drive out together nearly every day when the weather is favorable.

Married Thursday Evening.

There was a quiet but interesting wedding ceremony at the Baptist parsonage at 7:30 last Thursday evening, at which hour Rev. James Blake joined in wedlock Guy Pierce, of Plover, and Miss Anna Laura Hastings, of Fall River. The witnesses were Leo H. and Paul Pierce, brothers of the groom. The bride's parents, Alvin L. Hastings and wife, are old residents of Columbia county, and she has been attending the Normal in this city, being an elementary graduate of the class of 1904. The scores of friends she has made in Stevens Point, recognize in her a most estimable, bright and worthy young lady. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pierce, who are numbered among Plover's best citizens, and he is also a graduate of the Normal, class of 1905. He is now engaged in teaching at Elderon, where they will reside during the present school year. Few young men stand higher in the community than does Guy Pierce, who is clean and progressive, and is in every way worthy of respect and confidence. The friends of both extend congratulations and well wishes.

Character in Type Faces.

Almost every business man, in one way or another, has something to do with type. To make the type express in the character of its face the spirit of the message that is conveyed—or, rather, to keep it from expressing an opposite spirit—is an important point. Many men pay no attention to it, not through conscious reasoning, but because they do not properly appreciate its importance. Other men—some of the most clever of business men—pay as much attention to the selection of a type face as to the selection of an employee for an important position.

There are almost as many type faces as styles of handwriting. No one would think of sending out an important business letter in a child's handwriting, because, no matter what the letter said, it would carry an impression of the school boy rather than of the business man. Yet some men will use a type face on their letter-heads or in an advertisement which has an implied effect no less incongruous. Some type faces are as bold and as uncultured as a prize-fighter; some are as dainty as a sweet girl graduate; some as playful as a kitten; some as freakish as a clown. People get somewhat of the impressions unconsciously when they see printed matter set in such type. A serious message sent in a freakish type is like a lecturer on geology dressed in a clown's suit.—W. P. Warren in Chicago Record-Herald.

NEW PULLMAN EQUIPMENT

On the Wisconsin Central Railway—Handsome Sleepers and Private Compartments for Traveling Public.

The present sleeping cars in service on the Wisconsin Central Ry. were on Nov. 1st replaced by the Pullman Co. with new cars, modern in every respect. The sleepers running between Chicago and St. Paul and Minneapolis will have three private compartments and the sleepers between Chicago, Ashland, Superior and Duluth will be large 16 section cars. All sleeping cars operated by this line will be of the latest pattern and design, insuring its patrons every convenience and comfort.

Pumps and Bicycles.

I have a large stock of pumps and pump material, also about 25 second hand bicycles and a large stock of bicycle material and am prepared to do all kinds of repairing at 303 Clark street. —G. W. Maine.

Young Women Wanted.

Young women who can operate sewing machines or sew by hand can secure pleasant and remunerative employment at the Underwear Mills, corner Park avenue and Prairie street. Competent people will be paid well at start. Call at the office for particulars.

TAKEN UP.

Came into the enclosure of the undersigned, Sec. 8, town 23, range 4 east, town of Stockton, a red steer, between one and two years old. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take the same away. Dated Carter, Wis., Nov. 4, 1907. GEO. BRECHER.

WALL PAPER

New Fall Stock

Consisting of over 80 Patterns, from one of the leading eastern factories, just received.

Positively the finest line of Wall Paper and Borders ever brought to Stevens Point.

Call and look over the patterns at my store in Atwell Bldg., Main St.

VICTOR S. PRAIS.

Built for business



KEITH'S TONQUEROR SHOES for MEN
\$3.50 \$4.00 \$5.00

KERN SHOE CO.

GREAT AUTUMN SALE

At GREEN BROS.' DAYLIGHT STORE

We are in a position this Fall to show you a complete line of DRY GOODS, LADIES' FURNISHINGS, QUILTS and BLANKETS. Also MEN'S and BOYS' SUITS and OVERCOATS, Children's, Ladies' and Gents' SHOES.

Trunks and Valises.

Our Special Sale

is in LADIES' and CHILDREN'S CLOAKS. Also in LADIES' FUR SCARFS and NECK PIECES. You will find

First Class Cloak Garments

in make and in style, and we guarantee our prices are the lowest. Money will be refunded if not satisfactory.

GREEN BROS.

Parcels delivered to all parts of the city.

The Badge of Honesty

Is on every wrapper of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery because a full list of the ingredients composing it is printed there in plain English. Forty years of experience has proven its superior worth as a blood purifier and invigorating tonic for the cure of stomach disorders and all liver ills. It builds up the run-down system as no other tonic can in which alcohol is used. The active medicinal principles of native roots such as Golden Seal and Queen's root, Stone and Mandrake root, Bloodroot and Black Cherrybark are extracted and preserved by the use of chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce at Buffalo, N. Y., for free booklet which quotes extracts from well-recognized medical authorities such as Drs. Bartholow, King, Scudder, Coe, Ellingwood and a host of others, showing that these roots can be depended upon for their curative action in all weak states of the stomach, accompanied by indigestion or dyspepsia as well as in all bilious or liver complaints and in all "wasting diseases" where there is loss of flesh and gradual running down of the strength and system.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" makes rich pure blood and so invigorates and regulates the stomach, liver and bowels, and through them the whole system. Thus all skin affections, blotches, pimples and eruptions as well as scrofulous swellings and old open running sores or ulcers are cured and healed. In treating old running sores, or ulcers, it is well to insure their healing by applying to them Dr. Pierce's All-Healing Salve. If your druggist don't happen to have this Salve in stock, send fifty-four cents in postage stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and a large box of the "All-Healing Salve" will reach you by return post.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic, medicine or known composition, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

SHOPLIFTING.

Inside and Outside Thieves In the Big Department Stores.

The fixed charges of a department store must cover the loss of breakage and general destruction, the failure of goods to sell and theft. The cheaper stores suffer more seriously from thieving than the higher priced ones because their employees are less trustworthy. For years the proprietors estimated that their theft losses were due half to their dishonest employees and half to outsiders, but not one of them would venture to estimate the total. There is a curious standard of ethics among some of the employees. They do not regard taking articles for their own use as theft, whereas to take them for some one else, even a member of the family, is plain robbery. Almost never are these guilty ones prosecuted, even if they are detected and the proof is conclusive. They are discharged, of course, and notices are posted in the dressing room explaining the reason. But when an employee steals goods to sell and is caught arrest follows.

Professional shoplifters have been largely eliminated owing to systematic prosecution. By far the greatest number of thefts committed by outsiders are traced to women, usually reputable, who yield to a sudden temptation. Incidentally the newspapers never name a store in which a person is arrested for shoplifting for the simple reason that it would frighten away customers. A retail store on Broadway, New York, that did a large business was actually ruined by the publication of the details of several arrests within its doors.—Everybody's.

Indorsing the Asp.

In Marmontel's tragedy of Cleopatra, represented in the Theatre Francaise, when the Egyptian queen was about ready to commit suicide she held in her hands a mechanical asp of cunning workmanship devised by Vaucanson, the most ingenious mechanician of his time. This venomous reptile reared its head and before plunging its apparent fangs into the arm of the actress gave a shrill hiss. A spectator hereupon arose and left the house with the simple but expressive remark, "I am of the same opinion as the asp."

Strong Part.

"You say your brother is with an opera company now?"
"Yes, ma'am."
"Has he a strong part?"
"Yes, ma'am. Why, he's one of the fellows that hit the anvil in the chorus."—Yonkers Statesman.

Fatal Honors.

Jimson—What became of that man who had twenty-seven medals for saving people from drowning? Dock Worker—He fell in one day when he had them all on, and the weight of 'em sunk him.

A Night on the Sleeper.

"Have you ever traveled in a sleeping car, Uncle Jasper?"
"Yes, once. But I didn't sleep any."
"What was the trouble?"
"You see, I'd just greased my boots, and I'd heard tell about them porters always takin' people's shoes out and blackin' 'em, so I had to keep awake all night so he wouldn't git a hold of mine. For I knew if he done it he'd want extra on account of the hard job. Blamed if I can see why the company allows them kind of things to go on."—Chicago Record-Herald.

An Economist.

"Yes," boasted an overdressed individual, "I make my clothes last. This hat is an example of my thrift. Bought it three years ago, had it blocked twice and exchanged it once for a new one at a cafe!"

If false tongues were to drop out as easily as false teeth, what a pleasant world it would be.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Methodist Minister Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

We have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our home for seven years, and it has always proved to be a reliable remedy. We have found that it would do more than the manufacturers claim for it. It is especially good for croup and whooping cough.

Rev. James A. Lewis,
Pastor Milaca, Minn., M. E. church.
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is sold by H. D. McCulloch Co.

Just when everybody thought the New York panic had passed without any very evil results, we discover that it has furnished Tom Lawson with the excuse for another magazine article.

A tickling cough, from any cause, is quickly stopped by Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. And it is so thoroughly harmless and safe, that Dr. Shoop tells mothers everywhere to give it without hesitation even to very young babies. The wholesome green leaves and tender stems of a lung healing mountainous shrub, furnish the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. It calms the cough, and heals the sore and sensitive bronchial membranes. No opium, no chloroform, nothing harsh used to injure or suppress. Simply a resinous plant extract, that helps to heal aching lungs. The Spaniards call this shrub which the Doctor uses, "The Sacred Herb." Demand Dr. Shoop's. Take no other. All dealers.

FUR COATS GLOVES MITTENS

For Sale or Made to Order by
M. NIGBOR
Neuwald Bldg., 119 S. 3d Street.

Ladies' Jackets and Neckwear

Also Trimmings for Ladies' Furs

Goods at Lowest Prices
Remember Location and Give Me a Call.
M. NIGBOR, Furrier.

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Goods at Lowest Prices
Remember Location and Give Me a Call.
M. NIGBOR, Furrier.

THERE ARE TWO ROADS



to travel financially - the saving way or the "scattering" way. Spend and scatter and you will always regret it. Save and bank your money and you will reap the reward in a comfortable and happy independence. Don't throw your hard-earned savings away. Let us take care of them for you, and we will pay you a good rate of interest while assuring you of the absolute safety of your deposits. We invest only in the soundest and safest securities.

Citizens National Bank

Capital \$100,000
THE LARGEST IN PORTAGE COUNTY

A Big Boiled Dinner.

Cooks in large hotels and boarding houses may think they get up meals on a big scale, but when it comes to wholesale cookery the little village of Liss, on the London and Southwestern railway, England, surpasses them all. At a barbecue held there some years ago an ox was boiled, not roasted, whole, and this is how it was done: A large hole was dug in the ground and lined with brick. Inside this a tank large enough to hold the ox was built. The carcass was then lowered into the tank, having first been placed in a cage formed by heavy crossbars, to which chains were attached. Pulleys from a scaffolding above were used to raise and lower the ox. Many vegetables, such as carrots, onions, cabbages and potatoes, were boiled with the meat. The boiling required seven hours.

Not Quite Clear.

A well known clergyman of Boston was once talking to some friends with reference to the desirability of chronological coherence in ideas in the form of written statements, when he observed that there are times when this method becomes a trifle too suggestive.

"For instance," said the speaker, "I once heard a minister in New Hampshire make his usual Sunday morning announcements as follows:

"The funeral of the late and much lamented sexton takes place on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock."

"Thanksgiving services will be held in this chapel on Thursday morning at 11 o'clock."—Lippincott's.

A Changed End.

An Irishman who wasn't much of a hunter went out to hunt one day, and the first thing he saw to shoot at was a bluejay sitting saucily on the top of a fence. He blazed away at the bird and then walked over to pick it up. What he happened to find there was a dead frog, which he raised carefully at arm's length, looking at it with a puzzled air. Finally he remarked, "Well, begobs, but ye was a foine looking bird befor Oi blew ther fibers off o' yerse!"—Judge's Library.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.


His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed **Scott's Emulsion.**

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.



SELECTED HIS OWN GRAVE.

Dead Shot Bill Found the Marshal Was Not to Be Bluffed.

When Dead Shot Bill rode into Hays City one day in the early seventies with his hat pulled down over his eyes and a hard look around his mouth those who knew him said that he had come for blood. He had not, however. He had come to have an understanding with Dave Mills, who had lately been appointed city marshal. Bill sat on his horse in front of the Star saloon until Dave came along, and when they had saluted each other and shaken hands he said, "Dave, what about this city marshal business?" "I'm goin' to keep order," was the reply. "No more shootin' up the town?" "No more, Bill." "You'll stop it?" "I will."

"Say, Dave, you can't do it. You are a good man, but you jess can't do it. I'm comin' in tomorrow to capture the town." "Don't try it on, Bill."

"But I shall, Dave." "Hev you got a few minits to spare?" asked Dave as he gave a hitch to his gun. "A hul hour. What's wanted?" "Come over to the graveyard, Bill, and select your last restin' place. It's fillin' up purty fast, but thar ar' a few choice spots left." They went over the creek to Boot hill, the three acre spot set aside for the dead, and as Bill got off his horse Dave waved his hand and said, "Take your pick and I'll put a Chinaman at work diggin' the grave."

Bill walked over the ground and finally selected a sunny spot on the south side of a knoll and said it would do. The city marshal called to a Chinaman who was passing and ordered him to get a shovel and dig a hole, and then he turned to Bill with, "Waal, at what time tomorrer kin I expect you?" "About noon, Dave." "Sure to come?" "Dead sure. I never disappoint an audience, you know." "I'll be ready. Goodby, Bill." "So long, Dave." At 11:55 o'clock next day Dead Shot Bill came into Hays City with a whoop and a yell, his broncho on a dead run and a gun in either hand. At 12:05 he was lying dead in front of the Wild West saloon, and at 12:45 the inquest had been concluded and he was occupying the grave he had selected. The city marshal had downed him, and the verdict of the jury was, "We are kinder sorry for the deceased, but it was all right and according to Hoyle."—Denver Field and Farm.

QUICK WIT IN WAR.

How Mosby Turned a Situation to His Own Advantage.

Much of the success of Colonel Mosby and his partisan rangers in the Shenandoah valley was due to their dash and bravery, but an almost equal amount to the quick wit of their leader, who, says the author of "Mosby's Men," was never at a loss to turn a situation to his own advantage.

One night, while scouting with four or five of his men on the Winchester pike, he saw a squad of cavalry approaching from the direction of town. It was the Federal patrol on its rounds, and Mosby and his men were between them and their camp. When they got within hail they stopped and inquired of the Confederates who they were.

"Friends, with the countersign," replied Colonel Mosby, with his best imitation Yankee twang.

"One of you advance, then, and give the countersign," was the response.

"No," said the colonel sharply, "you are coming from the direction of the enemy. One of you advance."

As this was an entirely correct proposition, one of them rode forward. When he came up the colonel said to him in a low but terribly distinct voice as he leveled his revolver at him:

"Give the alarm and you are a dead man! I am Mosby. Call to the others that it is all right and to come on."

The prisoner did so, and five more of Uncle Sam's gallant defenders marched confidently up to the muzzles of as many revolvers and quietly surrendered.

A Street Incident.

Despite the four inch sole of his left boot the man limped.

"Shine, boss?"

He looked at his feet. Yes, he needed a shine. And, leaning against a lamp post, he put first one foot and then the other on the little arab's box all glittering with bright brass nails.

"How much?" he said at the end.

"A nickel, boss."

But the cripple tapped with his umbrella the thick side of his left boot, and, smiling awkwardly, he said in a constrained voice:

"But you ought to charge extra for a thing like that."

The boy, without looking up, answered in a low tone:

"No, a nickel's enough. I don't want to make no money out of your hard luck."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

AN IRISH SUPERSTITION.

Fishermen Don't Like to Meet Women When Starting For Work.

Superstitions as to its being most unlucky to meet a woman when setting out to fish or upon any journey by sea are not uncommon. From a headland on the Donegal coast the writer was one day anxiously watching a small smack beating across the bay against a heavy sea and stiff breeze which had suddenly sprung up. After a long and hard fight for it the little craft made the pier in safety, and upon condolences being offered the skipper on his recent hardships he said: "Sure, what better luck could I have? Didn't I meet a redheaded woman in Sligo this morning the moment I left my lodging to walk down to the boat?" In this case the color of the woman's hair and the fact of her being the first person met with after the man left his house seemed to be the determining factors in the day's luck. But in other places the objection to such an encounter embraces hair of all shades and any hour of the day, it being amply sufficient to bring the ill luck that any woman should pass you by just as you are walking down to the boat. Only a few weeks ago the writer visited a small fishing village on the Galway coast and just before getting on his car to return home was chatting to the landlady of the little inn. A strapping young fisherman who was walking down the road toward the harbor suddenly stopped, climbed over the fence and made his way to his boat across the fields. The writer observed to his hostess that the young fellow must have mistaken him for a process server with a writ for him. She laughed rather derisively and said: "It's not you at all, sir, he's afraid of, but me. He's just going fishing and would not pass me by if you gave him the fill of his hat of gold."—London Chronicle.

Napoleon.

There is no doubt Napoleon fell through the sheer dizziness of the height he had climbed to. "The Duc de Raguse," says the Comtesse de Boigne, "once explained to me the nature of his connection with the emperor in a phrase which is more or less applicable to the whole nation. 'When Napoleon said, "All for France," I served with enthusiasm. When he said, "France and I," I served with zeal. When he said, "I and France," I served with obedience. When he said "I" without France, I felt the necessity of parting from him.'"—T. P.'s London Weekly.

Slaves in Old Rome.

In Rome, in the golden age, a laborer only cost \$100, and sometimes, after a great victory and an influx of captives into the capital, it was possible to buy strong, capable slaves for \$5 apiece. Skilled slaves, men with trades, brought higher prices. Cicero paid \$1,000 for a scribe. Catiline had a cook that cost him \$2,500. A gardener was worth \$300, a blacksmith \$750, an actor \$5,000, a physician \$10,000.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Brace of Metaphors.

"Young man, do you keep your ear to the ground?"
"No, sir; my time is fully occupied in keeping my nose against the grindstone."

And the pompous questioner passed on.—Washington Herald.

Always Hits.

"I suppose your wife misses you a great deal?" inquired a lady of a commercial traveler.
"Well, no. For a woman she has a remarkably straight aim," was the reply.—London Express.



"BUILT ON HONOR"

You must wear **MAYER HONORBILT SHOES**, to appreciate their superiority over other makes. They have the style and wearing qualities, and feel right from the first; wear long and well, and look good to the last.

Mayer HONORBILT SHOES FOR MEN

are made with great care, of the highest grade material, by skilled workmen. They are honest through and through. You get style, quality and comfort in buying **MAYER HONORBILT SHOES**.

Your dealer will supply you; if not, write to us. Look for the **Mayer Trade Mark** on the sole.

We also make **Leading Lady Shoes, Martha Washington Comfort Shoes, Special Merit School Shoes**.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Company
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Bargain in Real Estate.

A residence and two lots at the corner of Clark street and Michigan avenue, can be secured at a bargain, if taken at once. For price and particulars enquire of The Gazette, Stevens Point.


Cuba has accumulated a national debt and is threatened with a general strike. But she will have to come to the front with a war scare and a financial panic before she can be considered a real addition to the family of nations.

Opportunity to Make Money.

The undersigned has discovered a remarkable protection to animals, including horses, cattle, etc., against flies, pests and insects of all kinds. A small quantity is guaranteed to keep flies and insects from the animal for two days at a time, which is four times as long as any other remedy heretofore discovered. I wish to dispose of the complete right to manufacture and sell, selling my formula to one person or firm. Great opportunity for some one. Address John Soik, Stevens Point, Wis., rural route 2. jy24tf

Danderine

GREW THIS HAIR AND WE CAN PROVE IT.



MISS MARMARA HENRY, CHICAGO.
5036 Forestville Ave.
Miss Henry writes: "I began using Danderine my hair began to grow again. And I am now having it cut and it is growing more than I ever had it grow before."

FLORENCE RUSSELL, CHICAGO.
215 Mohawk Street.
Age 6 years.
Florence writes: "My hair would not reach below my waist when I began using your Danderine. It is also faded and splitting at the ends. Now it is over six feet longer than it ever was and it has regained its original rich blond color. I used the tonic about four months all together."

MISS SELMA BASSELL, CHICAGO.
2728 North 42d Court.
Miss Bassell says: "My hair would not reach below my waist when I began using your Danderine. It is also faded and splitting at the ends. Now it is over six feet longer than it ever was and it has regained its original rich blond color. I used the tonic about four months all together."

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DANDERINE is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, fertilizing and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow abundantly long, strong and beautiful. **IT IS THE NATURAL FOOD OF THE HAIR, SCIENTIFICALLY CHARGED WITH NEW AND GENUINE LIFE-PRODUCING ESSENCES UNHEARD OF BY OTHER MAKERS OF HAIR TONIC.** NOW at all druggists in three sizes, 25 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle.

To show how quickly **Danderine** acts, we will send a large sample free by return mail to anyone who sends this advertisement **FREE**, to the Knowlton Danderine Co., Chicago, with their name and address and ten cents in silver or stamps to pay postage.

The Gazette.

By ED. D. GLENNON.

TERMS, \$2.00 PER ANNUM

Entered at the Stevens Point Postoffice as second class mail matter. Published every Wednesday at 315 Main street.

Extra copies of The Gazette may be secured at this office, at French, Campbell & Co.'s and at W. H. Skinner's stores.

SOUTH SIDE AND RAILROAD.

Personal and News Items of More or Less Importance to Readers of The Gazette.

A special train having on board the Wisconsin Central officials passed thru here last evening enroute from Minneapolis to Milwaukee.

Miss Ollie Birch has returned to her home at North Fond du Lac, after a pleasant visit of several days among Stevens Point friends.

Miss Kate Fulton, who had been studying in Milwaukee to become an instructor of deafmutes, has secured a position in the Rice Lake schools.

M. Gleason is visiting among relatives and friends at DePere and Green Bay, and hopes to feel better upon his return, his health having been poor of late.

The Ellis barber shop at the South Side will be continued under the management of Mrs. Ellis, with Ed. Krembs and Ed. Shaurette in charge of the chairs.

Mrs. R. B. Dunlap, of Blunt, S. D., arrived here this morning to make an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. James Blake, at the Baptist parsonage on Church street.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Shidel have removed from Fremont street to the home of their daughter, Mrs. E. C. Ellis, 1200 Division street, where they will reside indefinitely.

Louis Petersen, who recently moved here from Milladore, now occupies the Adams residence at the corner of Water and Shaurette streets. Mr. Petersen is employed at the Cove furniture factory.

Peter Rose, who was laid up at his home in this city for a couple of weeks, suffering from injuries sustained while at work in the Central yards at North Fond du Lac, returned to work last week.

The Ladies' Aid society of the German M. E. church will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Paul Hoffman, 117 Boyington avenue. A 10 cent supper will be served from 4:30 until 8 o'clock.

F. C. Holman expects to leave here the latter part of this week for Chicago Heights, Ill., where he will take charge of a couple of rebuilt locomotives which are to be transported to a road in New Mexico.

Daniel Puffer, of Lyndon Station, Juneau county, has been visiting with relatives, the Gibbs families in Stockton and at the home of Adolph Cook in this city for the past few days. Mr. Puffer is a merchant and live stock dealer at the above place.

H. L. Bannister, local agent for the Central, returned Monday from a couple of days' visit at his former home in Des Plaines, Ill. He was accompanied here by Mrs. Bannister's mother, Mrs. Louis Poyer, who will remain for several weeks.

Rev. Frederick Link, pastor of the German M. E. church, has been at Athens for the past ten days, conducting a series of revival meetings in the village church. He will close his labors next Saturday and return home in time for the usual Sunday services at the local church.

Marshall Squires, who carried the mail between the local postoffice and the Central depot for several months previous to a couple of weeks ago, had both bones in his left leg fractured and splintered, last week, while wrestling with some young men at the Wood mill, in the 6th ward.

About forty girls and young women are now employed at the underwear mills, and quite a few additional hands could find work there at good wages. Manager Hayes is being literally swamped with orders, due in a large measure to the excellent product turned out at this factory.

Conductor B. F. Bowen came down from Abbotsford yesterday afternoon to visit among friends a couple of hours. The "scare" about transferring the division back to Stevens Point is causing considerable uneasiness among Abbotsford business men, but many of the Central boys hope and believe it is more than idle gossip.

John R. Means spent Saturday and Sunday at his home in this city. He has charge of a construction crew on the branch line of the Central now building between Owen and Superior, and was anxious to hire more men, at \$2 per day. Work upon the new line is progressing finely, but it will not be completed for several months.

Henning & Reinhardt, who have been operating a meat market on Division street, South Side, for the past few months, closed their shop last Saturday night and retired from that line of business. Wm. Henning, who has a confectionery store and lunch counter, also at the South Side, will devote his time to that business, while Mr. Reinhardt will locate in the northern part of the state.

Arthur Van Ellis, a former well known young fireman on the Central, was killed in a wreck on the Great Northern road, in Minnesota, last Saturday, and the body passed through the city yesterday afternoon, enroute to Milwaukee for interment. For a long time Arthur made his headquarters in this city, being employed as fireman on a "local" freight train, and later filled a similar position on one of the construction trains. He boarded at the Hotel Dewey. The young man was 24 years of age and is highly spoken of by all who knew him.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO.

Articles and Items of News That Appeared in the Columns of The Gazette, Quarter of a Century Ago Today.

Harry Raymond is at home from college for a few days. Harry cast his first vote yesterday.

Louis Port is one of the latest to rejoice over the advent of a bright little son, which made its appearance on Monday morning.

Miss Anna Schmitt left for Wausau on Tuesday last, where she will be employed for some time in one of the millinery establishments.

Justin and Miss Ella Boyington, son and daughter of N. Boyington, have gone to Valparaiso, Ind., where they will attend the Normal school.

Nick Gross rejoices in the possession of a little daughter, who arrived at his residence Monday night. Father, mother and child are doing well, especially the former.

We received a pleasant call on Tuesday from Conductor A. P. McMillin of the Central, who recently came here from Illinois. He intends to move his family to this city.

Will Stenger recently purchased the building at the South Side, on Church street, at one time occupied by Louis Ecke as a meat market, but at present by Cashin's barber shop, and will soon convert the same into a meat shop.

The first patient at the Stevens Point Hospital is Benjamin Wallace, who made his appearance last Saturday. Wallace is a Canadian, but has worked in this section for the past three or four years. He is suffering with bronchitis.

A couple of "decoy ducks" placed in the slough last Thursday by some of the boys at the steam fire engine house, caused many pedestrians to stop and look at "those nice tame ducks" and afforded a good mark for a number of mischievous lads.

One of the most hotly contested elections ever held in Portage county, as far as county officers were concerned, was witnessed yesterday and resulted in a victory for the Republican candidates from assemblyman down to coroner. However, G. L. Park, the Democratic candidate for congress, received nearly 450 majority in the county.

Miss Frankie L. Sluts of this city and Samuel K. Hood of Bismark, D. T., were married at the residence of the bride's father in this city by Rev. S. N. Griffith, Oct. 31st. Mr. Hood, who until recently made his home in this city, is now a prosperous business man in Bismark, where they will hereafter make their home. The bride is a daughter of Matthew Sluts, has always made her home in this city and is loved and respected by all who know her.

While on his train, which was running about twenty miles an hour, a short distance above Auburndale, last evening, Conductor Morley Townsend was passing between coaches when a call for brakes was made, some cattle being on the track, and the sudden jerk caused him to lose his footing on the wet platform and he fell clear off the train. His accident was not noticed by the trainmen, but he was picked up by section men and brought to Auburndale on a handcar before his train could be sent back for him. His shoulder was dislocated and his face considerably scratched and bruised, but he is up and around at present and came to his home in this city on his train last evening.

MARRIES CHICAGO DOCTOR

Miss Laura Mae Whitrock Wedded to Duncan Robert MacMartin at Her Mother's Home.

A very quiet wedding was celebrated at high noon Tuesday, Nov. 5th, the contracting parties being Dr. Duncan Robert MacMartin of Chicago and Laura Mae Whitrock, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. W. F. Parker, 710 Normal avenue. Rev. James Blake officiated, the French double ring service being used for the first time in this city. As suggested, each of the contracting parties wore a ring, but the circular hands wore out of the ordinary, as by pressing a secret spring the ring would open, so to speak, and reveal the name of the owner engraved on the inner side. Veda Parker, the little sister of the bride, acted as ring bearer. The attendants were Dr. and Mrs. D. A. Taylor. After the service a dainty wedding breakfast was served by Mrs. Kellar. The bridal party left on the 2:40 train to spend some time in the west, after which they will be at home at the Great Northern Hotel, Chicago.

The bride is the second daughter of Mrs. W. F. Parker, and has made her home in Chicago for some time past, where she has edited and published a very successful magazine. The groom is a nephew of Dr. R. D. MacArthur of Chicago, and is a highly successful physician and surgeon. Besides filling the responsible position of house physician at the Great Northern, he commands an extensive private practice. The Dr. is an exceptionally fine appearing man and created a very favorable impression upon all whom he met in Stevens Point.

The house was beautifully decorated with American beauty roses, bride's roses, smilax and maiden hair fern. Among the gifts were two checks of \$200 each. Among the out of town guests were Mrs. Louis Andrews of Sauk Rapids, Minn., Mrs. D. A. Taylor of Bangor, and Miss Grace Parker of Grand Rapids, all sisters of the bride.

Pleased All Present.

There was another well pleased audience at the Grand, last Saturday evening, when "A Texas Steer," one of Hoyt's favorite comedies, was presented. The company throughout is strong and well balanced, while Jas. R. McCann as Maverick Brander, Jas. A. Devlin as Brassy Gall and Arthur Wilber as Christopher Columbus, Jr., were especially good.

County Treasurer's Report.

County Treas. Duke reports the condition of the treasury for the past month as follows:

Cash in treasury Oct. 1, 1907..... \$28,567.26
Received during month..... 58.31
Total..... \$28,625.57

DISBURSEMENTS.
County orders..... 1,017.24
Court certificates..... 66.67
Supt. of Schools, salary..... 225.00
Postage..... 50
Refund of tax paid to town treasurers..... 3.88
Telephone rent..... 1.00
Total..... 1,372.24

In Bank..... \$26,722.10
Cash on hand..... 7.23
Balance in treasury Nov. 1, 1907..... \$26,727.53

Sand in Car Load Lots.

E. A. Sherman, the east side merchant, has embarked in a new business, and one that brings good returns for those that can deliver the proper article. It is that of shipping sand in car load lots, for use in cement work of all kinds, plastering, etc., and he has a crew of a dozen men loading at the sand pit just west of McDill. Thus far he has shipped between 110 and 120 cars, and the demand comes mostly from cities in the southern part of the state, where clay reigns supreme and sand is a luxury. Mr. Sherman expects to branch out in the sand business, as he owns many acres in width between McDill and the paper mills and the depth thereof is yet to be told. Next season he expects to put in machinery for manufacturing cement bricks and building blocks, the demand for which is constantly increasing.

Halt in the Advancement of Prices.

Straws the last few days indicate that the limit of the advancement of prices, for the present, has been reached. One of the largest packing houses in the country announces a reduction in meats and it is believed that others in the same line will follow. Flour has dropped in price. The last lumber list issued showed a reduction and in many lines of metal goods cuts are being made. It is not to be expected, of course, that there will be general and substantial reductions. This cannot happen without serious lowering of wages, the labor cost being the largest in all manufactured articles, but the end of the ascending period of prices will be hailed with relief. The country had never before witnessed such a craze for rising prices as it has in the last few years. Almost every family doubled its expenses in recent years, one cause of the advance being the higher prices and another the fact that the working people have had more money to spend. With most families of small means the limit of earning capacity and consequently of ability to pay increased prices has been reached. It has come to the point where further rises in the cost of living would mean to most working men's families that they would be obliged to deprive themselves of some of the comforts they have recently enjoyed.

A reaction, meaning low prices and low wages, would be unfortunate, but a halt at present figures of both for a year or two would be sensible.—La Crosse Leader-Press.

Big Farm For Sale.

Two hundred acres of land known as the Creasey farm, near Meehan station, for sale at \$35 per acre. All under cultivation and contains good buildings. Will pay commission to brokers. A. E. Swenson, 85 Dearborn street, Chicago.

C. Krembs & Bro., Established in 1863.

At their store on public square, you will always find a full stock of general hardware, tinware, stoves, ranges, lawn mowers, plows, cultivators, pumps, ropes, fence wire, mill supplies of all descriptions, etc. All orders for roofing and other tin and sheet iron work promptly executed. Also agents for the celebrated Round Oak furnace, of



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Over-Coats

At The

C. O. D. STORE

Our "COLONIAL" is the Newest Coat on the Market.

\$5 up to \$30

Fur-Lined Coats

\$25 up to \$100.

STOUTS A SPECIALTY.

A Fine Line of Boys' Overcoats.

C. O. D. STORE.



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Fall Suggestions

For the Future.



If you don't know now

what to buy for your new fall costume, or for any other home supply, either in luxury or necessity, don't worry. This store is full of suggestions. Come here and look. Just look; and you will be sure to see just what you want.

We carry in stock the following goods:

- | | |
|------------------|------------|
| Cloaks | Overcoats |
| Furs | Suits |
| Skirts | Hats |
| Silks | Caps |
| Underwear | Rubbers |
| Corsets | Overshoes |
| Shoes | Socks |
| Hose | Shirts |
| Gloves | Suspenders |
| Handkerchiefs | Mittens |
| Ribbons | Mufflers |
| Linens | Ties |
| Wool Dress Goods | |

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A Safe Ladder on Which to Climb

SUCCESS

Typewriting

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Enrollment

INQUIRE AT STEVENS POINT BUS. COLLEGE

Person Studio for up-to-date photography, 218 Strong's ave.
Boy wanted at Fair store, 315 Main street. Good wages paid.
New 1907 dates, the first of the season, at Jacobson's fruit store.
Driving horse, harness, buggy, cutter, robes, etc., for sale. Enquire at this office.
Miss Helen Sherman, who is teaching at Colby this year, spent Sunday at her home in this city.
A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Theo. A. Tack, at their home in Marshfield, Sunday, Oct. 27th.
Wanted, at once, good girl for general housework, good wages paid. Enquire at A. E. Daffoe's, 822 Main street.
Miss Daisy Wakefield, who is teaching at Wausau, spent Sunday visiting at the home of her parents in this city.
Wanted—A good blacksmith. Steady work the year around. Flanner-Steger Lbr. Co., Blackwell, Forest county, Wis.
Miss Iva Bronson left for Duluth, Saturday morning, to assume her duties as teacher in the public schools of that city.
P. N. Peterson and Bartell Johnson, two of Amherst's leading business men, were visitors to this city Monday night.
Mrs. Peter Jacobs, of Arnott, was the guest of her sister-in-law, Mrs. L. H. Moll, on Normal avenue, for a few days last week.
Good driving or work horse, weighs about 1,350 pounds, 5½ years old, for sale. Call 129 Blaine street, or this office. 16w4
Jos. Polubitski and Mrs. Martha Klopatek, both former residents of this county, were married at Rhinelander last Wednesday.
B. B. Park has been at Madison this week, going down to argue several cases in which he is interested before the supreme court.
Wanted—Men to work for the Pioneer Structural and Ornamental Iron Works, Chicago. Apply to A. J. Patch, 936 Normal avenue, city. tf
W. P. Gray spent Sunday visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. E. W. Czekleba, at Waupaca, returning home on No. 1 Monday morning.
Miss Faye Marsh returned to her home at Neillville, last Saturday, after a pleasant visit of several days with her cousin, Miss Lou Mansur.
Miss Sarah Fisher left for Badger, Minn., last week, to accept a position as stenographer, she having recently finished the course at the local business college.
Mrs. Ennor wishes to announce that she has a full line of china for decorating. Order work a specialty. Firing carefully done. 402 Fremont street, telephone black 191. tf
Wm. McNeill, who has been at Peshtigo for the past couple of months, employed in a foundry and machine shop, returned to his home in this city last Friday.
John Berna, of Stockton, gave bail in the sum of \$500 for his appearance before Justice Park next Tuesday, he having been arrested on complaint of Miss Helen Kedrowski.
Mrs. Peter C. Koehl left for New London, the last of the week, to visit for a few days at the home of her brother, Aug. Kitowski, and among other relatives and friends.
Ernest Playman, principal of Showers & Martin's branch business college at Neillville, visited at his home in this city last Sunday. This school already has a good enrollment, with bright prospects for the future.
Alex Boyer, who has charge of a shaping machine at the Bukolt cradle factory, had two of his fingers lacerated by a saw, Saturday morning, and will be off duty for a time. He was attended by Dr. D. S. Rice.
The Appleton-Osage Oil Co., whose property in Indian Territory is managed by P. W. Clark, of this city, drilled in a well on their property about two weeks ago that has been flowing a tank, or 250 barrels, per day.
Alex Berens returned home last Friday after an absence of seven months in Minnesota and South Dakota, where he represented the Northwestern Yeast Co., of Chicago. He expects to remain here for a time, and possibly all winter.
Thos. A. Humphrey, of the law firm of Humphrey & Cornelius, left for Spangle, Wash., last Thursday, for a visit with his uncle, Peter E. Marion, and where he expects to remain three or four weeks, going both on business and pleasure.
S. E. Karner and family will move from the Anschutz residence, on Clark street, to the Andrae property, opposite the Jacobs House, on the same thoroughfare, the latter residence having been improved by new porches and other repairs.
The Wap-si-pin-ne-kans were very pleasantly entertained at the home of Mrs. Alex. Krembs, on Main street, last Friday evening. Members of the club had removed every vestige of war paint and entered heartily into the spirit of the occasion.
Wanted—By a well and long established house, live, hustling agents in Wisconsin towns, to sell our goods, on strict guarantee to give satisfaction. Good opportunity for right person: liberal commission paid. Address: The Union Pacific Tea Co., Janesville, Wis.
John Reiton left for the Isthmus of Panama, last Thursday, being joined at Peoria, Ill., by W. S. Wincet and other residents of that place who are interested in land purchases in the new country. Mart. Griffin expected to accompany the party for the purpose of making timber estimates, but other arrangements were made by the Illinois people.
Mrs. J. L. Prentice is entertaining a party of lady friends this afternoon in honor of Mrs. Sharpein, of Walla Walla, Wash., and Mrs. G. W. Cate entertained Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Sharpein will leave for Chicago, tomorrow, for a visit with relatives and friends. She has been the guest of her nephews and niece, B. B. G. L. and Miss Anna Park, for a couple of weeks.

Pillow top sale at Langenberg's at 10, 25 and 50 cents each.
Just received, a new line of pillow tops at Langenberg's.
Mrs. Julius Rupp has been spending the past few days in Chicago.
Coast-sealed oysters, always fresh and reliable, of the very best, at Murray's.
Miss Ella Marchel, of Dancy, spent Sunday in the city, a guest of Mrs. G. S. Gunderson.
Rev. W. J. Rice went to Waupaca this morning to visit during the day with Rev. Mortell.
Miss Bertha Scott left for Hayward, last week, to visit at the home of her brother, Dr. Harry Scott.
F. N. Meeker, of Washington, D. C., arrived in the city last Thursday and will visit friends here for a week or more.
The six-room dwelling at 222 Washington street, North Side, is for sale at a big bargain. Enquire of Ed. Raizner, 310 N. Second street.
Barnsdale's moving picture show will have a big crowd, at the Grand, next Friday evening. Tickets are now on sale at the Krembs drug store.
Ald. J. M. Ash left for Northern Minnesota, the first of the week, to remain for several days and may conclude to secure a timber claim.
Deposits made in the savings department of the Citizens National bank during the first ten days of each month, draw interest from the first day of the month.
Miss Louise Scott, supervisor of kindergartens in our public schools, returned from Fond du Lac, Monday night, where she visited the schools of that city.
Senator A. W. Sanborn, of Madison, visited old friends in this city yesterday and attended the Rogers-Grilley entertainment at the opera house last evening.
Thos. E. Dever and wife left for their future home in Milwaukee last Sunday afternoon. They will board for a while, but expect to go to house-keeping later.
Miss Mary Wysocki, who came to her home in this city about three months ago from Chicago, where she had been for a couple of years, left for Milwaukee, the first of the week.
Mrs. L. Fardon and son, Earl, who have been at Somerset for several weeks, the former taking treatment from a specialist there, returned home the first of the week, she being greatly improved.
Among the latest pupils to enter the Stevens Point Business College are residents of Ohio and North Dakota, indicating that the popularity of that institution is not confined to even the great state of Wisconsin.
The Jackson Milling Co. is just grinding the best buckwheat flour it has ever made. They guarantee it to be strictly pure, and invite any one to send a sample to Madison for an official test. A trial will convince you of its unexcelled merits.
Miss Jessica Rice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Rice of Superior, a contralto singer who recently visited at the home of her uncle, Ald. J. D. Langosky, in this city, will commence using her vocal talent on the 18th inst. as soloist at the Bijou Theatre, in her home city.
Ed. Slossen, a former Stevens Point and a brother-in-law of Mrs. P. Collins, has been appointed local agent for the Soo railroad at Rhinelander. Mr. Slossen has been employed by the company in various capacities for several years, of late being in charge of their down town ticket office.
The Progress club met with Mrs. F. K. Schriest, last Thursday evening. After an important business session, a most interesting account of a cruise on the Mediterranean was given by Miss Martha Week, illustrated by photographs collected while on the trip. Refreshments were served by the hostess.
Prof. F. F. Showers will leave for Milwaukee, tomorrow, to attend the annual gathering of the State Teachers' Association. Next Tuesday Mr. Showers will conduct an examination at Antigo of applicants for admission to the U. S. naval academy at Annapolis, Md. The applicants are confined to the 10th congressional district, and there are eleven of them.
C. G. Macnish has leased his own home on Pine street to H. L. Bannister, the Central's local agent, who now occupies F. F. Groelle's house, corner of Brawley and Plover streets, but will move to his new location next week. Mr. Macnish and family are about to move into the A. R. White homestead, just west of the Presbyterian church on Main street.
At last Saturday's session of the Woman's club, interesting reports were made by Mesdames C. F. Raymond, G. E. McDill and W. J. Shumway as to the doings and proceedings of the state federation of woman's clubs, recently held at Fond du Lac. Miss Blanche Walker and Roy Ennor rendered musical selections, the former on the piano and the latter on the violin.
The Progress Club will hold their next regular meeting at Mrs. Culver's home, on Main street, tomorrow evening, when Mrs. T. L. McGlachlin will give a report of the state federation meeting at Fond du Lac, and Mrs. Congdon will read a paper on Japan, which country is being studied by the club this season. Several of the other members are expected to make interesting talks under the head of "current topics."
Harry Sitherwood, better known in this city as Harry McCarr, having made his home with his grandfather, Edward McCarr, on Normal avenue, since childhood, left for Livingston, Mont., last week, to join his father, W. J. Sitherwood, who is engaged in business at that place in company with his brother, Henry, and has been very successful. Harry may conclude to remain there permanently, but will return if the country and its environments are not satisfactory to him.
Some of the boys and young men composing the Episcopal church choir, were treated to a partridge supper at C. G. Macnish's home on Pine street, last Saturday evening. The birds were shipped here from the Indian reservation at Oneida, where they were bagged by members of the tribe, who are privileged to hunt feathered game at all seasons of the year. The supper was provided by Rev. Merrill, who is acting as temporary pastor of the local church, and was served by Mrs. Macnish and several lady friends.

Chas. Pratt, of Bancroft, was a business and social visitor to this city last Monday night.
Firstclass saddle and riding bridle, as good as new, for sale cheap. Enquire at this office. tf
Miss Margaret Ceary is now employed in the grocery department of the H. D. McCulloch Co. store.
Mrs. Louis D. Kitowski returned home last Friday from an extended visit among friends in Milwaukee.
Jos. Glinski, the tailor, is now prepared to make you a suit or overcoat. Prices the lowest and a fit is guaranteed. tf
Mrs. A. P. Jensen is spending a few days with her husband, who is still engaged in erecting new buildings at Mellen.
Mrs. P. Collins returned this afternoon from Mosinee, where she had been visiting a few days with her sister, Mrs. Bousha.
Oysters that are reliable, the very best, coast sealed and warranted as pure and wholesome as they were when they left the packer, at Murray's.
Ed. Leary, of Custor, returned Monday morning from Merrill, where he spent several days very pleasantly at the home of his sister, Mrs. E. A. Potter.
Hear the Normal quartette in illustrated song, "We've Been Chums for Fifty Years," at the Barnsdale moving picture show, at the Grand, Friday evening.
Mrs. L. E. Siemon, of Cleveland, Ohio, had been spending a week in the city with her sister, Mrs. Fred J. Blake. Mrs. Siemon left for the east this afternoon.
J. P. Kryshak, a prosperous cigar manufacturer at Winona, attended to business matters and greeted old friends in this city Monday evening and yesterday.
John and Peter Skalaski, of the town of Hull, paid a fine of \$1 and costs in municipal court, Tuesday afternoon, for assault, the complainant being John Dominick, of this city.
Persons desiring students to work before and after school and on Saturdays, for board or room or both, please apply to the undersigned. Pres. John F. Sims, State Normal school, city. 2
Mr. and Mrs. Ira Haskins, of Hancock, are spending this week in the city, Mr. Haskins coming up to assist his brother-in-law at the jewelry store of Reton Bros. & Co. for a few days.
Mrs. Mary Costello, of Detroit, who had been a guest at the residence of her brother, Chas. C. Conlisk, corner Clark and Church streets, since early summer, left for Chicago last week for a short visit before proceeding to her home city.
Dr. E. P. Wallace, a former successful physician and surgeon at Plover, but who left there last winter and had since been located at Sullivan, Jefferson county, has returned to our neighboring village and now occupies the H. A. Marlat residence.
Geo. Dunn, a well known resident of Alma Center, has been in this city this week, coming over to consult Dr. Alcorn in regard to one of his eyes. Some four weeks ago the sight became affected without apparent cause and it is believed that the ailment has too far advanced to be cured.
County Supt. Andrew P. Een, of Amherst, spent a few hours in the city on Saturday and while here filed a list of the books selected by him for the various school districts in the county. The total is 1,832 volumes, divided as to population and number of pupils in town and village districts, and represents a total cost of \$894.64.
The young lady members of the B. G. B. club were entertained at the home of Miss Elsie Behrendt, on Clark street, on Hallowe'en night, for an hour or more, and went from there to the residence of Marjorie Smith, where a repetition of the good time was had. The program carried out at both places was replete with the proper observance of the occasion and will not soon be forgotten by all present.
Father Merrill, who is temporarily conducting services at the Episcopal church and for the past few Sunday evenings has delivered illustrated lectures, gave an unusually interesting talk last Sunday evening on the American Indian. His address was illustrated by no less than 110 slides, many of the pictures having been taken by him. Earl Harriman, a local electrician of considerable ability, had charge of the lantern.
Some fourteen girl friends of Miss Irene Sherman enjoyed Hallowe'en at the home of Irene's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Sherman, last Thursday evening. The rooms were decorated with jack-o'-lanterns and other seasonable suggestions and the good time was kept up for several hours. Some naughty boys attempted to create a famine in the dining room, but succeeded in making away with only a portion of the eatables.
Last Sunday's Milwaukee Sentinel contained a write-up of women graduates of the State University who have become noted, and among them was a short history of Mrs. Kate Sabin Stevens of Madison. Miss Sabin will be remembered by many of our residents as a former teacher in the High school, where she made many friends among the pupils as well as others whom she met. Mrs. Stevens has been a member of the state board of Normal regents and also of the board of regents of the Wisconsin University.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. E. Langenberg left here on the limited Central train Tuesday morning for a month's trip to the west. They go directly to Ellensburg, Wash., a town some thirty miles distant from Seattle, where their daughter, Mrs. A. D. Fish, resides. The latter lady is threatened with an attack of appendicitis and may have to submit to an operation. Many old friends at her home in this city hope for a speedy recovery. Mr. Langenberg and wife expect to visit many of the coast cities before their return.
J. J. Nelson, of Amherst, greeted Stevens Point friends for a few hours last Friday. While in the east several years ago, Mr. Nelson formed the acquaintance of a naval officer, Capt. Preston H. Uheroth, now in command of U. S. steamship "Tuscarora," and who is now doing revenue duty on the great lakes. The two gentlemen met in Milwaukee last week, and the Capt. invited Mr. Nelson to take a ten days' cruise with him up Lake Michigan, as far as the Son, which the latter accepted and is now no doubt enjoying.

Just received at Jacobson's, fresh 1907 dates, the first of the season.
Mr. and Mrs. Eugene McAleavey left for their future home at Omaha, Neb., today, and enroute will visit the gentleman's parents in the southwestern part of the state and will also transact business in Minneapolis and St. Paul.
Out on Parole.
R. H. Butterfield was paroled from the prison at Waupun last week, the papers being signed by Gov. Davidson on Thursday. Those paroled under the new law are required to give a bond for the faithful observance of the conditions contained therein, and it is understood that Adolph Hoefler, of Milwaukee, who is an intimate friend of Mr. Butterfield, signed the necessary document.
Normal Notes.
Examinations were finished last week and the new quarter opened Monday morning.
The Seniors gave a Halloween party to the Juniors, Saturday night. All the usual pranks were played but the Juniors report an excellent time.
Last Friday evening the Junior debate was held. An excellent program was rendered to a large audience. The successful debaters were Misses Thelma Olson and Frances Baker and Dan Hughes.
At the State Teachers' meeting in Milwaukee this week papers will be read by Pres. Sims, Profs. Hyer and Collins of the Normal faculty. Among the others who will attend the convention are Profs. Culver, Spindler, Lusk, Sanford, Sechrist, Olson, Misses Peake, Hodge and Braband.
COMMISSION SETS TIME
Evidence Will be Submitted and Arguments Heard on Portage Branch Service Next Tuesday.
The railway commission has sent notice to D. E. Frost, president of the Business Men's Association in this city, that arguments upon the complaint filed by the people of Stevens Point relative to the train service on the Portage branch of the Central, will be heard before that body on Tuesday next, the 12th inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. All interested are cited to appear at the above hour and present such evidence as they may have, and it is expected that every town along the Portage branch will be represented, while representatives are also expected from points east and west on the main line of the road, where business men and others are equally interested in better service on the branch line.
OUR MARKETS
(Grain and feed quotations are given us by telephone every Wednesday noon by The Jackson Milling Co., while V. Betlach furnishes the prices on meats, butter, etc., and E. M. Coyle the prices on hay and potatoes, and farmers and buyers can depend on them.)
Rosebud 85.50
Patent Flour 8.10
Rye Flour 5.10
Wheat 1.00
Rye, 56 pounds 72
Oats 45-48
Middlings 1.55
Feed 1.35
Bran 1.35
Corn 1.40
Corn meal 1.45
Butter 20-22
Eggs 20-22
Chickens 8-9
Turkeys 14-15
Lard 12-13
Veal 18-20
Moss Pork 18-20
Moss Beef 12-20
Hogs live 5.00-5.25
Hogs dressed 7.00-7.25
Beef live 2.50-2.75
Beef dressed 4.50-5.00
Hams 16
Hay, Timothy 14-16
Potatoes 40-42
Pumps and Bicycles.
I have a large stock of pumps and pump material, also about 25 second hand bicycles and a large stock of bicycle material and am prepared to do all kinds of repairing at 303 Clark street. G. W. Maine.



SUMMER SCENE IN STEVENS POINT

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
STEVENS POINT
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8
Barnsdale's Moving Pictures
PRESENTING AN ENTIRE NEW PROGRAM
—including—
A Trip Through London. How the World's Metropolitan looks and lives: educational, historical and street scenes that are interesting and amusing. The above subject is almost equal to a personal visit.
Naval Battle with Submarines. A marvelous subject, showing these new engines of destruction, rising out of the depths, firing torpedoes and diving: gun action on battleships, destroyers, torpedo boats and the plight of torpedoes. This subject is a revelation in Modern Naval Warfare and is worth a journey of miles to see.
A Large Collection of High-Class Comedy. and New Marvelous Colored Subjects, the perfection of which astounds our audiences everywhere.
Our new program surpasses all previous productions.
SEATS ON SALE AT - 10, 20 AND 30 CENTS
A Guaranteed Attraction. Don't Miss It.

A BANK BOOK
THERE IS NO ONE THING that contributes more to cheerfulness and gives more cause for Thanksgiving than a nice growing bank account. There is a sense of safety and hope connected with it which goes far toward making one take a pleasant view of life and helps achieve success. If you haven't a bank account to be thankful for this year, you should start one at once, keep it growing by regular deposits and see how happy it makes you next Thanksgiving Day. Just a little saved from your earnings and deposited in bank will in time make you independent. We want to assist you in laying up a nice little sum for investment or to provide for the future.
We will welcome your account, either large or small, and with our care, advice and influence, will help you to increase it. We pay interest on time deposits and savings accounts. One dollar starts an account in our Savings department. All business confidential.
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
STEVENS POINT, WIS.
U.S. DEPOSITORY ESTABLISHED 1883

Special Cloak Sale
TUESDAY, NOV. 12
On the above date we will have an agent here with a full line of loose, semi-fitting and tight-fitting Coats.
Remember the above date.
KUHL BROS.
GORDON

(First pub. June 19-27.)
COUNTY COURT NOTICE—State of Wisconsin—Portage County—County Court. In the matter of the estate of Bartholomew Ambrose, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the county court, to be held in and for said county, at the court house in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, on the first Tuesday (being the 3rd day) of December, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as such matter can be reached, the following matter will be heard and considered: The application of Henry Ambrose, late of the city of Stevens Point, in said county, deceased, for the appointment of himself or some other suitable person as administrator of the estate of Bartholomew Ambrose, late of the city of Stevens Point, in said county, deceased. Dated this 23rd day of October, A. D. 1907.
By order of the Court,
JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.
Park & Carpenter, Attys. for the Petitioner.

(First pub. Oct. 23-29.)
COUNTY COURT NOTICE—State of Wisconsin—Portage County—County Court. In the matter of the estate of Bartholomew Ambrose, deceased.
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By order of the Court,
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Park & Carpenter, Attys. for the Petitioner.

(First pub. Nov. 6-13.)
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By order of the Court,
JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.
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(First publication Nov. 6-13.)
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Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect it.
Prevalency of Kidney Disease.
Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalence of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patient and physician, who content themselves with doctoring the effects, while the original disease undermines the system.
What To Do.
There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.
You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

CUT RATE SHIPPING
Cut rates on household goods to Pacific coast and other points. Superior service at reduced rates. The Boyd Transfer Co., Minneapolis, Minn. If

It begins to look as though some of those presidential booms had suffered those punctures.
Biliousness and Constipation.
For years I was troubled with biliousness and constipation, which made life miserable for me. My appetite failed me. I lost my usual force and vitality. Pepsin preparations only made matters worse. I do not know where I would have been today had I not tried Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. The tablets relieve the ill feeling at once, strengthen the digestive functions, helping the system to its work naturally.—Mrs. Rosa Fotts, Birmingham, Ala. These tablets are for sale by H. D. McCulloch Co.

Hon. Joseph Cannon is preparing to assemble and go into session in Washington.
Chapped hands are quickly cured by applying Chamberlain's Salve. Price 25 cents. For sale by H. D. McCulloch Co.

It is announced that Gladys Vanderbilt will have to marry her foreign count three times to make the union legal. Well, girls, it is a comfort to think that she will only have to be divorced once to make it legal.

A Hard Debt to Pay.
"I owe a debt of gratitude that can never be paid off," writes G. S. Clark, of Westfield, Iowa, "for my rescue from death, by Dr. King's New Discovery. Both lungs were so seriously affected that death seemed imminent, when I commenced taking New Discovery. The ominous dry, hacking cough quit before the first bottle was used, and two more bottles made a complete cure." Nothing has ever equalled New Discovery for coughs, colds and all throat and lung complaints. Guaranteed by H. D. McCulloch Co. 50 cents and \$1. Trial bottle free.

It would be interesting to know how the New York panic looked to James Hazen Hyde from the safe vantage grounds of Paris.

Trial catarrh treatments are being mailed out free, on request, by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. These tests are proving to the people—without a penny's cost—the great value of this scientific prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Sold by all druggists.

WHAT THE KIDNEYS DO.
Their Unceasing Work Keeps Us Strong and Healthy.
All the blood in the body passes through the kidneys once every three minutes. The kidneys filter the blood. They work night and day. When healthy they remove about 500 grains of impure matter daily: when un-healthy some part of this impure matter is left in the blood. This brings on many diseases and symptoms—pain in the back, headache, nervousness, hot, dry skin, rheumatism, gout, gravel, disorders of the eyesight and hearing, dizziness, irregular heart, debility, drowsiness, dropsy, deposits in the urine, etc. But if you keep the filters right, you will have no trouble with your kidneys.

W. H. Allen, contractor and builder, of 438 Elk street, Stevens Point, Wis., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills in my family with very beneficial results. For years my wife complained of a weakness and pain through her back, and dull, heavy, bearing-down pains across the loins. Nothing she did seemed to afford any permanent relief. The pains were particularly severe at night, causing restlessness and finally running down her general health. After trying a number of remedies, Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to our notice and I got a box at the Taylor Bros. drug store. She used them and was entirely cured. Since that time she has not had any return of the trouble. The cure was a lasting one."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cts. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no other.

Selections
THE GULF STREAM.
Its Edges So Sharply Defined That They Are Visible.
That the edges of the gulf stream are so sharply defined that they are visible has been reported on more than one occasion. The phenomenon was recently witnessed by Captain James Horne of the British ship Loch Garry on a recent trip from Australia to Boston. A writer in Shipping Illustrated says: "The Loch Garry a few days before arrival at Boston lay becalmed, when a ripple on the sea surface aroused anticipation not of wind, as was supposed, but of the close proximity of the mighty river in the ocean known as the gulf stream. Spars, lumber, a life buoy and other floats were borne past the ship to the eastward at the rate of about a couple of miles an hour, yet the vessel herself remained in the unaffected portion of the ocean, which served, as it were, as a bank for the comparatively warm waters of the river in mid-ocean."
"One hazy night during the civil war a blockade runner left Wilmington, N. C., intent on gaining the open sea. Next morning a federal paddle wheel warship hove in sight not far distant and at once bore down. The blockade runner was within an ace of capture when suddenly her captain noticed and fully recognized the gulf stream ripple. He edged her away to cross the providential ripple without awakening suspicion in the minds of the pursuers, got into the favorable current while the paddle wheeler was striving against the adverse current on the other side of the ripple and got clear away."

"A Nantucket whaler, Captain Folger, first pointed out to Franklin that the gulf stream was a decided factor in the passage making problem of those sailing ship days. Rhode Island merchants had complained that the packets were longer making the transatlantic passage than the ordinary cargo carriers despite the fact that the latter followed a more circuitous route. Captain Folger showed that, while the gulf stream retarded the packets along the northern track, it helped the less well found cargo carriers keeping well south."

Jewish New Year Greetings.
In London many Jews send their new year greetings to their friends through Jewish papers, and the issues on the Friday preceding the new year usually contain many columns of felicitations. This year a New York Jewish paper has followed the custom and has published one page of "greetings," among which are these:

"In order to assist in preventing the congestion of the mails Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lucas and the Misses Nieto express their new year greetings to their many friends in this manner. No. 56 West One Hundred and Fifth street, New York city."

"Senator and Mrs. Simon Guggenheim wish you a happy new year."

"Mrs. N. Wilzin and son wish everybody everywhere a happy new year. No cards."

"Happy new year. With Zion's greetings. Annie Zeitlin."

"Happy new year to everybody everywhere. Samuel W. Goldberg, 310 West Ninety-fifth street."—New York Tribune.

In Southern Style.
In the course of an address extolling the virtues of the medical profession Dr. L. B. McBrayer of Asheville, N. C., used the following characteristic southern language:

"Could I borrow from the sun his cheery smile, from the moon her golden beams of light, from the southern zephyrs their softness, from the rose its fragrance, from the rainbow its celestial beauty, from the babbling brook its laughter and song, from the sea its awe and wonder, from the valley its serenity and from the mountains their majesty and put these down upon a piece of azure blue sky, with comets for commas and planets for periods, I might then paint for you what the practice of medicine is like."—New York Press.

Ancient Customs.
That ancient customs are still practiced by primitive tribes is shown by the two following incidents: In the Iliad it is written that when Asklepias "saw the wound where the bitter arrow had lighted he sucked out the blood," and so forth. In his recent work on the Australian aborigines John Mathew informs the reader that the doctor or sacred man made a practice of sucking the part affected. "There seems to be some efficacy in the sucking, for a friend of mine who was suffering severely from an inveterately inflamed eye allowed a black 'doctor' to mouth the eyeball, and the result of the treatment was immediate relief and speedy cure."

Makes Straw Hard as Metal.
A new process of manufacturing strawboard has been invented. It is asserted that in preparing the straw pulp the addition of the process will give the strawboard sufficient hardness to take the place of metal for machine journals. This, it is said, has been proved by a practical test. By dampening the strawboard it is said that it is made pliable enough to be molded into any shape. The difference in material reduces the friction, and the test demonstrated that journals of strawboard require scarcely half the oil of the journals in general use.

SIR ROBERT REID.
Lord Chancellor of England and Keeper of King's Conscience.
Sir Robert Thresholt Reid, who is paying a visit to the United States, is one of the most eminent of the present generation of public men in England. When the present Liberal cabinet came into power a peerage was bestowed upon him and he was made lord chancellor of England. As a peer his title is Lord Loreburn. He draws \$50,000 a year. As a judge he gets \$30,000, and as he is remarkably able and profoundly learned in the law he is considered well worth that as head of the English bench. He gets the other \$20,000 for presiding as chan-



SIR ROBERT REID.

cellor over the house of lords. To earn this money about all he has to do is to sit on the woolsack—which is not a wool sack at all, but a scarlet topped, uncomfortable seat—and wear a sumptuous robe and a wig that comes down over his shoulders and effectually keeps the flies from browsing on his lordship's pate. Among his titles is that of "keeper of the king's conscience," an inheritance from medieval days, when the lord chancellor was supposed to be an ecclesiastic and have the spiritual well being of the sovereign in special charge. The lord chancellor has enough trouble nowadays in seeing to his own conscience, and this is especially true of Sir Robert, who has a more active one than some of his predecessors possessed. He controls a great deal of patronage in the way of judgeships, and his immediate predecessor was a believer in the doctrine that to the victor belong the spoils. In consequence he filled the courts as far as he could with Tory judges. Liberals are now clamoring for a share of these positions, but the present lord chancellor does not think that politics should influence him in the matter of such appointments.

Sir Robert, though he holds a position entrenched behind conservative traditions, is himself somewhat of a radical. He espoused progressive policies as a member of the house of commons. He was born in Dumfries, Scotland, in 1846 and won honors as a student of Balliol college, Oxford; was sent to parliament in 1888, became attorney general in 1894, was knighted in 1899 and was made lord chancellor in 1905.

MISS FEDERICA MORGAN.
One of the Prettiest Girls of the Younger Society Set at Washington.
One of the prettiest of the buds of last season at the national capital was Frederica Morgan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Morgan, who are prominent in the summer colony at Lenox, Mass. The report that she was en-

MISS FEDERICA MORGAN.
saged to the counselor of the German embassy at Washington, Count von Hatzfeldt, excited much interest in society circles, especially among members of the diplomatic corps, but was denied. Miss Morgan is a brunette, is quite sprightly and vivacious and is possessed of many accomplishments.

Dropped the H.
"Yes," said Hawkins, who had recently bought some old silver at auction, "this is the old Hawkins family plate."

"Indeed?" said the observant guest. "But surely this is an 'A' engraved upon it?"

"Is it? O—er—yes, of course. The original Hawkinses were English, you know."—Catholic Standard and Times.



MISS FEDERICA MORGAN.

When the stomach, heart or kidney nerves get weak, then these organs always fail. Don't drug the stomach, nor stimulate the heart or kidneys. That is simply a makeshift. Get a prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. The Restorative is prepared expressly for these weak inside nerves. Strengthen these nerves, build them up with Dr. Shoop's Restorative—tablets or liquid—and see how quickly help will come. Free samples sent on request by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Your health is surely worth this sample test. All druggists.

President Roosevelt seems to be playing the "possum against the coon."

Constipation, indigestion, drive away appetite and make you weak and sick. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea restores the appetite, drives away disease, builds up the system. 35 cents, tea or tablets. H. D. McCulloch Co.

Well, at any rate Great Britain has never produced a bishop who was an expert bear hunter.

Appendicitis
Is due in a large measure to abuse of the bowels, by employing drastic purgatives. To avoid all danger, use only Dr. King's New Life Pills. The safe, gentle cleansers and invigorators. Guaranteed to cure headache, biliousness, malaria and jaundice, at McCulloch's drug store. 25 cents.

We suppose that tariff revision is among the things that come to those who wait. But some people are careless enough to die before they get through waiting.

C. Krembs & Bro., Established in 1863.
At their store on public square you will always find a full stock of general hardware, tinware, stoves, ranges, lawn mowers, plows, cultivators, pumps, ropes, fence wire, mill supplies of all descriptions, etc. All orders for roofing and other tin and sheet iron work promptly executed. Also agents for the celebrated Round Oak furnace. If

As though she did not have enough to answer for, the census bureau has now pitched on the mother-in-law as the moving cause in the majority of divorce suits.

A Significant Prayer.
"May the Lord help you make Bucklen's Arnica Salve known to all," writes J. G. Jenkins, of Chapel Hill, N. C. "It took the pain out of a felon for me and cured it in a wonderfully short time." Best on earth for sores, burns and wounds. 25 cents at H. D. McCulloch Co.'s.

They accuse Col. Bryan of having built himself up by free newspaper advertising. But if a politician ever pays space rates for it somebody is sure to call him crooked.

A Good Liniment.
When you need a good reliable liniment try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It has no superior for sprains and swellings. A piece of flannel slightly dampened with Pain Balm is superior to a plaster for lame back or pains in the side or chest. It also relieves rheumatic pains and makes sleep and rest possible. For sale by H. D. McCulloch Co.

Piles
ITCHING, BLEEDING OR PROTRUDING
We guarantee to either cure or refund the money to any sufferer from itching, bleeding or protruding piles who faithfully and properly uses

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment
Rev. T. B. Roberts of 103 Marshall St., Syracuse, N. Y., says:—"For nine years I suffered from itching and protruding piles which were so bad that they necessitated absence from professional duties. I used numerous remedies and underwent one operation without relief, but by using Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment I am now permanently cured. A 50c box. All druggists or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y."

Taylor Bros., Druggists.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes its growth. Prevents itching. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases. Hair grows thick, soft and glossy. 25c and 50c at Druggists.

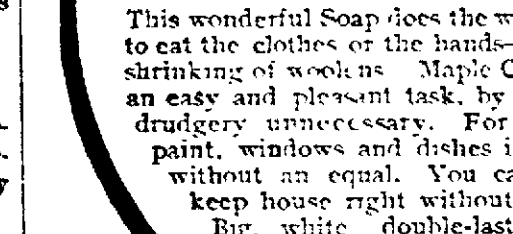
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OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Any Woman Knows THAT
CLOTHES must be boiled before they can be made perfectly clean. Any woman knows THAT. You can soak and you can rub—but you can't get the dirtiest washing absolutely clean and white without boiling them with

Maple City Self Washing Soap
This wonderful Soap does the work like magic—without anything in it to eat the clothes or the hands—without the least fading of colors or shrinking of woollens. Maple City Soap has made washing a fine art—an easy and pleasant task, by rendering rubbing and drudgery unnecessary. For woodwork, paint, windows and dishes it is without an equal. You can't keep house right without it. Big, white, double-lasting cake, 5 cents at all grocers.

MAPLE CITY SOAP WORKS,
Monmouth, Illinois.



LEGAL BLANKS
The following legal blanks are for sale at The GAZETTE office in quantities to suit:
FARM OPTIONS.
LAND CONTRACTS
SATISFACTION OF MORTGAGE
REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE, (Long and Short Form)
CHattel NOTES (2 forms)
APPLICATION FOR TAX DEED.
CHattel MORTGAGE
JUSTICE'S SUMMONS.
GARNISHEE SUMMONS.
WARRANTY DEED.
CIRCUIT COURT SUMMONS.
WARRANT OF SEIZURE.
For prices, etc., call on or address
THE GAZETTE,
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

DR. F. A. WALTERS,
Physician & Surgeon
Residence, cor. Church and Ellis Sts. Tel. Office hours, 12 to 3, and evenings.
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

R. B. SMILEY, M. D.
Physician & Surgeon
711 Church Street, Stevens Point, Wis. Telephone, Red 110. Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4, 7 to 9 p. m.

D. N. ALCORN, M. D.,
PRACTICE LIMITED TO THE
EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT.
Expert Eye and Ear Examining Surgeon for the United States Pension Bureau. Glasses ground to order to correct Astigmatism, Weak Eyes, etc. Office Telephone, Black 116.

GEO. M. HOULEHAN,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Office over Post Office, Stevens Point, Wis. Office hours from 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

SILVERNALE & SPECHT,
Surgeon Dentists
Graduates Ohio College Dental Surgery. Office in First National Bank Block, 2d floor. STEVENS POINT, WIS.

M. NESEMAN,
SCIENTIFIC
HORSE SHOER.
Repair Work of All Kinds Neatly and Promptly Done. Shop, corner of Normal Ave. and 1st street, one block north of Curran House.

The Leading Daily Paper of Wisconsin
The Milwaukee Journal is offered for the next few weeks with THE GAZETTE for \$2.75 per year. Think of it! A metropolitan daily paper and your own local paper for only \$2.75, strictly in advance. Bring your subscription to THE GAZETTE office before this clubbing offer is withdrawn.

Alex Kluck transacted business in Stevens Point Thursday last.

E. P. Leary has been visiting in Merrill the last week, the guest of his sister, Mrs. Potter.

Maurice Nolan, of Rhineland, spent a few days here visiting relatives and old time friends.

Geo. J. Somers, of Polonia, who owns a first-class dry goods and grocery store at that place, was a business caller here one day last week.

C. E. Van Hecke, T. J. Anders and John McHugh, of Stevens Point, spent a few days in this vicinity last week introducing an up-to-date Appleton manure spreader, which its users say is fully worth the sum paid for it.

The tidal wave of bank disturbances reached our burg in its onward march, but our business men, like J. P. Morgan, John D. Rockefeller and other great men, made a desperate effort to avert the crisis.

School opened in districts 8 and 11 on Monday last. Miss Merle Cartmill of Stevens Point, a High school graduate, is acting as teacher in district No. 8, and Miss Anna Ryan, a Normal elementary graduate, will instruct the rising generation in No. 11.

On Halloween eve a band of youths ranging from 12 to 20 years marched into our village and proceeded to cause wholesale disorder. A few shots fired by one of our citizens in the vicinity of the blacksmith shop caused them to retreat without delay. They then proceeded to the school house in Dist. No. 11, where a great many damaging acts were perpetrated. They next marched to the school house in Dist. 8 and wreaked vengeance on that institution. The tool house belonging to the town of Stockton was opened in the darkness and some machinery taken therefrom.

ARNOTT.

Wm. and Elmer Steinke were business callers at Stevens Point, Friday.

R. E. Newby was called home for a few days on account of his father's illness.

Mrs. Peter Jacobs spent a few days among friends at Stevens Point last week.

Miss Maude Andrews, of Stevens Point, was a guest at the Skaltitzky home over Sunday.

Crescent orchestra will furnish music for the Royal Neighbors' entertainment, next Friday evening.

L. J. Ropella, who learned telegraphy at the local station, has been employed as assistant agent.

Miss Lillian Gusten, of Stevens Point, was a guest of Miss Grace Doane, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. A. Skaltitzky, of Amherst Junction, spent a few hours between trains last week with her sister, Mrs. N. J. Michalski.

Geo. Wagner enrolled at the Stevens Point business college, Monday, and Clarence Doane will take a course at the Normal.

Nothing is doing in the potato business at this station this week, but shippers expect to resume active buying in a few days.

Remember the Royal Neighbor entertainment next Friday evening at the M. W. A. hall. All invited to come out and have a good time.

Earl Carley returned from Fairchild, where he has been employed by the A. M. Penney Co. as potato buyer. Earl expects to return to his work as soon as the market gets settled.

Halloween was well observed at Arnott last Thursday night and the annual program was well performed, with plenty of new ideas introduced. Buggies, gates and other articles exchanged locations.

N. E. Werachowski returned here last week Tuesday from Montana, where he was employed as telegraph operator for the Great Northern railroad for the past two years. Mr. Werachowski's health has not been the best for the past few months, therefore he will remain here for several weeks, at least.

KNOWLTON.

Developments are growing more interesting at the iron mine.

Miss Nora Breitenstein has returned after a week's visit at Wausau.

Walter Swatoski, who is employed at Wausau, dined at the parental home Sunday.

Miss Bertha Richmond returned Saturday after a two weeks' stay at Stevens Point.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Bright welcome the advent of a young son at their home, last Wednesday.

J. Knodler, of Mosinee, was a Sunday guest at the home of his sister, Mrs. W. Guenther.

Herman Neuman spent Sunday at his home in Mosinee, called there by the illness of his wife.

C. E. Wert and Chas. F. Raymond, of Stevens Point, were callers at Echo Brook farm last Sunday.

J. Shekey returned from Janesville, Saturday night, where he was called to the bedside of a sick sister.

Mrs. N. Winslow and son Clifford, of

Stevens Point, are spending the week at the home of P. C. Odenwalder.

Miss Sadie Herman entertained a young lady friend from Wausau, Saturday and Sunday, a former classmate.

A large and beautiful monument weighing five tons is being erected in the Knowlton cemetery to the memory of the late Mrs. C. E. Guenther.

C. E. Shortell, of Stevens Point, is attending to business interests and incidentally looking over the Knowlton hunting grounds for future reference.

Mrs. A. Guenther and daughter, Ruth, returned Thursday evening from LeMars, Iowa, where they enjoyed six weeks. Mrs. Guenther speaks very highly of LeMars and the country surrounding it. The beautiful homes and farms were beyond compare.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at St. Mary's church Monday morning, the contracting parties being Josephine Poylinski and Alexander Chopenki, of Eau Claire. Rev. Fr. Korczyk of Grand Rapids officiated. The wedding party made a very pleasing appearance. The church was filled with friends. After the ceremony the bride's party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where a bountiful dinner was served.

Mrs. W. Stark and daughter, Miss Mary, left for Wausau Tuesday morning, where they will make their future home, having purchased a handsome residence in that city. Mrs. Stark has lived here practically all of her married life and it is with feelings of intense regret from the Knowlton people to see this highly regarded lady and her estimable daughter leave their many friends here. We trust their new home will prove to be a pleasant and agreeable change.

FLOVER.

Mr. Tunks, of Iowa, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. F. E. Halladay.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Morton Skinner, Tuesday, Oct. 29, a daughter.

Mr. Hephner, principal of our school, has resigned and R. Burke has taken his place.

Miss Ethel O'Connor of Waukegan, Ill., visited Mrs. Frank Walker the past week.

Mrs. Wm. Dake and daughter Mildred spent Sunday in this village with Mr. and Mrs. A. Maxfield.

Chas. Harbaugh, of Lake Villa, Ill., spent a few days with his mother, Mrs. J. Patterson, the last of the week.

Mrs. A. E. Bourn, of Stevens Point, and Miss Nellie Bourn, of Indiana, spent Sunday and Monday with Mrs. H. A. Marlatt.

The social and sale of the Royal Neighbors, Saturday night, was a success. Proceeds, \$45.70. Every one reported a pleasant time.

Guy Pierce and bride spent a couple of days last week at the home of his father, J. W. Pierce, before leaving for Elderon, Marathon county, where Guy is teaching.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Maxfield, of Arizona, are visiting with his brother and sister, A. Maxfield and Mrs. J. Patterson. This is the Arizona man's first trip here in 25 years.

Barnsdale's famous moving pictures will be at the Grand, Stevens Point, Friday, Nov. 8, and at the Opera House, Plover, Saturday, Nov. 9th. Everything is new and an attraction you should not miss. Monday the show goes to Grand Rapids.

High School Notes.

Mae Curran, class '06, was a visitor Monday morning.

Florence Stieler, '07, and Alice Rogers, '05, were visitors at rhetoricals Thursday morning.

The High school will be dismissed Thursday and Friday so as to allow the teachers to attend the state convention at Milwaukee.

E. McGlathlin has presented the High school with a \$100 interest bearing confederate note, which he secured on a recent trip to the south.

The Emerson Dramatic club will give a play entitled "The Modern Merchant of Venice," on the afternoon before Thanksgiving. This program will be accompanied by vocal selections and by music by the High school quartette.

At a meeting of the Emerson Literary society, Friday evening, several of the members gave talks on football and base ball. This was followed by a debate, "Resolved, That the present game of foot ball should be abolished in the High schools."

AN INGRATE SOLDIER.

His Cowardly Action Was the Making of a Nobleman.

Here is a story of the battlefield. There was war between the Swedes and the Danes. One day a great battle was fought, and the Swedes were beaten and driven from the field. A soldier of the Danes who had been slightly wounded was sitting on the ground. He was about to take a drink from a flask. All at once he heard some one say:

"Oh, sir, give me a drink, for I am dying."

It was a wounded Swede who spoke. He was lying on the ground only a little way off. The Dane went to him at once. He knelt down by the side of his fallen foe and pressed the flask to his lips. "Drink," said he, "for thy need is greater than mine."

Hardly had he spoken these words when the Swede raised himself on his elbow. He pulled a pistol from his pocket and shot at the man who would have befriended him. The bullet grazed the Dane's shoulder, but did not do him much harm.

"Ah, you rascal!" he cried. "I was going to befriend you, and you repay me by trying to kill me. Now I will punish you. I would have given you all the water, but now you shall have only half." And with that he drank the half of it and then gave the rest to the Swede.

When the king of the Danes heard about this he sent for the soldier and had him tell the story just as it was.

"Why did you spare the life of the Swede after he had tried to kill you?" asked the king.

"Because, sir," said the soldier, "I could never kill a wounded enemy."

"Then you deserve to be a nobleman," said the king. And he rewarded him by making him a knight and giving him a noble title.—"Famous Stories Retold."

A NEW SANDWICH.

A Delicious Novelty For Afternoon Tea or Picnics.

Fannie Mottet Farmer, an authority on cooking, gives the following recipe for a new sandwich in the Woman's Home Companion.

"Somebody sandwiches are as acceptable at an afternoon tea or evening reception as at a picnic. They are made from a bread recipe of which, I think, is unknown to most of my readers, so I will give a list of the ingredients which go to make it, but will presuppose that you know the principles of breadmaking: One-half cupful of scalded milk, one-half cupful of boiling water, one-half tablespoonful of lard, one-half tablespoonful of butter, two tablespoonfuls of molasses, three-quarters of a teaspoonful of salt, one-half a yeast cake dissolved in two tablespoonfuls of lukewarm water, one-half cupful of white flour and enough entire wheat flour to knead and one cupful of English walnut or pecan nut meats broken in pieces. The result is more satisfactory if the nut meats are added while kneading after the first raising. When this bread is twenty-four hours' old, slice as thin as possible, spread sparingly and evenly with creamed butter and put orange marmalade between slices. Remove crusts, cut in triangles or any desired shape and garnish with halves of nut meats, which need a bit of butter on their undersurfaces to keep them in place. To keep moist pack the same as other sandwiches. If orange marmalade is not procurable, make the sandwiches without it, and even then you will have a delicious novelty."

FURNITURE NOVELTY.

Umbrella Cabinet With Places For Holding Overshoes and Veils.

A piece of furniture that is a decided novelty is an umbrella cabinet.

No matter how handsome or elaborate it may be, the ordinary receptacle for umbrellas and walking sticks is not a thing of beauty and does not add to the appearance of the hall in which it stands.

This cabinet, however, is a really attractive piece of furniture, which has the added advantage of protecting its contents from dust and dirt and concealing them so that they do not seem to add to the decorative features of the hall.

Around the sides of the cabinet and also inside both doors are brass hooks, into which the handles of the umbrellas or walking sticks are fastened. Several of the hooks have silk bags attached for the protection of light colored parasols or particularly handsome umbrellas.

A long drawer in the lower part of the cabinet may be used for overshoes, and a shelflike arrangement in the top, which opens on hinges, is useful for holding veils or gloves or small articles left temporarily in the hall.

The whole arrangement is quite compact, occupying but small space, and the inlaid wood of which it is made adds much to the beauty of an article that is built on plain but well proportioned lines.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

An excellent mouth wash, especially in fruit season, because of its good effect upon the teeth, is lime water. To make it pour a quart of boiled or distilled water over a teaspoonful of slaked lime. Pour into a bottle and shake well every fifteen minutes for the first hour. Then allow the lime to settle and pour off the water, which should be bottled for use.

There is no need of brushing the hair if the brush brings it out. Comb it gently with the coarse teeth and apply this tonic: Tincture of nux vomica, one ounce; spirits of rosemary, two ounces; alcohol, two ounces. Apply several times a week to the roots of the hair.

A bad complexion, lacking luster, elasticity and plumpness, often indicates want of goodness in the vital or nutritive system. A mild diet, a gentle temperature, an even digestion, open air exercise, sleep and tranquillity of mind are all necessary to loveliness. Fresh meats to be nutritious should be rare. Avoid all highly spiced foods and drink plenty of water. Oranges, pineapples, grape fruit, olives, whole wheat bread, tomatoes and apples are all beauty foods. Substitute lemon juice for vinegar and eat sparingly of rich salads and pastries.

Cult of the Cat.

The day is past when everything that purrs or meows is considered a cat worth having.

With the ever increasing cult of the cat, owners are becoming more particular about good points, and considerable study is expended by fanciers on the necessary qualifications.

Such qualifications of course vary with the breed. In long haired cats the ruff is the first thing to be considered. The tufts of hair between the toes, the ear tufts and the flexibility of the tail come next.

With the short haired cats the color is of great importance, and so are the eyes, ears and the shape of the head. White cats should have blue eyes, black cats yellow eyes and those of other colors green eyes.

Here are some of the good points to be taken into consideration when buying a cat:

Head—Great breadth between the eyes.

Eyes—Round and wide open.

Nose—short and tapered.

Frame—Light, deep chested.

Legs—Straight.

Ears—Small and rounded.

Neck—Thin and graceful.

Tail—Bent at the end in long haired cats.

TOKYO'S SLUMS.

Worse Than the Worst in Paris, London or New York.

Tokyo has slums whose poverty reaches the last depth of human degradation. Below the cellars of Paris the alleys of London and the crowded slums of the New York east side, the Japanese capital reveals a lower gulf. It is a region that no ray lights. Your moldy man of Paris and your "hoi-toid" of London do have at times fierce joys and moments of acid pleasure, but the microscopic intensity of the distress in the Shitaya quarter of Tokyo bars out all hope. Tokyo has far too many poor people, and their disposition is a pressing problem. Thousands are shipped to Korea and Formosa, but the pressure steadily increases owing to the constant migration of ambitious Japanese from the provinces to the capital city.

Japan carefully avoids all public reference to these great sores on its body politic. Their existence is hidden from the foreign visitor. Rarely does a tourist see the slums, and specialists studying the city for precise information are sedulously kept out of the poorest quarters. Japan is so skillfully press agented that the existence of these miserable puritans is not even suspected by the average student of conditions. It is a journalistic rule in Japan not to say anything that betrays weakness in the life of the people, and it is a rule generally observed. But there are writers in Japan who think that in adopting the civilization of the occident the republican form of government should also have been imported, and these give the ministry trouble at times by telling plain, unpalatable truths. The Kokumin newspaper detailed a representative to live the life of the lowest and poorest in Tokyo, and his articles dealing with life in the Shitaya district created an immense sensation. When translated into English in pamphlet form the government promptly bought up the entire edition and destroyed the plates.

—Walter J. Kingsley in World's Work.

LIKE HUMAN CORKS.

How the Water in Great Salt Lake Treats the Bathers.

Bathing in Great Salt lake is a unique experience.

Flights of steps lead down into the water from the interminable platform along which the bathhouses are situated. The water is quite shallow at first, and you find a rare enjoyment for a time in wriggling your toes about in the salt that forms the bottom in place of accustomed sand. You are obliged to wade out some distance before you experience the peculiar buoyancy of the lake. First you feel your feet trying to swim out from under you. You find it more and more difficult to walk. You begin to float in spite of yourself. Then you realize you are nonsinkable. You can't sink if you want to. Throw yourself on your back or sit down or try to swim, and you bob about like a rocking chair in a freshet. You feel as though you had been turned to cork. You can't help looking at the phenomenon subjectively. You don't see that there is anything peculiar about the water. It looks and feels like any other bathing water—until you get some of it in your eyes or in your mouth. Then you wish you hadn't come. Ocean water is sweet in comparison. In fact, the chemists tell us it is eight times less salty.

You can't drown in the lake by sinking, but you can be suffocated to death, which is just about as uncomfortable and undesirable. We found signs everywhere warning us against being too talkative or too frolicsome in the water.

When we came out we brought with us large deposits of salt on our skin. As the water evaporated we found ourselves covered with white crystals. Only a strong shower bath of fresh water or a good clothes brush can put you into fit condition to dress.—Travel Magazine.

Weighting a Horse's Stern.

Some of the officers and men of a vessel once anchored in the harbor of Funchal, Madeira, went ashore for a horseback ride around the island. About halfway up the mountain we came across a little mizzentopman, flushed and evidently very warm, riding a spirited little horse with a stone tied up in a silk handkerchief slung to his tail.

The first lieutenant laughed and said, "What are you doing with that handkerchief, Brown?"

"Why, you see, sir," said Brown, "that when I first hitched her up she pitched badly, being too much by the head, so I just rigged this stone on aft and brought her down to her bearings, and she sails now like a clipper, sir."

"On a Man-of-war."

What He Had to Say.

"Well, George, do you know it is 1 o'clock? What have you to say for yourself?"

"I did have s-s-something to s-s-say, my dear, b-but you've gone an s-s-scared it out of m-my head. Oh, I remember it n-now."

"Well, what is it?"

"Good night."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Family Jar.

"The body of the late Major Jinks was cremated."

"What they goin' to do with it?"

"His widow has him corked up in a fruit jar. Says it's the last of the family jar."—Atlanta Constitution.

When a girl with an angel food taste marries a man with a ginger bread income it's a sign that she doesn't know on which side her bread is buttered.—Dallas News.

Mayor Johnson Wins.

Elections were held yesterday in 13 different states, New York, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Mississippi, Utah, Tennessee, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Maryland and California. The only election held in the latter state, however, was a municipal contest in San Francisco, where the independent candidate for mayor was elected. The municipal election held at Cleveland, in which Mayor Tom Johnson was a candidate for re-election, with Congressman Burton as his opponent on the Republican side, resulted in the success of Johnson by from 4,000 to 6,000 majority, and is hailed with delight by Democrats, especially as Mayor Johnson is prominently spoken of in connection with the national nomination for president or vice president in 1908. Democrats were also successful in many places in New York, New Jersey and other states, and of course in Mississippi, Tennessee and Kentucky. Massachusetts went Republican by the usual majority, as did also Pennsylvania.

Iron Horse Reaches New England.

H. H. Rose, who left here for North Dakota several months ago and took up a claim near New England, in the southwestern part of that state, writes to The Gazette that he wishes to say a few words to his friends here through this medium, as a number of them have been writing to him and he is unable to answer all. He says a few days ago the steam horse made its appearance at that locality, the Milwaukee & St. Paul line having reached New England on its extension through the west. The road runs within 80 rods of Mr. Rose's homestead. He is located in a beautiful valley, having one of the most desirable tracts of land to be found in that favored locality. He says he would like to have anyone contemplating locating upon land in the west come there and look over the country, as they have good soil, good water and plenty of fuel, consisting of great beds of coal near at hand. The soil is very productive and will grow anything put in the ground. If anyone from here contemplates going out there on a prospecting tour, Mr. Rose would like to have them write him and he will meet them at New England, or he will answer all questions that they may desire to ask, if they write.

Five room house at 317 Water street, for rent. Supplied with city water. Enquire of I. Shafon, Fair store.



You Don't Have to Pound

our meats to make them tender. They are that way when you buy them. And you know there is a great difference in the flavor of naturally tender meats and the pounded tender.

TRY A ROAST

for next Sunday's dinner if you want to enjoy a really fine meal. It will not cost you anything extra, for our prices are as low as you can buy the poorer class of meats for.

A. G. GREEN.

Fifty Years the Standard
DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
A Cream of Tartar Powder
Made from Grapes
NO ALUM

Marriage Licenses.

Frank Golla to Katie Rakowski, both of Stevens Point. Ed. Bukoski to Maggie Felchosi, both of Hull. William Sager to Anna Koch, both of Grant. Walla Beecher, Granton, to Lizzie Frost, Linwood. Anton Wysocki, Stockton, to Tony Ciminski, Sharon.

School Reports.

District No. 3, town of Eau Claire, for month of October. Number of pupils enrolled, 33; average daily attendance, 23. Those present every day: Gertrude Marchel, Fern Aitenburg, Leo Hintz, Richard Liety. Mabel Degen, Teacher.

A Good Liniment.

When you need a good reliable liniment try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It has no superior for sprains and swellings. A piece of flannel slightly dampened with Pain Balm is superior to a plaster for lame back or pains in the side or chest. It also relieves rheumatic pains and makes sleep and rest possible. For sale by H. D. McCulloch Co.

[First pub. Nov. 6—Ins. 4]
ORDER FOR ADJUSTMENT OF CLAIMS and Notice to Creditors.—In Probate—Portage County Court. In the matter of the estate of E. J. C. Ellis, deceased. Letters of administration on the estate of E. J. C. Ellis, deceased, having been issued to Emma Ellis.

It is Ordered that the time until and including the first Tuesday of May, A. D. 1908, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be and is hereby allowed and limited for the creditors of said E. J. C. Ellis, deceased, to present their claims for examination and allowance. It is further Ordered, that all claims and demands against the said E. J. C. Ellis, deceased, be received, examined and adjusted by this court, at the county court rooms, said county, at the regular term thereof, to be held on the first Tuesday of May, 1908.

It is Further Ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time hereby limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publication of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in The Gazette, a weekly newspaper published in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

Dated this 5th day of November, A. D. 1907.
 JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.
 HUMPHREY & CORNELIUS,
 Attys. for the Petitioner.

[1st pub. Nov. 6—Ins. 3]
COUNTY COURT NOTICE.—State of Wisconsin—Portage County.—In County Court. In the matter of the estate of John O'Keefe, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the County Court, to be held in and for said county, at the Court House, in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, on the first Tuesday (being the 3d day) of December, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as such matter can be reached, the following matter will be heard and considered: The application of Mary O'Keefe, administratrix of the estate of John O'Keefe, late of the town of Stockton, deceased, for adjudication and allowance of her administration account and for an order of this court assigning the residue of said estate to the person or persons by law entitled thereto. Dated this 5th day of November, A. D. 1907.

By order of the Court,
 JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.
 McFarland & Murat,
 Attys. for the Administratrix.

Men's Winter Clothing

This is the store where you can be fitted out with anything in MEN'S WEARING APPAREL.

We have just received a fine line of ADLER and STEINBLOCH READY-TO-WEAR SUITS, which we know will meet with your approval and give you excellent service.

Our MADE-TO-MEASURE TAILORING DEPARTMENT has been remodeled and re-arranged in such a way that we are better prepared than ever before to give you exactly what you want in that line.

CONTINENTAL
Clothing Store

Cure Your Dandruff

Why? Because it is annoying, untidy. And mostly, because it almost invariably leads to baldness. Cure it, and save your hair. Get more, too, at the same time. All easily done with Ayer's Hair Vigor, new improved formula. Stop this formation of dandruff!

Does not change the color of the hair.

Formulas with each bottle. Show it to your doctor. Ask him about it. Then go as he says.

Ayer's

The new Ayer's Hair Vigor will certainly do this work, because, first of all, it destroys the germs which are the original cause of dandruff. Having given this aid, nature completes the cure. The scalp is restored to a perfectly healthy condition.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of Greatest Interest from All Parts of the Globe—Latest Home and Foreign Items.

Financial conditions in New York and the east generally were nearly normal again. The need of currency to move the cotton crop developed in the south and a committee from New Orleans conferred with Secretary Cortelyou. The California Safe Deposit & Trust company's bank in San Francisco closed but was believed to be solvent. Bankers in the state of Washington ignored the holiday proclaimed by the governor.

Indications that the available supply of cash would be materially increased within a short time, both by imports of gold and the increase of the bank note circulation, and that the movement of cotton and grain crops would be facilitated in every way possible with the result of increasing our credits abroad, were the salient features of the financial situation.

The executive committee of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of Great Britain voted to call a general strike and it was thought the trouble was unavoidable, despite the efforts of the president of the board of trade and others to effect a settlement.

Dynamite in a trunk exploded in the Union depot at Pittsburg, Pa., and two men were seriously injured.

Police headquarters at Buffalo, N. Y., was destroyed by an incendiary fire, all the records were burned and eight firemen were badly injured.

A life convict at Rawlins, Wyo., killed a keeper, tried to effect his escape with dynamite and failing, killed himself.

The G. B. Rickmans Wine company cellars at Brocton, N. Y., the largest and oldest plant in the Chautauqua grape belt, were destroyed by fire.

After traveling around attired in man's clothes for six weeks, a girl, giving her name as Rosa Moore, of Newark, O., was arrested at Kankakee, Ill.

Ten male inmates and one woman nurse were attacked by diphtheria at the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane at Kankakee.

Govs. Glenn, of North Carolina; Cooper, of Alabama, and Smith, of Georgia, reached a complete agreement on the question of railroad rates within their states.

Deeds were filed with the secretary of state of Minnesota conveying to the Great Northern Railroad company all the subsidiary lines of that system in Minnesota.

Huntington Smith, a wealthy resident of St. Louis, died in his summer home in Castleton, Vt., following a stroke of apoplexy.

Papers in a suit for \$300,000 in salary and commissions were served upon Mrs. L. Z. Leiter, of Chicago, as she landed from a transatlantic steamer in New York. The suit is brought by Hugh Crabbe, of Chicago, who declared he was Mrs. Leiter's confidential agent.

Cotton growers in all parts of Oklahoma and Indian Territory held secret meetings and decided to hold the 1907 pick until cotton prices have advanced to a certain point.

Ernest Saunders, aged 21 years, was found guilty at Pana, Ill., of the murder of John Lundak and his sentence fixed at 25 years in the penitentiary.

The Illinois senate passed the Oglesby direct plurality primary bill as mutilated by its amendments.

Pope Pius was reported to be confined to his bed with heart trouble.

Lieut. Gov. Sanders, of Louisiana, refused to fight a duel with Donelson Cafferey, son of the former United States senator.

Wages of Grand Fork (B. C.) miners and smelter employees were cut by the Granby Smelter company 50 cents a day. A strike may follow.

Mystery surrounds the death of Princess Shun, sister of the dowager empress of China. Women connected with the foreign legations are stirred up over the princess' death.

A verdict of \$559,000 against Joseph Ramsey, Jr., former president of the Wabash railroad, in a suit brought by John S. Jones, a financier and coal land operator, was handed down in the supreme court of New York.

Angered over the summary discharge of Miss Helen E. M. Roberts, of Chicago, the popular assistant principal, 50 students of the Pewaukee (Wis.) high school went on strike, leaving the school in a body. They refused to return unless the teacher was reinstated.

Physicians say bubonic plague caused the death of Mrs. George Osborne at Seattle, Wash. This is said to be the third death from the plague there in two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Kirwan of Springfield, Mass., were found by employees of a hotel in that city lying in their room critically wounded. The husband declared that he and his wife had tried to commit suicide by shooting.

Representatives of the principal steel producing companies, it is said, held a secret meeting in Pittsburg and formed a billet pool to keep up prices.

Heirs of George Washington are seeking to recover the value of lands on which the city of Cincinnati now rests.

Experiments made with "lucidescent" light at the New York Skin and Cancer hospital are declared to have demonstrated that intense light is a powerful cure for pain.

City Councilman G. C. Linde, of St. Louis, was indicted for malfeasance in office and confessed, implicating other members of the city's legislative bodies.

Capt. Granville Fortescue, U. S. A., retired, accepted from Gov. Magoon of Cuba a commission that carries with it the duties of special instructor to the Cuban forces.

Frank Crocker, cashier of the First National Savings bank, of Charlton, Ia., committed suicide after notifying the bank examiner that the bank was overloaned.

The yacht Kingdon, with about 60 members of the Holy Ghost and Us colony at Shiloh, Me., on board and a crew of 20, sailed for the Holy Land.

Notices posted about the Calumet & Hecla works at Houghton, Mich., announced a reduction of wages on December 1 of 12 1/2 per cent., approximately equal to the increase granted early in the year.

Raymond Hitchcock, the comedian who disappeared after being indicted for mistreating girls, was believed by some of his friends to have been kidnapped or murdered by a gang of blackmailers.

Dr. Richard Mohr, general director of the Hahnemann hospital in Philadelphia and professor of materia medica and therapeutics, dropped dead on the street.

E. G. McNair, convicted of wife murder at Beaumont, Tex., committed suicide by hanging himself to the bars of his cell in the county jail at Houston.

As a result of the application of the Pendleton law by which cities of Tennessee can reincorporate without the saloon, over 100 saloons closed their doors in Knoxville.

The supreme court of Massachusetts declared the use of voting machines unconstitutional.

Etta L. McLean, a stenographer in the office of United States District Attorney Sims at Chicago, was arrested on a charge of stealing papers and records in the John R. Walsh case.

The business part of Rockton, Ill., was destroyed by fire with a loss exceeding \$50,000.

The Imperial Tobacco company purchased for \$1,500,000 the entire 1907 tobacco crop pledged to the American Society of Equity in Henderson, Union, Webster, Hopkins and Crittenden counties in Kentucky.

The West Texas Bank & Trust company of San Antonio closed its doors under a temporary suspension of business.

Royal Fowler, of Dayton, who killed his sweetheart, Mary Hagerty, more than a year ago, was electrocuted in the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus.

Fire on State street, Chicago, did \$500,000 damage to the N. B. Holden Shoe company.

In a battle between United States troops and Indians in southern Utah three persons were killed and another wounded, all believed to have been Indians.

Miss Josephine Hill, 30 years old, a teacher in the House of Mercy, a charitable institution conducted by the Sisters of St. Mary of the Protestant Episcopal church in New York, committed suicide by shooting.

Hugh B. Ely, superintendent of the insurance department of the Pennsylvania Railroad company 25 years, died at his home in Beverly, N. J.

Elmer H. Dearth, former Minneapolis insurance commissioner, who was indicted by the grand jury on a charge of accepting a bribe from W. F. Rehtel, former president of a Minneapolis life insurance company, was acquitted of the charge in the district court at Minneapolis.

Mischievous small boys in West Duluth, Minn., attached a piece of wire to an electric light wire and strung it in front of an Austrian boarding house. Yova Mehls, the first man to approach, stepped on it and was instantly killed.

John D. Rockefeller is reported to have cornered all available laborers in the Tarrytown district to work on his new home on Pocantico hill.

Dr. William Polis of the German weather bureau, who attended the aeronautical congress in New York, says America is far ahead of Germany in weather forecasting.

A case which has been occupying the courts at Staunton, Va., for over 100 years has finally been adjudicated. It was known as Pock vs. Borden and \$100,000 was at first involved. Only \$6,000 remains to be divided between 400 persons.

The tobacco situation in Kentucky became serious. Burley growers agreed to cut out next year's crop. Efforts were made to pool this year's crop and to induce buyers to leave the fields. Opposition at Henderson and elsewhere gave promise of trouble.

The mutinous crew of the Russian torpedo boat destroyer at Vladivostok fought with four other warships and a fort and was subdued only after a number of men had been killed or wounded.

The little town of Karatagh, in the Hussar district of Bokhara, was overwhelmed and completely destroyed by a landslide that followed the earthquake of October 21. It was believed 1,500 persons perished.

Commissioner General Sargent of the bureau of immigration denied the appeal of a confessed eloping couple from Berlin, Germany, for admission to the United States.

T. E. McDonald, superintendent of the United States Express company at Milwaukee, announced that the amount of money stolen from his company at the night depot office in that city the night of October 23 was \$18,500.

Charging that football is prize fighting, Attorney S. R. Moore, of Kankakee, Ill., filed a bill in the circuit court for an injunction restraining high school students from playing the game.

The grand jury indicted John J. Stanley, vice president and general manager of the Cleveland Electric Railway company, charging him with endeavoring to influence a witness.

The Friend Paper company, of West Carrollton, a suburb of Dayton, O., was placed in the hands of a receiver on application of its president, J. Howard Friend.

Raymond Hitchcock, indicted in New York for alleged misconduct with three little girls, disappeared and the district attorney's men say that he either has fled to Europe or has committed suicide. His wife, known on the stage as Flora Zabelle, says she thinks he has been murdered.

E. H. Slover, sheriff of Coles county, Illinois, arrested Judge Peter S. Grosscup of the United States circuit court on a charge of manslaughter, contained in indictments returned at Charleston, Ill., as a result of the fatal wreck last summer on the Charleston-Mattoon interurban line, of which Judge Grosscup is a director.

The steamer Cormorant, of the Edward Heinze Lumber company's fleet, caught fire and burned to the water's edge near Superior, Wis.

Receivers were appointed for the South Baltimore Steel Car & Foundry company. Its liabilities were nearly \$1,000,000 and its assets much greater.

William D. Everett, president of the Williams & Everett company, picture and fine arts dealers, of Boston, committed suicide by inhaling gas. No cause for the act is known.

Hawaii's sugar crop for 1907 is the largest in the history of the islands. It amounts to 420,000 tons. Next year's crop promises to reach 575,000 tons.

The pope excommunicated Father Tyrell and other critics of his encyclical on modernism.

Nearly 5,000 Chinese arrived at the port of Salina Cruse, Mex., on their way to the United States, where they are under the impression they will be allowed to remain.

Gov. Warner of Michigan and his staff, in full uniform, accompanied by members of their families, were received at the White House by President Roosevelt on their homeward journey from the Jamestown exposition.

Eloping lovers and others who seek hasty or secret marriages will no longer find a Gretna Green in the Little Church Around the Corner in New York. Dr. George C. Houghton, the rector, says it is his purpose that the bans shall be published in the old-fashioned way in the future.

The miners and smeltermen's unions at Butte, Mont., received notice from the Amalgamated Copper and other companies that the old scale of wages will be enforced after November 1, in accordance with contract, which will mean a reduction for about 7,000 men.

Judge Peter S. Grosscup, of the United States circuit court, and Marshall E. Sampsell, one of the receivers of the Chicago Union Traction company, with other members of the board of directors and officers of the Mattoon & Charleston Interurban Railroad company, were indicted at Charleston, Ill., in connection with the wreck on the electric railway last August. The true bills charge criminal negligence tending to produce manslaughter. Warrants for the arrest of the defendants were issued.

Maximilien Harden, editor of the Zukunft, was acquitted in Berlin on the charge of defamation of character brought by Gen. Count Kuno von Moitke, former military governor of Berlin. Gen. von Moitke was condemned to bear the costs of the trial.

MAYFLOWER CAPTAIN

C. T. VOGELGESANG ASSIGNED TO PRESIDENT'S YACHT.

Is an Officer of Wide and Varied Experience—President Impressed by Ability on Panama Trip Influence Selection.

Washington.—"He is a good shipmate," is the opinion of the officers of the navy regarding Lieutenant Commander Carl T. Vogelgesang, who has just been assigned to the command of the Mayflower, President Roosevelt's private yacht.

He is not only one well liked in the service, but possesses a high order of ability and has had an eventful and successful career in the navy.

President Roosevelt's new protege was born in 1867 in California, and entered the naval academy Sept. 6, 1886, and was graduated July 1, 1892. From that time the department made him lead a busy life. He did duty successively on the wooden cruiser Mohican, the supply ship Celtic and was in the bureau of navigation when the war with Spain began and he was ordered to the gunboat Bancroft which did blockade duty on the Cuban coast.

At the close of the Spanish war Lieutenant Commander Vogelgesang made an expedition around the Isle of Pines to gather information for the government. As a recognition for this service he was given a medal of honor. Then he went around Cape Horn, with Capt. Barker, and to the Philippines, where he was placed in command of one of the light draught launches and conducted a vigorous campaign against the hostile natives in the dangerous country on the north of Manila bay. It required a resourceful and courageous man for this duty. But he met the situation to the satisfaction of his superiors, and succeeded in clearing the region of this undesirable element, and brought about peace, which has never been broken.

In 1901 he returned to the United States and was assigned to the battle ship Wisconsin, and was in command of the turret in which a gun crew broke the record for rapid and accurate gun practice. Later he was a government inspector of materials, and his next assignment was to the first-class battle ship Kentucky, where he remained until transferred to duty at the bureau of navigation in the navy department.

When the battle ship Louisiana went to Panama with President Roosevelt on board, Lieutenant Commander Vogelgesang was the navigating officer, and it was then he first attracted the notice of President Roosevelt, who was so favorably impressed by the efficient manner in which the young officer performed his duty that he caused him to be placed in command of the Mayflower. The best officers of the navy are chosen for this duty.

Lieutenant Commander Vogelgesang is an expert turret captain. After the disastrous explosion on the battle ship Georgia, when several officers and men lost their lives, he was appointed on the special turret board to investigate the cause of the accident.

He, with the other officers of the board, visited the vessels of the fleet



LIEUT. COM. VOGELGESANG, U.S.N.

REPLY BY SANDERS

SAYS THAT CAFFEREY KNOWS WHERE TO FIND HIM.

LOUISIANA IS EXCITED

Son of Former Senator "Posts" the Lieutenant Governor, Whose Friends Will Not Let Him Fight Duel.

New Orleans, La.—The firm reply of Lieut. Gov. J. Y. Sanders Sunday to what has been universally accepted as a challenge for a duel by Donelson Cafferey, son of the late United States Senator Donelson Cafferey, has created a dramatic political situation in Louisiana.

Another matter, entirely foreign to the personal combat, increases the tension. The practically rival proclamations of the lieutenant governor and of Gov. Blanchard of the coming extra session of the legislature were brought face to face by the governor's arrival here Sunday from the east.

Early Sunday morning, in close conformity to the code of honor, Mr. Sanders issued a written reply to the statements of Mr. Cafferey. This statement declared that the lieutenant governor holds himself personally responsible for the utterances which caused the trouble, and adds:

"I am prepared to meet that responsibility, and Mr. Cafferey knows where to find me."

Preceding this statement, two representatives of each man in the dispute had held conferences and Mr. Sanders' friends had declared firmly they would not accept a challenge in accordance with the duelling code because the lieutenant governor could not violate the statute law making duelling a crime.

Next followed the "posting" of several sections of the state by Mr. Cafferey with hand bills stating that satisfaction had been refused him by Mr. Sanders. These hand bills declared that the lieutenant governor had called some of Mr. Cafferey's statements untrue.

The discretion of both the lieutenant governor and Mr. Cafferey is relied on to prevent a personal encounter. There are fears, however, that friends of the disputants may be drawn into a serious quarrel.

FAST TRAIN IS WRECKED.

Queen & Crescent Passenger Collides with Freight—Two men Killed.

Birmingham, Ala.—Fast passenger train No. 3, on the Queen & Crescent, going at a high rate of speed, collided head-on with a freight train one mile south of Morganville, Ga., Sunday morning. Two men were killed, six seriously injured and about 20 passengers sustained more or less painful injuries.

The dead are: C. B. Spencer, engineer, of Birmingham, and William Walker, a negro brakeman.

Three coaches, mail, express and second-class passenger, were burned, all the mail and express matter being entirely consumed. The passenger train was over an hour behind time and it is said by officials it was running 70 miles an hour as the track at this point is exceptionally fine.

BRUTE IS ALMOST LYNCHED.

Assailant of Girl at Marietta, O., Rescued from Furious Mob.

Marietta, O.—John Sweeney, a married man, 35 years old, narrowly escaped being lynched by a mob for a dastardly assault on Anna Koon, a 14-year-old girl, Sunday afternoon.

Sweeney, who is the father of five children, was caught with the child in one of the buildings of the fair grounds, which is situated in the residence district, where a crowd quickly collected, and binding him with a rope, started for the Muskingum river, bent on throwing him in. The police arrived in time to rescue him and fought the crowd back to the police station.

ONE MAN ROBS FIVE HOTELS.

Highwayman in Prescott, Ariz., Also Fatally Wounds a Man.

Prescott, Ariz.—A lone highwayman armed with a knife Saturday night entered five hotels in this city, fatally wounded one of the guests who offered resistance, and made his escape after robbing a score of people encountered during his single-handed raids.

The man first made his appearance in the Schuterman hotel, where he was discovered by Robert Lutely. The latter resisted when the robber made demands for his valuables, and was almost cut to pieces by his assailant.

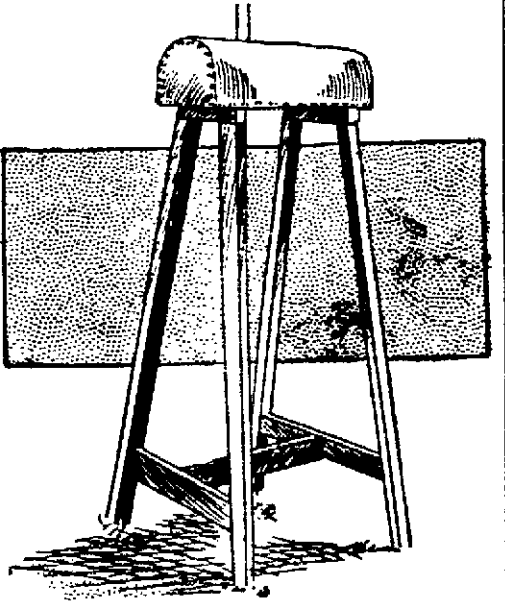
Grand Rapids Plant is Burned.

Grand Rapids, Mich.—Fire destroyed the plant of the Grand Rapids Clock & Mantel company Sunday. The building was filled with clocks and mantels. The loss is \$70,000.

A HUNTING PARSON.

Preached His Sermons Seated on a Saddle Top Stool.

London.—At the picturesque old church of Berkswell in Warwickshire, there is to be seen a saddle-top stool



Saddle-Top Stool Once Used in Pulpit.

made according to the wish of a former incumbent who was a keen follower of the hounds. The pastime almost became the passion of his life, so much so that he actually had the stool made and placed in his pulpit, and seated astride of it he preached his sermons Sunday by Sunday throughout the year. The proceeding was a novel one for this country, but in Australia horseback services are not so rare.

One of them took place some years ago in a parish, which as well as the surrounding district, had been visited by serious floods. The dwelling houses were many feet deep in water, but the people were determined not to forego their Sabbath services, so they set out on horseback for their little chapel, only to find on arriving there that that was also flooded out. The minister was a man of resource, and he suggested that they should hold service just as they were, mounted on horseback, outside the church. Every one immediately fell in with the idea, and hymns were sung and a sermon preached just as fervently as if the worshippers had been seated inside the church. Then when the service was over the worshippers turned their horses' heads and rode home through the flood.

WILL SEEK SCHMITZ' PLACE.

San Francisco Unions Plan to Elect P. H. McCarthy Mayor.

San Francisco.—Will union labor elect the next mayor of San Francisco, notwithstanding the sins of its old candidate, Eugene Schmitz?

The old parties fear the present labor candidate, P. H. McCarthy. He himself boldly declares at his meetings:

"I am San Francisco's next mayor."

McCarthy is a wonder as an organizer. For fifteen years he has been president of the building trades council, the strongest body of affiliated unions in the United States. For ten years he has been in the thickest of San Francisco's political fights.

McCarthy expects to make a great fight. He says his defeat will sound



P. H. MCCARTHY

the knell of unionism in San Francisco.

It is asserted that President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation will come here in person to super vise the campaign, even going so far as to bid on the city's bonds as a guaranty of McCarthy's ability to restore confidence in the east.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be addressed to the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as a matter of courtesy, and on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and addresses to have the letters and news plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher because of the careless manner in which they are written.

FRIDAY THE 13TH

A Novel by
THOMAS W. LAWSON

Author of
"Frenzied Finance."

(Copyright, 1907, Doubleday, Page & Co.)

CHAPTER IX.—Continued.

"This was easy, because Barry Conant, not knowing of my newly invented trick, could buy only what he could pay for on the morrow, or, at least, what he believed his clients could pay for; while I, not intending to deliver what I sold—unless by smashing the price to a point where I could compel those who had bought to resell to me at millions less than I sold at—could sell unlimited amounts—literally unlimited amounts. When Barry Conant had bought all that he thought he could pay for, he was obliged to beat a retreat in front of my offerings, and I was able to smash, and smash, until the price was so low that he could not by the use of what he had bought, as collateral, borrow sufficient to pay me for what I had sold him. Then he was compelled to turn about and sell what he had bought from me, and when I had re-bought it for ten millions less than I had sold it for, the trick had been turned. I had sold him 100,000 shares say at 220. He had sold them back to me say at 120, and he stood where he had stood at the beginning. He had none of the 100,000 shares. Both of us stood, so far as stock was concerned, where we had stood at the beginning, but as to profits and losses there was this difference: I had ten millions of dollars profits, while Barry Conant's clients, the 'System,' were ten millions losers—and all by a trick. The trick did not differ in principle from the one in constant practice by the 'System.' When the 'System,' after manufacturing Sugar stock, sell 100,000 shares to the people for \$10,000,000, they so manipulate the market by the use of the \$10,000,000 that they have taken from the people as to scare them into selling the 100,000 shares back to them for \$5,000,000. After they have bought they again manipulate the market until the people buy back for \$10,000,000 what they sold for \$5,000,000. The 'System' commits no legal crime. I committed no legal crime. I had not even infringed any rule of the exchange, any more than had the 'System' when they performed their trick. Since my experimental panic I have repeatedly put the trick in operation, and each time I have taken millions, until to-day I have in my control, as absolutely as though I had honestly earned them, as the laborer earns his week's wages, or the farmer the price of his crops, over \$1,000,000,000, or sufficient to keep enslaved the rest of their lives a million people.

"What do you intelligent men think of this situation? You know, because you know the stock-gambling game, that the American people, with their boasted brains and courage, come year after year with their bags of gold, the result of their prosperous labors, and dump them, hundreds of millions, into this gambling inferno of yours. You know that they are fools, these silly millions of people whom you term lambs and suckers. You chuckle as, year after year, having been sent away shorn, they return for new shearing. You marvel that the merchants, manufacturers, miners, lawyers, farmers, who have sufficient intelligence to gather such surplus legitimately, would bring it to our gambling hell, where upon all sides is plain proof that who conduct the gambling, and who produce nothing, are obliged to take from those who do produce, hundreds of millions each year for expenses, and hundreds of millions each year for profits—for you know that we have nothing to give them in return for what they bring to us. You know that every dollar of the billions lost in Wall street means higher prices for steel rails, for lumber and cars, and that this means higher passenger and freight rates to the people. You know that when the manufacturer brings his wealth to Wall street and is robbed of it, he will add something to the price of boots and shoes, cotton and woolen clothes, and other necessities that he makes and that he sells to the people. You know that when the copper, lead, tin, and iron miners part with their surplus to the 'System,' it means higher prices to the people for their copper pots and gutters, for the water that comes through lead pipes, for their tin dippers and wash boilers, and for their rents, and all those necessities into which machinery, lumber, and other raw and finished material enters. You know that every hundred millions dropped by real producers to the brigands of our world means lower wages or less of the necessities and luxuries for all the people, and espe-

cially for the farmer. You know that it is habit with us of Wall street to gloat over the doctrine of the 'System,' which the people parrot among themselves, the doctrine that the people at large are not affected by our gambling, because they, the people, having no surplus to gamble with, never come into Wall street. And yet, knowing all this, you never thought, with all your wisdom and cynicism, that right here in this institution, which you own and control, was the open sesame for each or all of you, to those great chests of gold that your clients, the 'System,' have filled to bursting from the stores of the people. What, I ask, do you wise men think of the situation as you now see it?"

There was an oppressive stillness on the floor. The great crowd, which now contained nearly all the members of the exchange, listened with bulging eyes and open mouths to the revelations of their fellow member.

Dob Brownley paused and looked down into the faces of the breathless gamblers with a contempt that was superb. He went on:

"Men of Wall street, it is writ in the books of the ancients that every evil contains within itself a cure or a destroyer. I do not pretend that what I am revealing to you is to you a cure for this hideous evil, but I do say that what I am giving you is a destroyer for it, and that while it will be to the world a cure, it may leave you in a more fiery hell than the one of which you now feel the flames. I do not care if it does. When I am through, any member of the New York stock exchange who feels the iron in his soul can get instant revenge and unlimited wealth. You who are turning over in your minds the consideration that your great body can make new rules to render my discovery inoperative, are dealing with a shadow. There is no rule or device that can prevent its working. There are 1,000 seats in the New York stock exchange. They are

to attempt the crimes. I repeat that there are at all times exchange members who will commit any crime, barring, perhaps, murder, to gain millions. That you may see that my successors will surely come from your midst from time to time during the future existence of the exchange, I will enumerate the different classes of members who will follow in my footsteps:

"First, the 'In God We Trust' schemer who is of the 'System' type, but who is outside the magic circle. A man of this class will reason: I know scores of men, who stand high on 'the Street' and in the social world, who have tens of millions that they have filched by 'System' tricks, if not by legal crimes. If I perform this trick of Brownley's, the trick of selling short until a panic is produced, I shall make millions and none will be the wiser. For all I know, many of the multi-millionaires whom I have seen produce panics and who were applauded by 'the Street' and the press for their ability and daring, and whose standing, business and social, is now the highest, were only doing this same thing, and having been successful, they have never been detected or suspected. But even suppose I fail, which can only be through some extraordinary accident happening while I am engaged in selling, I shall have committed no crime, and, in fact, shall have done no one any great moral wrong, for if I fail to carry out my contract to deliver the stock I have sold in trying to produce a panic, the men to whom I have sold will be no worse off for not receiving what they bought; in fact, they will stand just where they stood before I attempted to bring on a panic.

"Second, if an exchange member for any reason should find himself overboard and should realize that he must publicly become bankrupt and lose all, he surely would be a fool not to attempt to produce a panic, when its production would enable him to recoup



Robert Brownley Glared Down Defiantly as a Sullen Growl Arose from the Gamblers.

worth to-day \$95,000 apiece, or \$95,000,000 in all. Their value is due to the fact that this exchange deals in between one and three million shares a day. Were any attempt made to prevent the operation of my invention, transactions would be because of such attempt drop to five or ten thousand shares per day, or to such transactions as represented stock that will be actually delivered and actually paid for. To make my invention useless it must be made impossible to buy or sell the same share of stock more than once at one session, and short selling, which is now, as you know, the foundation of the modern stock-gambling structure, must likewise be made impossible. If this could be done the \$95,000,000 worth of seats in the exchange would be worth less than five millions, and what is of far greater import to all the people, the financial world would be revolutionized. Men of Wall street, do not fool yourselves. My invention is a sure destroyer of the greatest curse in the world, stock-gambling."

A sullen growl rose from the gamblers. Robert Brownley glared down at them.

"Let me show you the impossibility of preventing in the future anyone's doing what I have done to you so many times during the past five years. All the capital required to work my invention is nerve and desperation, or nerve without desperation. It is well known to you that there are at all times exchange members who will commit any crime, barring, perhaps, murder, to gain millions. Your members have from time to time shown nerve or desperation enough to embezzle, raise certificates, give bogus checks, counterfeit stocks and bonds, and this for gain of less than millions, and when detection was probable. All these are criminal offenses and their detection is sure to bring disgrace and state prison. Yet members of this exchange desperate enough to take the chance, when confronted with loss of fortune and open bankruptcy, have always been found with nerve enough

his losses and prevent his failure, and when if by accident he should fall in his attempt to produce a panic, the penalty would simply be his bankruptcy, which would have taken place in any event.

"The third class is that large one that always will exist while there is stock-gambling, a class of honest, square-dealing-play-the-game-fair exchange men who would take no unfair advantage of their fellow-members until they become awakened to the knowledge that they are about to be ruined by their fellow-members' trickery.

"Next, let us consider further whether it is possible for our exchange to prevent my device from being worked, now that it is known to all. Suppose the governing committee was informed in advance that the attempt to work the trick was to be made. If, at any session, after gong-strike, the governing committee, or any exchange authority, could for any reason compel a member to cease operating, even for the purpose of showing that his transactions were legitimate, the entire structure of stock-gambling would fall. Think it through: Suppose a man like Barry Conant or myself, or any active commission broker, begins the execution of a large order for a client, one, say, who has advance information of a receivership, a fire at a mine, the death of a president, a declaration of war, or any of the hundred and one items of information that must be acted upon instantly, where a delay of a minute would ruin the broker, or his house, or its clients. If the governing committee could thus call the broker to account, the professional bear or the schemer, who desired to prevent him from selling, would have but to pass the word to the president of the exchange that the broker in question was about to work Brownley's discovery and he could be taken from his place could be taken by others and he could be ruined.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

SOME WEAK POINTS

COMMERCIAL CLUBS SOMETIMES MAKE BLUNDERS.

STARTING NEW ENTERPRISES

Bonuses Often Given and Little Benefits Gained by the Towns That Give—Protecting Established Industries.

Within the past few years a commercial club organization fever has taken hold of many towns in the western country. It is a kind of good fever to have, but quite often, like other of the less harmless fevers that afflict the physically, passes away and doesn't make much difference with the our general health.

Town-building is much like erecting a good bridge. It is essential that a good foundation be laid. Natural conditions have much to do with it. Cities and towns spring up where there is a good cause for their existence. Artificial means may be employed for "booming" purposes, but unless there be something substantial and lasting, all the booming that can be done will not result in the accomplishment of permanent good. The average rural town receives its principal support from the business given it by the contiguous territory. The trade of a limited section of country will sustain a comparative number of business establishments. If a town possesses natural advantages, location, etc., for certain lines of manufacturing, so much the better. It would be foolish, as have been demonstrated in a number of western towns, to commence the manufacture of cottons, or silks, or furniture, when the raw material must be transported from a great distance, and also the fuel for power.

Still, if a town assume any great proportions, there must be industries to give the people occupation. The judicious investment of capital in canning factories, in paper mills, in glucose works and a few other enterprises, if these enterprises are rightly conducted, might prove a valuable factor in some of the western towns.

When a commercial club is organized, generally efforts are made to secure some industry for the town that will give its people employment and which will bring new residents to the town. Quite often bonuses are offered concerns, which are located in other places to relocate. It has been the general experience of towns which have made efforts along these lines that a concern that asks very much encouragement in the way of ready cash, is hardly worth bothering with and is likely to prove a failure.

Another thing that the average commercial club does not take in consideration is that it is better to build up institutions already located than to encourage new ones of doubtful success. A manufacturing concern is only valuable to the town as a means of placing a greater amount of money in circulation. The greater the pay roll, the better for the town. But it matters not how big the amount is that is distributed among workers on a Saturday night, it results in little good to the town if it is sent to some other town for needed supplies.

Commercial club members should keep in mind that it is far better to devise means of keeping money earned by farmers and laborers from being sent to large cities for goods, than it is to have new concerns started. If there be a few hundred dollars a day sent from the place to mail-order houses, it would be far better to prevent this by devising means for having it spent in the town, than to encourage the location of a factory with a pay roll of a like amount. It should be the first duty of a commercial organization to protect its home industries, and when strangers see that this is successful they will be more likely to seek the place as suitable for the establishment of some business enterprise.

D. M. CARR.

Home Trade Idea Not New.

Day after day the people are awakening to the fact that the only way the evils of trusts can be combated is by an adherence to the home trade doctrine. It is nothing new. It was the sentiment that prompted the founders of our government to sound the clarion of liberty from the summit of Bunker Hill. Then, it was the forcing of a people dependent on another government to pay an unjust tribute for necessities of life. To-day it is one class of people of a nation, and the greatest nation on earth, to compel the other classes to pay unjust tribute in a commercial way. The wrong was righted by blood in the first case; the wrong can be righted in the present case by the people without resorting to serious trouble, by merely exercising their prerogatives and the means that lie in their power to prevent the concentration of great wealth in the big financial centers by keeping their surplus earnings at home. It is the draining the dollars from the country to the large cities that assist in building up the great combines, the great trusts, which are manipulated to the detriment of the people of the country at large. It does not require special legislation for the farmer to buy flour made in his home mill; to use other products made in his country or state, or to patronize the merchants of his home town.

Value of Good Roads.

Good roads leading to a town indicate the progressiveness of the citizens of the community. Invariably poor roads mean indifference and lack of confidence in the stability of the town.

TO THE FARMER-BOY.

His Chances Are Best in His Home Town Rather Than in the Big City.

My boy, the farm is all right. Sometimes you may feel that its environs are too narrow for you, its life too much of a humdrum, and that you would prefer to be one of the residents of the big city or town. There have been hundreds and thousands of others just like you, and with just such ideas. They have started from the farm buoyant with hope, and after years have regretted their youthful resolutions. Others have succeeded; have won laurels in the professional field, in business, in statesmanship; but the few who have succeeded thus are so small in number compared to the army of failures that there is little encouragement for the careful thinker to leave that which promises security from want and independence for a life time. The farmer is surely the most independent of all workers. He is sure to receive a greater reward for his labors, is his own manager, and if he will strive diligently can aspire to a place in the public estimate that few can attain in the large towns.

Of course there are times when you think there is almost an unbearable dullness about existence on the farm. Were you a resident of the city, there would be times when you would long for the quietness and the pleasure that the farm affords. Hours of work may be long riding the plow, or harvesting the grain, but far superior is the work than that the great majority of the city youths are compelled to follow, and how much greater the compensation? How would you like to stand behind the dry goods or grocery counter from morning to night for the small wages that the city clerk receives? Year after year the laborer lives in cheap boarding houses and rarely save sufficient to engage in business. His is a mere subsistence, and a constant struggle. The best years of life are wasted in making money for others, while the industrious farmer is working for himself, saving money year after year, and when the time for rest comes it enables him to take it.

Cities are overcrowded with clerk help. An advertisement inserted in any daily paper for a clerk to fill any position will bring hundreds of responses. The array of unemployed and those seeking to better their conditions is always large. Of late years a large element of workers from cities are looking toward the farms for employment. They realize that the farm offers more permanency of occupation and greater independence than like efforts in the city can possibly afford. Before you concentrate your attention on employment in city or town, weigh every matter well, and then act according to what reason dictates. You will be very likely to conclude that the farm is a good enough place for you, and that your own little home town is preferable to the over-crowded city. Remember that your greatest interests center in what you call your "home town." Do all you can to assist in its improvement, and make it a better business place.

D. M. CARR.

OPPOSED TO LOCAL PROGRESS.

Journals That Help to Concentrate Business in Large Cities.

There are thousands of so-called agricultural papers published in the United States, all of more or less merit. Yet few are all that they should be. There is an inconsistency about them that invites careful study. While they are supposed to represent the best interests of the great class of workers whom they gain support from in the way of subscriptions, the majority of them apparently work against the progress of farming communities by becoming the mediums, a part of the machinery, which draws from country towns the support which they should have.

It is to be regretted that many of these so-called agricultural papers are merely published for the purpose of circulating the advertisements of concerns which seek to secure trade from residents of farming districts to the detriment of the home towns. These establishments take money from the rural communities to the large financial centers. The thoughtful man or woman can see how injurious it is to the interests of the farmers to take away the surplus earnings which represent the wealth of the community. It requires but little observation and study to understand that to a great extent farm values are dependent upon the importance of the nearby town, and that any system that takes away its business, will result in a decrease of farm values. Such papers as advise the farmers to patronize other than home institutions and which advocate systems that are opposed to the up-building of industries in agricultural districts are not worthy of support.

Education.

Intelligence is the distinguishing mark between the savage and civilized man. Education is one of the greatest of God's blessings, and ignorance a curse. In America there exists no valid reason why every man, woman and child of normal brain should not have an education. There is no phase of life where knowledge is not necessary. In the most progressive communities is where the superior schools are found. Help along your town and help along education in general. By affording your children a chance for a good education, you offer them riches that cannot be destroyed; it is ready cash in hand, assets that one cannot be robbed of only by act of Providence.

EATS NUTS; HAS FINE HEALTH.

Squirrel's Fare and Water Year Around Sylvester's Only Diet.

Boston.—George B. Sylvester, of Roxbury, eats nuts and nothing else the year round, doesn't drink coffee or stimulants, the only liquid that Mr. Sylvester drinks is warm water that is taken after half of his meal of nuts is consumed.

Mr. Sylvester is a bachelor and lodges at 27 Montrose street, Roxbury. He is 61 years of age, and began to live on nuts two and a half years ago, finding it a cheaper way of living, and enjoys the best of health since he stopped eating other food.

Mr. Sylvester wanted some nutriment to take the place of meat, which was harmful to him in hot weather and didn't seem to agree with him in winter, so he decided to live on nuts, finding as much and more nutriment in them than meat. Peanuts, chestnuts and all other nuts in their season are eaten by Mr. Sylvester. The only time he breaks his diet is Christmas and Thanksgiving.

"Mastication is the most important thing in living on nuts," said Mr. Sylvester to the reporter; "if the nuts are chewed until no taste remains then swallowed, they are the healthiest and best thing for a man to live on. They don't make you good looking, as you can see by me, that's why you can't have my picture, but for a man 61 years old I'm as healthy as can be found in Boston." Judging from Mr. Sylvester's looks his statement is right.

GOAT STARVES HIMSELF.

Fine Mountain Specimen in Pittsburg Refuses to Eat.

Pittsburg.—Intended as a gift to the zoo of Riverview park, Allegheny, a fine mountain goat, brought from British Columbia by D. C. Byers of Sewickley, will instead, as the result of an incident, go to the Carnegie museum. The incident was the death of the goat.

Mr. Byers and W. R. Scalfie returned from a hunting trip of several weeks in Canada. The goat, a fine specimen, weighing more than 250 pounds, was captured in the Stickline river, on the border line between Alaska and British Columbia. It is supposed to have been chased into the water by a bear.

The death of the goat was directly due to starvation. He refused to eat a bite while in captivity. On only two or three occasions did the goat drink any water, either. It was expected, however, that after his being taken from the box in which he was shipped to Pittsburg he would begin eating. Instead, he shied at food more than ever.

Mr. Byers says the goat has a fine pair of horns and is a magnificent specimen in every way. When he reaches the museum and is mounted proudly on a rocky pedestal, it is expected he will attract almost as much attention as if he were alive in a zoo.

CELESTIAL CALAMITY AT YALE.

Scion of Royal Family Plunged or Head in Deep Marsh Hole.

New Haven, Conn.—An international calamity marked the first of the Yale geological outings, when a number of the students under the guidance of Prof. Barrett started on an expedition to the quarries along Stony creek. With the party was Ponson Carlos Chu of Shanghai, a scion of the royal family of China, whose father is high in the government life of the country.

Riding to the quarries in a freight car, the students spent several hours, starting back through the marshes for a short cut to the railroad. Ponson is one of the dandiest sports Yale has seen in several years, and he nearly fainted at the sight of the marsh and looked at his new fall costume. Accepting the offer of Arthur Mullin, of Salem, O., to carry him across on his back, all went well until Mullin stepped into an unseen hole to his waist and the royal lad from China was thrown head foremost, his head going deep into the mud and his princely legs sticking up in the air. He was rescued, but his face had changed from the Mongolian yellow to the sambo hue of the Ethiopian.

Ponson says geology is a hard course.

OWL FIGHTS LIKE EAGLE.

Huntsman Interferes with Its Pursuit of a Squirrel.

Allentown, Pa.—Adam Rohlinger, of Upper Milford, the other morning started for the Coleraine mountains on a squirrel hunt. He started early, so as to arrive just before sunrise, when the squirrels begin to feed.

Just as dawn was breaking Mr. Rohlinger saw a monster owl flitting through the woods, and the next instant it darted for a squirrel.

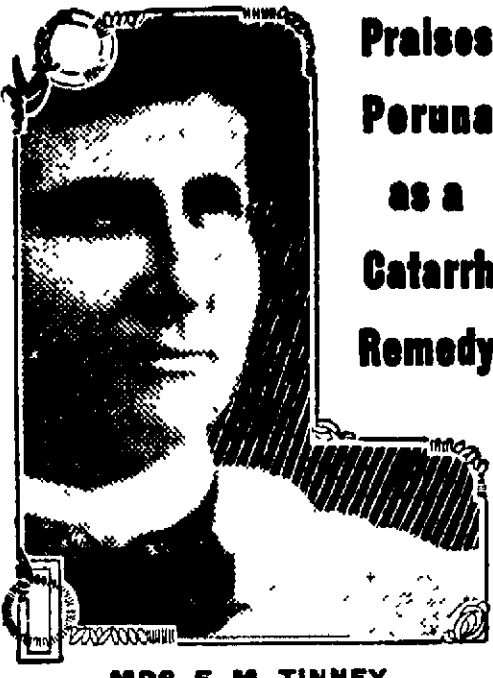
It missed and tried again. Then Rohlinger fired. It dropped and Rohlinger tried to pick it up and immediately discovered that instead of killing it he had only succeeded in breaking its wing.

The wounded owl fastened its talons in Rohlinger's hand and put up so desperate a fight that before the hunter succeeded in killing it his face and hands were torn and scratched in a frightful manner and he was totally exhausted.

A physician dressed and cauterized his wounds.

The owl is one of the biggest seen along these mountains in many years, and Rohlinger will have it stuffed and mounted.

A TALENTED WRITER



Praises Peruna as a Catarrh Remedy

Mrs. E. M. Tinney, story writer, 325 E. Nueva St., San Antonio, Tex., writes:

"During 1901 I suffered from nasal catarrh, which various other remedies failed to relieve.

"Six bottles of Peruna, which I took, entirely cured me, the catarrh disappearing and never returning.

"I therefore cheerfully recommend Peruna to all similarly afflicted."

Mrs. Ellen Nagle, 414 4th street, Green Bay, Wis., writes:

"I have often heard Peruna praised and it is more widely known here than any other medicine, but I never knew what a splendid medicine it really was until a few weeks ago when I caught a bad cold which settled all over me.

"The doctor wanted to prescribe, but I told him I was going to try Peruna and sent for a bottle and tried it.

"I felt much better the next morning and within five days I had not a trace of any lameness or any cough.

"I consider it the finest cough remedy."

PERUNA TABLETS:—Some people prefer to take tablets, rather than to take medicine in a fluid form. Such people can obtain Peruna tablets, which represent the solid medicinal ingredients of Peruna.

What He Learned.

Proud Father—Welcome back to the old farm, my boy. So you got through college all right?

Farmer's Son—Yes, father.

P. F.—Ye know, I told ye to study up chemistry and things, so you'd know best what to do with different kinds of land. What do you think of that flat medder there, for instance?

F. S.—Cracky, what a place for a ball game!

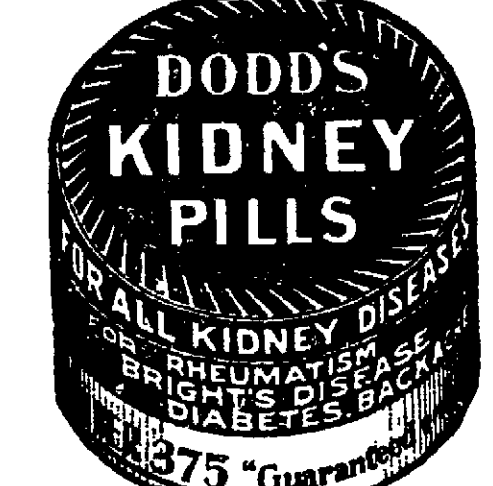
\$100 a Month

Can be made by any bright man or woman who will act as my representative in this township. Here's an unusual opportunity. Write to-day, H. W. Cole, 1149-15th St., Washington, D. C.

By nature God is worthy of every pains to be acquainted with.—Plato.

Lewis' Single Binder costs more than other 5c cigars. Smokers know why. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Most married men do as they please in their minds.



WESTERN CANADA

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Some of the choicest lands in the grain growing belts of Saskatchewan and Alberta have recently been opened for settlement under the Revised Homestead Regulations of Canada. Thousands of homesteads of 160 acres each are now available. The new regulations make it possible for entry to be made by proxy, the opportunity that many in the United States have been waiting for. Any member of a family may make entry for any other member of the family who may be entitled to make entry for himself or herself. Entry may now be made before the nearest or Sub-Agent of the District by proxy (on certain conditions by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader).

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North West Provinces, excepting 4 and 56 not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person the head of a family, or male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

The fee in each case will be \$10.00. Churches, schools, and marketable property. Healthy climate, splendid crops and good laws. Grain growing and cattle raising principal industries.

For further particulars as to routes, routes, best time to go and where to locate, apply to:

C. J. BROUGHTON, Room 430 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.
W. H. ROGERS, third floor, Traction Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.
or T. O. CURRIE, Room 12, Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

Cylinder Pressman Wanted

WANTED:—A first-class cylinder Pressman. State whether union or non-union. Address

Lock Box 743 CHICAGO, ILL.

Pain Paint

Return this with 20 cents stamp and will mail you a bottle of Pain Paint. It is a powerful pain killer and will cure all kinds of pain. It is a powerful pain killer and will cure all kinds of pain. It is a powerful pain killer and will cure all kinds of pain.

WANTED:—A first-class cylinder Pressman. State whether union or non-union. Address

Lock Box 743 CHICAGO, ILL.

NEWS OF WISCONSIN

HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST IN THE VARIOUS TOWNS.

RACINE GIRL DECEIVED

Goes to Join Her Aunt in Washington State and Discovers She is in a House of Ill Fame.

Racine.—A warrant at North Yakima, Wash., for the arrest of Grace Johnson, alias Smith, on information furnished by a young Wisconsin girl, who is the woman's niece, charging her with conducting a house of ill fame, has been issued.

Months ago the niece of the Johnson woman began to receive letters from her aunt imploring her to go to North Yakima and join her in the enjoyment of a home of comfort and comparative ease. Finally the young woman, who is an orphan, but who has been earning her own way in the world by proper employment in the homes of respectable people at Racine, yielded to the importunity of the designing aunt, she alleges, and received a ticket from her home to North Yakima. It had been represented to her that she would accompany her aunt to a pretty farm which the aunt would buy and they would live together in this picturesque valley in comfort and ease.

Imagine the young woman's intense surprise when she was introduced into the whirl and revelry and debauchery of a house of ill fame of which her aunt was mistress.

For six weeks the young woman was practically a prisoner within the walls of that place of iniquity, being forbidden to leave it on penalty of arrest and punishment by the courts.

Then she escaped, partially clad in her night dress, and found a policeman, who assisted her to reach a temporary home in a Christian family.

At this juncture the ladies of the Y. W. C. A. became interested in the case, cared for the unfortunate young woman, protected her from her aunt and finally made known to the prosecuting attorney the pitiable nature of the girl's case.

27 COWS, 4 HORSES BURN.

Fire of Unknown Origin Causes Heavy Loss at Stoughton.

Stoughton.—Twenty-seven cows, four horses and several hundred dollars' worth of machinery were burned in a fire which destroyed the barn of Jorgen Strommen in the town of Christiana, three miles southwest of Cambridge, at an early hour. The fire was of unknown origin and is believed to have started about midnight. It was not discovered until after one o'clock. The loss is over \$2,000, covered partly by insurance.

Killed by Gun Accident.

Oscoda.—George H. Manhart, a drayman of Northfield, Minn., is dead with a gun wound in the left breast. In company with his brother-in-law, Dr. William Glord, of Minneapolis, he came here for a short time, staying with Manager Adolph, of the Mineral Spring company, another brother-in-law, to enjoy a few days' hunting. It is supposed that the gun was accidentally discharged while the man was going through the thick underbrush. Manhart was about 52 years old and leaves a widow.

Coal Tar Tank Explodes.

Kenosha.—The explosion of coal tar in a tank car here resulted in Antonio Prognino, an Italian 19 years of age, being badly burned. The man had gone to see how much of the tar had been emptied into it and he dropped a lighted match into the car. In the explosion which followed the Italian was blown 40 feet off the car and people in all parts of the city felt the force of the explosion.

Express Company Admits Big Theft.

Milwaukee.—About \$18,500 in gold and currency was the amount stolen from the United States Express company, according to T. E. McDonald, superintendent. This amount of money was stolen at the night depot office October 24.

Dairymaids Threaten to Strike.

Waupaca.—Dairymaids working out are threatening to strike unless their wages are doubled. They are now getting from \$2 to \$2.50 per day. They also want two afternoons and three evenings off each week.

Shoots a Badger.

Monroe.—A badger, Wisconsin's state mascot, long thought extinct in southern Wisconsin, has been shot here by Leonard Norder, a farmer. The animal weighs 25 pounds.

Eau Claire's Tax Fixed.

Eau Claire.—The city's tax, this year will be approximately \$215,000, and the rate has been estimated at .02355. The rate last year was .0276.

Man of 73 Saves Children at Fire.

Marinette.—Dashing through a sheet of flame at the risk of his life, Charles Windorf, aged 73, saved three children of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Koehler from burning to death at Middle Inlet, Marinette county. Mr. Windorf was badly burned, but is expected to live.

Reduce Price of Meat.

Milwaukee.—A general reduction in the price of meats was announced for the middle west. The reduction will amount to ten per cent.

BEST EVER WRITTEN

PRESCRIPTION WHICH ANYONE CAN EASILY MIX.

Said to Promptly Overcome Kidney and Bladder Afflictions—Shake Simple Ingredients Well in Bottle.

Mix the following by shaking well in a bottle, and take in teaspoonful doses after meals and at bedtime:

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. A prominent physician is the authority that these simple, harmless ingredients can be obtained at nominal cost from any druggist even in the smaller towns.

The mixture is said to cleanse and strengthen the clogged and inactive kidneys, overcoming Backache, Bladder weakness and Urinary trouble of all kinds, if taken before the stage of Bright's disease.

Those who have tried this say it positively overcomes pain in the back, clears the urine of sediment and regulates urination, especially at night, curing even the worst forms of bladder weakness.

Every man or woman here who feels that the kidneys are not strong or acting in a healthy manner should mix this prescription at home and give it a trial, as it is said to do wonders for many persons.

The Scranton (Pa.) Times was first to print this remarkable prescription, in October, of 1906, since when all the leading newspapers of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburg and other cities have made many announcements of it to their readers.

Mansfield's Rebuke.

A group of theatrical men were talking in New York about the late Richard Mansfield.

"Mr. Mansfield," said one, was a delightful humorist, a splendid raconteur in society, but at the same time he had a certain proper and becoming sense of his own dignity, and it never paid to be unduly familiar with him.

"He was, as we all know, rather bald. He resented, from barbers, or friends, any allusion to his baldness.

"Well, one night at a party, a man came up behind this great artist, staggered him with a violent slap on the back, and exclaimed in a loud, jovial, familiar voice:

"Hello, Dick. How are you? Every time I see you, you get balder and balder."

Mansfield drew himself up. He sneered at the other.

"Hello," he said. "I don't know who you are, but every time I see you you get ruder and ruder."

Slight Misunderstanding.

They had been engaged just seventeen minutes by the clock, yet for the last three-seventeenth of that period there had been a proud, scornful look upon her fair face that was calculated to wither the orange blossoms.

"I can't imagine, dear," he said, sadly, "what has come over you so suddenly. I simply asked if you were romantic, when—"

"Oh, George, forgive me!" she exclaimed, with a convulsive sob, as she threw her arms about his neck. "I thought you asked me if I was rheumatic."

No Decoration Required.

It was Mr. Hobart's first experience with waffles, and he liked the taste of them. When he had been served twice, he called the waiter to him and spoke confidentially.

"I'm from Pokeville," he said, "and we're plain folks there; don't care much for style, but we know good food when we get it. I want another plateful of those cakes, but you tell the cook she needn't stop to put that fancy printing on 'em; just send 'em along plain."—Youth's Companion.

HER "BEST FRIEND."

A Woman Thus Speaks of Postum.

We usually consider our best friends those who treat us best.

Some persons think coffee a real friend, but watch it carefully awhile and observe that it is one of the meanest of all enemies for it stabs one while professing friendship.

Coffee contains a poisonous drug—caffeine—which injures the delicate nervous system and frequently sets up disease in one or more organs of the body, if its use is persisted in.

"I had heart palpitation and nervousness for four years and the doctor told me the trouble was caused by coffee. He advised me to leave it off, but I thought I could not," writes a Wis lady.

"On the advice of a friend I tried Postum Food Coffee and it so satisfied me that I did not care for coffee after a few days' trial of Postum.

"As weeks went by and I continued to use Postum my weight increased from 98 to 118 pounds, and the heart trouble left me. I have used it a year now, and am stronger than I ever was. I can hustle up stairs without any heart palpitation, and I am cured of nervousness.

"My children are very fond of Postum and it agrees with them. My sister liked it when she drank it at my house, but not when she made it at her own home. Now she has learned to make it right, boil it according to directions and has become very fond of it. You may use my name if you wish, as I am not ashamed of praising my best friend—Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

TESTED BY TIME.

A Cure That Has Held Good for Four Years.

Mrs. Mary Crumlish of 1130 West Third Street, Wilmington, Del., says:

"Some years ago I began to feel weak and miserable and one day awoke from a nap with a piercing pain in my back that made me scream. For two days I could not move and after that I had backache and dizzy spells all the time. My ankles swelled and I ran down dreadfully. I was nervous and had awful headaches. I wonder that any medicine could do what Doan's Kidney Pills have done for me. They cured me four years ago and I have been well ever since."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

JUST WHAT HE WANTED.

Surely Here Were Musical Tastes Enough to Suit Anybody.

A gentleman of the most cultivated musical tastes, wishing to change his residence, advertised for rooms in a private family "fond of music." The next mail brought him the following reply:

"Dear Sir: I think we could accommodate you with rooms, and as for music one of my daughters plays the parlor organ and guitar; another one plays the accordion and banjo; I play the cornet and fiddle; by wife plays the harmonica and my son the flute. We all sing and if you are good at tenor singing you would fit right in when we get to singing gospel hymns evenings, for none of us sings tenor. Or if you plays the base viol we have one right here in the house. If you want music as well as rooms and board we could accommodate you and there would be no extra charge for it. Lippincott's."

FAMILY'S SKIN TROUBLES.

Eczema, Heat Rash, and Scalp Affections Afflict Different Members, But Cuticura Cures Them.

"My wife had eczema for five or six years. It was on her face and would come and go. We thought we would give the Cuticura Remedies a trial. We did so and she has never had a sign of eczema for four years. I myself used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment some time ago for falling hair. I now have a very heavy head of hair. We used Cuticura Remedies for our baby, who was nearly bald when young. She has very nice hair now. She is very fleshy, and we had so much trouble with heat that we would bathe her with Cuticura Soap and then apply Cuticura Ointment, it would dry the heat up so much quicker than anything else. Mr. H. B. Springmire, 323 So. Capital Street, Iowa City, Ia., July 16, 1905, and Sept. 16, 1906."

Too Many Islands.

Larry—Me friend Casey has made a lot of money awn gone to spend th' summer in th' Thousand islands. He invited me up.

Denny—Faith, phoy don't yez go?

Larry—Bedad, he didn't say which Island awn O might have to hunt over noine hundred and nointy-noine before O found him. By that time me vacation would be over.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out all obligations made by him.

WALDRON, KIRKMAN & MARTIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Much the Same.

His Wife—I see by the paper that at a wedding in Oklahoma last week the man promised to obey instead of the woman. I wonder how the marriage will turn out?

Her Husband—Oh, about like any other marriage, I suppose. He probably didn't mean it any more than a woman does when she says it.—Chicago Daily News.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. H. H.*

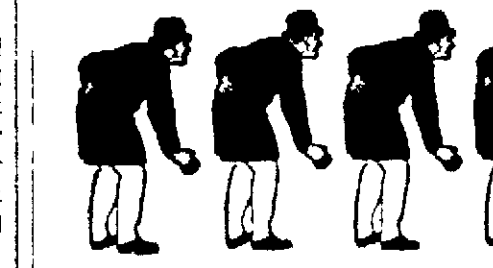
In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A Slight Misapprehension.

"Your party just now is rather in an apocalyptic condition, isn't it?"

"Not at all—not at all. It only wants a leader."



"OUCH, OH MY BACK"

NEURALGIA, STITCHES, LAMENESS, CRAMP TWINGES, TWITCHES FROM WET OR DAMP ALL BRUISES, SPRAINS, A WRENCH OR TWIST THIS SOVEREIGN REMEDY THEY CAN'T RESIST

ST. JACOBS OIL

PRICE 25c AND 50c

WILD TRIBE OF POETS.

Pictureque People That Are Found in the Philippines.

Among the wild tribes to be found in the Philippines are the Bogobos, the most pictureque people in the tropics. Their origin is unknown, and all sorts of opinions have been expressed concerning them. One tale told of them is that their first ancestors were all poets and musicians, and that the dislike for the practical which is always noticeable among them has come down through the generations.

Those that have taught among the Bogobos say that given a song or a poem to learn and they will study and dream over it for hours, but give the Bogobo a problem in arithmetic and he immediately becomes ill and wants to go home.

Living at Santa Cruz, in the Davao district, is Miss Benedict, a Chicago university woman, who is collecting everything peculiar to the Bogobo.

It has been found that the bead-work done by them is quite like that of the American Indian, but there is no other likeness in the races beyond that.

She Did Not Fear Death.

An old lady on her seventy-third birthday once said, "I do not mind getting old, and I do not fear death, but I live in constant fear of paralysis."

"For some time I have been wanting to tell you of the great good your wonderful Sloan's Liniment is doing here," writes Mr. James F. Abernethy, of Rutherford College, N. C. "In fact, all your remedies are doing noble work, but your Liniment beats all. In my eight years' experience with medicine I find none to go ahead of it, having tried it in very many cases. I know of one young man, a brick-mason, who suffered from a partial, yes, almost complete, paralysis of one arm. I got him to use your Liniment, and now he can do as much work as ever, and he sings your praise every day. I get all to use it I possibly can and know there is great virtue in it. I have helped the sale of your noble remedies about here greatly, and expect to cause many more to buy them, as I know they can't be beat."

So Impolite.

"Oh!" gasped Caesar, as he felt the thrust of Brutus' dagger. "How rude of you to cut an old friend!"

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c. You pay 10c for cigars not so good. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

It's difficult to generate Philosophy on an empty stomach.

KIDNEY TROUBLES

The kidneys are essential organs for keeping the body free from impurities. If they should fail to work death would ensue in very short time. Inflammation or irritation caused by some feminine derangement may spread to some extent to the kidneys and affect them. The cause can be so far removed by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that the trouble will disappear.

When a woman is troubled with pain or weight in loins, backache, swelling of the limbs or feet, swelling under the eyes, an uneasy, tired feeling in the region of the kidneys, she should lose no time in commencing treatment with

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

It may be the means of saving her life. Read what this medicine did for Kate A. Hearn, 520 West 47th Street, New York, who writes—

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—"I owe a debt of gratitude to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for it has saved my life. I suffered with kidney trouble, irregularities and painful periods, and my blood was fast turning to water. I used your medicine for some time and it has made me strong and well."

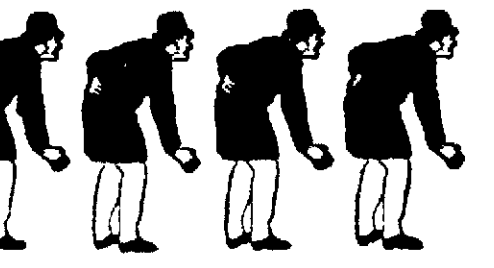
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made from native roots and herbs cures Female Complaints, such as Falling and Displacements, and Organic Diseases. Dissolves and expels Tumors at an early stage. It strengthens and tones the Stomach. Cures Headache, General Debility and invigorates the whole system. For derangement of the kidneys in either sex Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is excellent.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women

Women suffering from any form of female illness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice. It is free.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD
15c SHOE FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY AT ALL PRICES.
\$25,000 (To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas does not make a shoe more than \$3.50 a shoe) Reward (on any other shoe)
THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled. If you take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.
My \$4.00 and \$5.00 Gilt Edge Shoes are the equals of any price. My \$4.00 and \$5.00 Gilt Edge Shoes are the equals of any price. My \$4.00 and \$5.00 Gilt Edge Shoes are the equals of any price.
CAUTION: The genuine W. L. Douglas shoes are made and price stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.



Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna

Cleanses the System Effectually. Disperses Colds and Headaches due to Constipation. Acts naturally, acts truly as a Laxative.

Best for Men, Women and Children—Young and Old.

To get its Beneficial Effects Always buy the Genuine which has the full name of the Company

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

by whom it is manufactured, printed on the front of every package.

SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. One size only, regular price 50¢ per bottle.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

W. D. Wood

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

20 Mule Team BORAX

will cleanse every article in your laundry, kitchen or dining room. All dealers, Sample, Booklet and "Purloin Game" "Whiz," 10c.

PACIFIC COAST BORAX CO., Chicago, Ill.

\$30 AN HOUR

Has Been Taken In With Our MERRY GO ROUNDS

We also manufacture Bazooka Dazzlers, Strikers, etc. BIRCHMILL-SPILLMAN CO., General Amusement Outfitters, Dept. M. NORTH BOWLING, N. Y.

PATENTS

Walter T. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice Free. Terms low. Highest success.

A. N. K.—A (1907—45) 2203.



MISS KATE A. HEARN

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It may be the means of saving her life. Read what this medicine did for Kate A. Hearn, 520 West 47th Street, New York, who writes—

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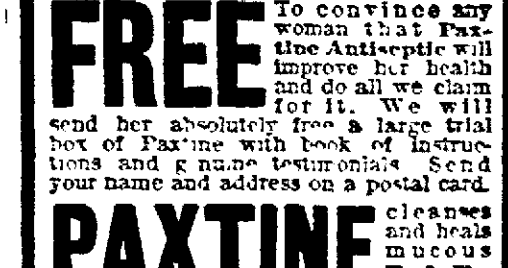
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ST. JACOBS OIL

PRICE 25c AND 50c

PATENTS and **TRADE MARKS** obtained and registered by ALEX. LEITCH & SONS, 1111 F STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C. Book of information sent FREE.

Historic Canonchet, "House of Tragedy," Will No Longer Be Home of Spragues

FOR SALE. — A HIGHLY IMPROVED estate at Narragansett Pier, R. I., consisting of 10 acres of land, with a beautifully furnished mansion, upon which and the stable greenhouses and other buildings about \$100,000 have been expended. This property is historically known as "Canonchet," the ancestral home of the Sprague family, which Kate Chase Sprague (daughter of Salmon P. Chase) built about 35 years ago at the cost of \$100,000.

So runs the circular—the house of tragedy goes under the hammer! Who wants to buy it? You may have it, with the story of the loves and hates of men and women of a half century ago. With its memories of other days; of duels and divorces; of elopements, suicides, scandals and law suits without number.

Here Roscoe Conkling was once an honored guest; and here law, diplomacy and political strategy were made and unmade. Blaine, Garfield, Beecher, Tilden, Ben Butler, Greeley, Dana, Grant were all honored guests here. Its rooms and halls are redolent with memory to-day as they were three decades ago.

Who wants to buy? Name your price. Canonchet, once the handsomest estate on the Atlantic coast, is for sale to the highest bidder. It is on the market because a girl chose to defy her parents—Inez Sprague has eloped with the son of her grandfather's bitterest enemy.

As last of the direct line of the Spragues, she was to have inherited this baronial estate, worth at least \$1,000,000 to-day. But she broke her engagement with J. Harold Winpenny, of Philadelphia, stayed in seclusion a year and then eloped with Harry Williams Stiness, son of Judge Stiness, associate justice of the supreme court of Rhode Island.

Can Never Forgive Her. "He did his utmost to accomplish my financial ruin," declared William Sprague, who was governor of Rhode Island when the north and south decided to discuss their differences at the cannon's mouth. "I can never forgive her."

The governor and Mrs. Sprague, his second wife, retired to Canonchet to make their plans. In order to gain time they said not a word when it was asserted that they had forgiven the eloping bride and that she and the bridegroom would be welcomed there, and that eventually she would inherit the house of tragedy, the home of a thousand memories of bygone days.

But their silence did not mean consent. For when all their plans had been formulated, Gov. and Mrs. Sprague instructed their lawyer, Henry Wellington Vack, of New York, to arrange for the sale of the historic estate, just as it now stands. A great inheritance has been forfeited because a young girl saw fit to make a shopping trip to Providence and then suddenly make up her mind to get married.

Fall back 44 years and march along with the events of the time, a time when Lincoln had that able and am-



plions man, Salmon P. Chase, in his cabinet as secretary of the treasury; a time when Kate Chase dominated Washington society and influenced her father's eminent associates by the force of her beauty and the spirited leadership of her will. Then and there William Sprague, a young fellow from Rhode Island, a civil war governor and later its United States senator—brave, handsome, clever, entered upon a career which makes fiction seem tame and tragedy commonplace. Kate Chase is dead—she died in the

episode, which culminated in Conkling's flight from the governor's gun by way of a window and a barred and bolted boudoir door.

Sprague's Business Downfall. It was in 1873 that the political and social forces at work to ruin Senator Sprague succeeded in accomplishing their design. It soon became evident that the fate of the A. and W. Sprague concerns, estimated to be worth \$60,000,000, would be destruction. The Spragues had been ambushed. When the concerns failed in 1873, with more than \$30,000,000 in actual assets and less than \$11,000,000 of indebtedness, the state of Rhode Island was almost prostrated. Z. Chaffee was appointed trustee of the estate. The courts wrestled with it for more than 20 years, and enterprises which once involved all of Rhode Island were laid waste.

Domestic discord and estrangement now intervened to madden the principals in this drama. The three daughters of Gov. Sprague and Kate Chase were being educated abroad. "Willie" Sprague, as he was called, the only son, a strange composite of genius and impulsive youth, was still at home.

Robert Thompson had been appointed trustee for the personal estate of



his mother. On November 6, 1883 Willie was arrested for shooting at Thompson as he attempted to visit Canonchet. The boy was largely given to impulse all his life. A court inquiry resulted in his discharge.

Separated by Divorce. Meantime, Kate Chase brought her sensational suit for divorce. Gov. Sprague filed counter charges. Society glugged itself with gossip of the case. A compromise was finally effected by which both these charges were withdrawn and a charge of cruelty interposed. On May 27, 1882, Kate Chase-Sprague got the decree divorcing her and giving her the right to resume her maiden name and the custody of the three daughters, Ethel, Portia and Kitty.

On March 8, 1883, the governor married his present wife. She was Dora Inez Weed, of Virginia. She was then 25 and Gov. Sprague 53. They immediately went to Canonchet, where Mrs. Sprague has since reigned as its chateau.

For a while this romance seemed to work revival of the governor's olden power. The Independent state convention nominated him for governor on March 14, 1883, a few days after he had come north with his bride. On March 21, the Democrats also nominated him, and it looked as if the little war governor would retrieve his former place.

Soon after the governor married his present wife, his son, Willie, married her sister, Avie Weed, of Wilmington, Del. The governor then became his son's brother-in-law, and Willie's wife was at the same time his sister-in-law and his daughter-in-law, and the governor's wife was Willie's sister-in-law and stepmother. Meantime, Kate Chase had retired to Washington with her three daughters.

There was a hot campaign. But the old-time war governor was not rejected. It almost broke his heart—the governor of Rhode Island in the civil war, leader of her troops, United States senator for two terms, defeated.

Unfortunate Willie Sprague. After a few silent and pathetic years down there by the sea, the household of Sprague was again disrupted. Willie Sprague had again come under the influence of his mother. He became a reporter on a Washington paper, then shifted to a similar position in New York. A beautiful girl was born to his wife—Inez Sprague—and the present Mrs. Sprague became at once an aunt and a grandmother.

Willie's wife procured a divorce from him and married Gerrit S. Wheaton, a welcome guest at Canonchet for three years. Wheaton was a millionaire; Willie Sprague was an erratic genius, at times exceptionally brilliant, always impulsive, loving and affectionate.

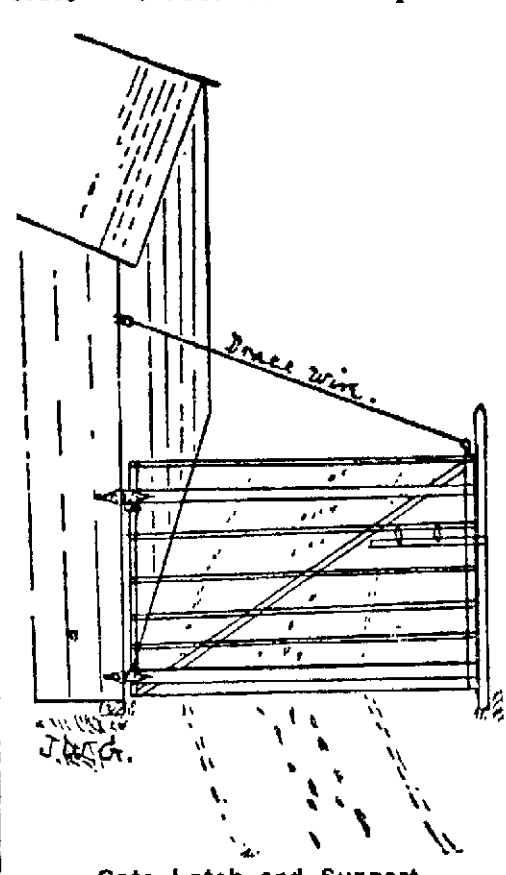
Canonchet was having its house parties and the halls were as low with oriental splendor. The Florentine fountain of the dining-room was trick-



GATE LATCH AND SUPPORT.

One Which Can Be Easily and Cheaply Constructed by the Farmer.

This latch and support may be attached to any style of gate. The latch swings on two wires and the end slips into notch cut in the post. The brace wire runs from the top of the



Gate Latch and Support.

gate as shown in cut to the buildings, or a tall post may be used instead if the gate is in a fence away from any buildings. The higher the brace wire, says Farmers' Review, is on the building or post the less strain there will be on it.

TAKING CARE OF HARNESS.

Do Not Let It Get Dirty and Dry as It Will Be Sure to Break.

"There is nothing like leather." But there is nothing like knowing how to keep your leather goods in fine condition, too. Leather is composed of a mass of fine tendrils, intimately interlocked and entwined. When in good, pliable condition, each tendril is capable of much stretching.

If allowed to become dry and hard, when the leather is subjected to a severe pull, the tendrils break instead of stretching. But this does not mean that leather boots or harness should be kept soaked with oil or dressing. Elbow grease applied in quantity is better.

"All dressings should be applied sparingly," is the sound advice of a saddlery concern. Black oil should always be used on black harness and not neatsfoot oil, as the latter will draw out the black dye and leave the harness brown. The black harness fats now on the market make excellent farm harness dressing. They contain the "nourishment" necessary for keeping the harness in good order.

But first, all dirt should be washed off with lukewarm water and ordinary soap. The black fat should then be applied with a cloth, given a short time to penetrate the leather and then rubbed dry with another cloth.

Some make the mistake of oiling without unbuckling the harness. The parts that need nourishment most are under the buckles where the metal causes hardness and brittleness. If people would vary the holes of the harness occasionally it would last much longer.

An objection to neatsfoot oil is that it inclines to wash off the beeswax from the stitches, leaving the bare thread, which then soon breaks.

LOW DOWN WAGONS.

One Farmer Who Finds Them Just the Thing for the Farmer.

I would not be without my low down farm wagon for three times its cost, writes a correspondent of Orange Judd Farmer. I am using mine nearly every day, hauling feed of all kinds for cattle. They are handy about loading, handy in turning, as you can turn much shorter than can be done with a standard wagon.

I have a steel wheel, wood axle and coupling. This combination makes a wagon that should last for 15 or 20 years. Of course, a low wheel wagon is not the thing for heavy hauling on bad roads. They are intended for farm purposes only.

I would advise anyone on the farm to buy a low wagon with 4-inch tires and 3 1/2-inch skids. Mine is a 3 1/2-inch skid, but that is too heavy. This kind of wagon will not cut up the field. The draft is bound to be heavier with a standard wagon.

Hogs in Confinement.

Where hogs are kept in confinement it is noticed that they crave foods like charcoal, ashes, rotten wood, etc. It would seem as though such foods were of little value, for when analyzed they show but slight quantities of nutrition. Yet these foods are found to be excellent correctives for the hog's system, especially where large quantities of corn are fed.

In judging the value of land for farm purposes, which judgment would you rather take—that of an old farmer, or an agricultural chemist?

QUALITY OF MANURE.

It is Greatly Affected by the Manner in Which It is Handled.

One important factor is the care given the manure before it is applied to the land. The common way of throwing the manure out in a pile to be tramped in the mud by the stock and leached away by the rains is productive of great loss of plant food. Besides, the fermentation in such a pile is destructive of nitrogen and humus. The Cornell station showed that horse manure thrown in an unsheltered pile lost in six summer months 42 per cent. of its fertilizing elements. The New Jersey station showed that solid and liquid manure mixed lost by exposure in 109 days 51 per cent. of its nitrogen and phosphoric acid each and 61 per cent. of its potash. Such care is certainly wasteful and manure kept under such conditions cannot give very large increased yields. At the same time as the above experiment the Cornell station piled some mixed manure so that fermentation went on slowly, but the pile was not sheltered from rain. Under such condition the loss of constituents was 9.2 per cent. Another pile handled so that it dried without fermentation lost practically nothing. Prof. Frear of the Pennsylvania station showed that it was more economical by \$2.50 per head in a period of six months to allow the manure from fattening steers to accumulate under them for two months at a time than it was to clean the stables daily and deposit in the ordinary way. This saving does not consider the labor involved in hauling the manure. The practice of allowing the manure to accumulate for a time is a practicable one for loose stock if there be plenty of bedding to keep them clean and absorb the liquids. The constant tramping keeps the manure solid and fermentation goes on slowly. However, when the stock is taken off, the stable should be cleaned at once and the manure scattered, for there is soon a big loss of nitrogen in the form of ammonia.

The ideal way of handling manure is to remove it to the field every day and spread on the land, says the Farmers' Review. In this way there is little loss by fermentation and what substance is leached out by rain is washed into the soil where it is taken up by the roots, or is chemically combined with other minerals in the soil. For this purpose there is no better way than the using of a manure spreader. It will hold usually all the cleanings for a day and in some cases the cleanings of two or three days may be thrown into the spreader and then hauled out. Farmers everywhere have found the spreader an almost indispensable tool.

However, it is not always convenient to haul out and spread every day. The ground is frequently too soft to go on with a team and wagon, and often the field on which it is wished to apply the manure is occupied by a crop. Under such conditions it becomes necessary to store the manure for some time. Few farmers will go to the expense of building a covered manure pit with cement sides and bottom into which the liquid and solid manure may be kept solid and damp, but every one could have a concave area with cement, or stiff clay, bottom, from which drainage would not take place. Into this the manure could be thrown in a rather deep pile, kept evenly spread, and packed down by the tramping of loose animals or otherwise. The tramping would prevent rapid fermentation and the rains would keep the pile sufficiently moist. It should be said in this connection that an effort should be made to save all the liquids by a liberal use of bedding. The liquids, weight for weight, are twice as valuable as the solids. Whatever method is resorted to for storing, the manure should be kept solid and damp and should be hauled to the field and scattered as soon as possible. It should be scattered at once and not be allowed to lie in piles for a week or even months. It should be spread evenly over the ground and here again the spreader will come into good use.

METHOD OF SHELLING CORN.

Simple Device Which Will Do Rapid and Thorough Work.

Where one does not have a regular sheller the best method of shelling corn that I have seen is to drive the edge of a fence plank full of nails, letting the heads extend out one-half or three-fourths of an inch. The plank



Way Sheller is Made.

can be laid across a tub or box and used as a seat, says Prairie Farmer, and the corn be shelled very rapidly by rubbing across it.

RURAL JOTTINGS.

Every question that is pertinent to one man is most likely impertinent to another.

With prices for nitrogen going up the thing to do is to put down more seed of clover and peas.

The more crooked people are in their dealings with you, the straighter you should try to be. If nothing else pays the contrast will.

A farmer writes us that they got in their hay on the eight-hour system—that is, eight hours before dinner and eight hours after.

No human power can help a farmer who, at this season has no vegetable except potatoes. We can pick any of 15 things from the garden at any time. What do people live in this country for?